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English Model.
One of the handsomest and most comfortable shoes for street wear. Tan or Black Kibo Kid, hand-sewed welt, wide edge and medium weight sole.

Patent Kid.
New and beautiful leather. The latest thing for dressy costumes.

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The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LIX.—NO. 164. WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1900—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ROGERS RESIGNS AS PRESIDENT.

Head of Northwestern University Suddenly Offers Withdrawal and Trustees Accept.

DIFFER AS TO THE CAUSE.

His Failure to Raise Funds Fast Enough to Keep Pace with a Rival Institution a Factor.

OPPOSITION OF LONG GROWTH

His Friends Declare a Clique in the Board Has Stood in the Way of His Making a Success.

QUITS HIS POST ON JULY 15.

Dr. Henry Wade Rogers formally resigned the Presidency of Northwestern University yesterday afternoon at the fiftieth annual meeting of the Board of Trustees. The resignation, to take effect on July 15, was accepted unanimously. It came as a surprise to all except the members of the board. Even they did not think it would come at that meeting, but President Rogers' friends, finding one of his opponents was ready with a resolution asking such action, induced him to resign rather than cause an unpleasant crisis. The reason given, by some trustees and by Dr. Rogers, is that a certain clique in the board has been dissatisfied with his work in trying to push the institution ahead, and that he could not carry out his plans without their aid, thus making his resignation a necessity for the well-being of the university.

The morning meeting of the board was exceptionally quiet, but at noon the cloud burst. A meeting was hurriedly called of the friends of Dr. Rogers, and it was announced that unless something were done in the afternoon trouble would ensue. William Deering, President of the board and the most stanch supporter of Dr. Rogers, then asked for a letter of resignation.

Dr. Rogers did not hesitate in yielding to this request and scribbled out a note. It was hastily written with a lead pencil and with several interlineations. The afternoon meeting of the board was expected to be a long one, but it had no sooner convened than William Deering asked that Judge Oliver H. Horton take the chair in his place.

Letter of Resignation.

Then gaining the floor, Mr. Deering read the note, which was as follows:

"Mr. William Deering, President of the Board of Trustees—Dear Sir: I hereby tender my resignation as President of Northwestern University. This position I have now held for a period of ten years, and during that time I have done what I could to promote the efficiency of the university and advance its standing among the educational institutions of the country. All that I had hoped to accomplish has not been attained, but I have the satisfaction of knowing that it is in excellent condition. The time has now come when, in my judgment, it is best for me to retire. I therefore ask that my resignation be accepted, to take effect July 15. In the termination of my official relations I desire to express my grateful appreciation of the kindness you have always shown me in all of our personal and official relations. It is impossible that I should not continue to feel an interest in the university. I certainly hope that its future growth and prosperity will be all that can be desired. Yours respectfully,

"HENRY WADE ROGERS."

Vote Him a Year's Added Salary.

Mr. Deering had just finished reading the note when one of the friends of Dr. Rogers moved that the resignation be accepted, that a committee of three be appointed to draw up fitting resolutions of regret, and that the treasurer of the institution be instructed to give Dr. Rogers additional salary for one year, amounting to $5,000. The motion passed by unanimous vote and without amendment.

According to one of the trustees the matter would have come to a focus four years ago had it not been for the stanch friendship between Dr. Rogers and William Deering. Many of the trustees have been restive under Dr. Rogers' administration ever since he assumed the Presidency, but William Deering, acting as his sponsor and vouching for his success, has prevented any outbreak.

His Anti-Expansion Views a Factor.

The fact that Dr. Rogers was identified with the anti-expansion movement in Chicago in its beginning took from him many of his best supporters. His speech at the Central Music Hall meeting of that movement, according to a trustee, was regarded by the board as a mistake, but delayed the crisis for a year, as the board was loath to take action at a time when it might be laid to political antagonisms. It was discussed at that time in informal meetings, and Dr. Rogers' opponents agreed to lay the matter over for another year.

Dr. Rogers several months ago was made acquainted with the intention of his opponents in the board, but decided to do nothing until forced to act. In the meantime his friends took advantage of the twentieth century movement among the Methodists of the country, and he was given a chance to endow a large endowment for the university. A call was issued asking for $3,000,000, and, in the words of one of the board members: "Had he raised that sum there would have been no trouble. I guess one or two would have tided matters over."

Find Cause in a Rival's Growth.

Even the trustees deny that either lack of ability to gather money or political affiliations caused the trouble. These say openly that Dr. Rogers has not been the success as a leader that such a university demands. The University of Chicago, however, and the success of its President is there to stay, is regarded by Dr. Rogers' friends as the real root of the opposition. Dr. Rogers does not take this view of the case, but lays the trouble to a clique in the board which has prevented him, he says, from carrying any definite plans.

"There were things I wanted to accomplish

Continued on fifth page.

SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

CHINA.

Soldiers of the Empress' favorite bodyguard murdered Chancellor of Japanese Legation; Catholic convent at Pao-Tung-Fu surrounded by 3,000 Boxers.

Professor Starr told his class at University of Chicago Empress Dowager is justified in her attitude towards Christian missionaries.

Sixteen British marines fought and chased 2,000 Boxers, killing twenty or thirty, near Lofa, on the way to Peking.

Missionary interests urging President to send expeditions to secure safety of missions.

American Consul at Chin Klang asked that a cruiser be sent there.

EDUCATION.

Dr. Rogers resigned Presidency of Northwestern University because a clique in Board of Trustees had prevented him from carrying out his plans. He will leave on July 15.

Delegates from nearly 200 German societies met to arrange for protest against restricting study of German in public schools.

President Harris will recommend several changes in heads of departments in schools.

Commencement exercises at many colleges.

LOCAL LABOR.

Conference of union delegates with contractors passed harmoniously over all but one of the points at issue. This, the withdrawal of unions from the Building Trades council, will be discussed today.

Refusal of demands for eight-hour day, employment of union men only, and advance in wages from $2.50 to $3 caused strike of 200 linemen of Edison and Commonwealth Electric companies.

Bricklayers employed on city work struck against a non-union contractor; 350 out.

Manufacturers refused to increase wages of woodworkers and 3,000 may strike.

POLITICS.

Mayor Harrison told Chairmen Jones and Johnson Illinois could be carried by Democrats this year on right kind of platform. His idea understood to be to subordinate "16 to 1" to anti-imperialism, anti-trusts, and sympathy for Boers.

Elmore W. Hurst will be temporary chairman of Illinois Democratic convention. Platform will make no reference to 16 to 1 but will instruct for Bryan.

Republican National committee will discuss plan to base representation in convention upon vote cast. Hanna opposes idea.

Wisconsin Democratic convention instructed for Bryan. Fight against Wall postponed.

Lorimer will try to get Illinois delegates to support Dolliver for Vice Presidency.

LOCAL.

South Side Property-Owners' association had work on Twenty-sixth street curbing stopped on ground that stone used is poor.

Speakers at national conference of Jewish charities said lack of employment is principal cause of distress among working classes.

Fredricks, porter of burned Hotel Helene, arrested in New York on charge of having a guilty knowledge of the fire.

Partial loss of sight will force Edwin Arden to leave the stage and go to Europe to consult a specialist.

Fourteen persons hurt in collapse of seats at a circus at Fifty-fifth and Kimbark avenue.

Gypsies who refused to answer census questions were held to federal grand jury.

Real Estate board will consider today whether to sue to prevent bond increase.

Judge Tuthill enjoined city from collecting advance interest on special assessments.

Mayor will act on complaints that dog-catchers are taking tied animals.

Cable loop for all lines to run under elevated loop is suggested.

Suit begun to enjoin issuance of a license to Edelweiss Garden.

Tons of clothing are being sent to India from Chicago.

Poolrooms still do a thriving business.

Captain Streeter was held for trial.

West Park board approved slate.

Moon in partial eclipse.

ARMY AND NAVY.

Court of Claims decided New York was technically in the battle of Santiago and Sampson is entitled to prize money as commander of fleet.

Grant captured a Filipino stronghold.

DOMESTIC.

Governor Roosevelt said moral guilt of Tammany officials in ice trust has been proven, but technical guilt is in question.

New York Councilmen charged with improper motives in opposing bonds for school improvements.

New York elevated railroad will use electric power, beginning next February.

Cars ran in St. Louis on regular schedule time until midnight. Less disorder.

Two electric railway companies asked for right of way in Lake County.

Senator Beveridge's wife is seriously ill.

BOER-BRITISH WAR.

British government decided to govern the Boer republics as crown colonies, with Milner as High Commissioner. Part of the Transvaal may be annexed to Natal.

Hunter's troops defeated Boers on line of communication and reached Honingspruit.

FOREIGN.

French Deputy in Chamber protested against exhibition of American locomotives in French railways exhibit at exposition.

German naval bill passed third reading 201 to 103, minority being Radicals and Socialists.

Italian Ministry threatens to rule by decree if Leftists continue to obstruct legislation.

Lady Randolph Churchill will be married to George Cornwallis West next month.

Dacoits entered Deccan, India, killed police and villagers, and plundered town.

Hundreds of soldiers at Aldershot maneuvers overcome by heat; four died.

General Gomes says government of Cuba is careless and extravagant.

German society formed to secure more liberal commercial treaties.

Ashantis defeated British relief force on its way to Kumassi.

Cambridge granted Ambassador Choate an LL. D. degree.

WASHINGTON.

Secretary Gage said he would withdraw funds from national depositories until he has $25,000,000 for bond redemptions, and his action is a sign that the money stringency has disappeared. He expects half the war taxes will be repealed.

Reciprocity with Portugal announced.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Special committee named by railroad Presidents at New York meeting probably will report on June 19 a division of traffic plan.

Heavy rains retard cultivation in Central and gulf States, while drought prevails in Northwest and the middle Atlantic States.

Gold shipments to Europe tomorrow will be between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000, considerably larger than at first expected.

SPORTING.

White Stockings won sixth successive game, defeating Detroit, 6 to 5. Milwaukee, 6; Indianapolis, 2; Buffalo, 4; Minneapolis, 0; Cleveland, 9; Kansas City, 6.

Chicago's hits were scattered; New York won, 4 to 0. Philadelphia, 8; St. Louis, 5; Brooklyn, 5; Cincinnati, 4; Boston, 3; Pittsburg, 1.

McGovern defeated White in third round.

University of Chicago, 4; Minnesota, 1.

Dixon and Yanger fought a draw.

LABOR TROUBLES NEARING FOCUS.

Day of Activity in Union Circles Brings Confidence of Settling Big Strike, but Begins Others.

CONFERENCE IN SESSION.

Linemen of Electric Light Companies and Bricklayers for City Quit and Woodworkers May Go Out.

ORGANIZER GRADY BEATEN.

NEWS OF THE DAY IN LABOR.

Delegates from twenty-four unions affiliated with the Building Trades council met in conference with a committee representing Building Contractors' council, and after hearing an explanation of the principles of the employers' organization and discussing the same adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon without taking any action.

Two hundred union linemen employed by the Edison and Commonwealth Electric companies went on strike as a result of the refusal of the companies to sign an agreement providing for the employment of none but union men and an increase from $2.50 to $3 a day.

Manufacturers' Woodworkers' association refused the demand of the Amalgamated Woodworkers' council for a 10 per cent increase over the present scale of wages, expiring July 1, and a strike affecting 3,000 woodworkers in Chicago is said to be imminent.

All bricklayers employed in municipal work were called out. Three hundred and fifty on strike.

Difference in Bricklayers' union cause beating of Michael R. Grady, Western organizer of Internationals' union.

The prospect for a cessation of hostilities between the contractors and the building trades unions was made brighter yesterday afternoon by a joint conference, which took place at the Masons and Builders' Exchange. For the first time since the labor trouble began twenty weeks ago representatives of both sides of the controversy were brought together in the interests of harmony, and to the great satisfaction of all no note of discord marred the proceedings.

Representatives of twenty-four unions affiliated with the Building Trades council participated in the conference, each union being represented by two delegates. The Building Contractors' council was represented by a committee composed of members of each employers' association affiliated with that organization. The union men were present to listen and to ask questions, and, when necessary, to state the position of union labor on the question before the conference. The contractors were present for the sole purpose of making themselves clearly understood.

All but One Point Discussed.

All the afternoon was taken up with the conference, and at 8 o'clock in the evening it was decided to adjourn until 2 o'clock this afternoon. The adjournment came after a discussion of all the principles enunciated by the Building Contractors' council, except the last one, which provides for the withdrawal of the unions from the Building Trades council. On this point hangs the question of a settlement of the whole trouble, the other principles having been passed without any serious or protracted discussion.

It was apparent that both sides were pleased by the turn given to the situation through the conference. As the delegates left the hall and on the friendliest terms with the contractors. One of the delegates predicted that a settlement would be reached which would not involve the dissolution of the Building Trades council.

List of Unions Represented.

The unions represented by delegates were as follows:

Bricklayers	and Stonemasons.
Amalgamated	Carpenters and Joiners.
United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners (five unions).	
Slate and Tile	Roofers.
Journeymen	Plumbers.
German Hod	Carriers.
Journeymen	Lathers.
Gravel Roofers.	
Gasfitters.	
Hoisting Engineers.	
Steamfitters.	
Stone Derrick	Workers.
Steamfitters'	Helpers.
Architectural	Ironworkers.
Bridge and Structural Ironworkers.	
Stonecawyers and Bedrubbers.	
Mosaic Workers.	
Marble and Glass Setters.	
Mosaic and Encaustic Tilesetter Helpers.	

W. D. O'Brien Presides.

The presiding officer of the conference was W. D. O'Brien, President of the Building Contractors' council, E. M. Craig being secretary. Alfred W. Camp of the Bricklayers' union was chosen secretary for the delegates. Each side was provided with a stenographer, the object being to guard against future charges of misstatements. In addition to President O'Brien and Secretary Craig the following contractors were present:

W. F. Behel,	Victor Falkenau,
A. W. Bonner,	C. W. Gindele,
F. P. Bagley,	A. E. Wells,
M. J. Corboy.	W. H. Winslow.

The stonecutters' union was without representation, governed by the terms of the invitation extended by the contractors, which stipulated that no officers or representatives to the Building Trades council should be appointed as delegates to the conference. Joseph Sullivan, President of the stonecutters, presented credentials for himself and Charles Larson and was admitted by the doorkeeper, but, on being recognized by W. F. Behel, chairman of the Executive committee, was refused a seat in the conference.

Contractors' Principles Printed.

There was a clear understanding as to the object of the conference by the union delegates. Each delegate was handed a printed circular, which contained an explanation of the principles adopted by the Building Contractors' council on April 24. The successive clauses of the circular were then read by the secretary and discussed in turn by the contractors and delegates. The discussion was kept strictly to the circular, Chairman O'Brien calling one of the contractors to order for indulging in personalities.

To the surprise of the contractors, there was little objection offered by the delegates

(Continued on second page.)

TIERS OF SEATS FALL AT CIRCUS, INJURING FOURTEEN SPECTATORS.

Collapse Comes Just as the Davis Show Starts Evening Performance at Fifty-fifth and Kimbark—Mrs. Mary Russell Is Seriously Hurt in the Wreck.

The reserved seat section in the Ed F. Davis circus at Fifty-fifth street and Kimbark avenue fell last night during the performance and fourteen persons were injured. Only one was hurt seriously, the other injuries being confined to scratches and bruises. Mrs. Mary Russell, 5723 Ingleside avenue, fell from the top tier. Her spine was so injured that she could not move, and had to be carried to an ambulance and taken home. Many women and children fainted from fright and were trampled under foot by the crowd rushing to escape from the tent.

The Injured.

Berger, Miss Grace, 914 Maplewood avenue, fainted, bruised.
Classen, Mrs. Mamie, Hotel Jackson, fainted, face scratched.
Cooper, Mrs. Henrietta, 5446 Monroe avenue, hip injured.
Cooper, Miss Nettie, 20 years old, 5446 Monroe avenue, fainted, forehead cut.
Cooper, John, 8 years old, 5446 Monroe avenue, right foot injured.
Healy, Miss Irene, 181 East Fifty-fifth street, fainted, bruised.
Hull, A. E., 191 Oakwood boulevard, right knee injured.
Knorr, Edward, 4958 Washington avenue, left elbow sprained.
Lockhardt, Carl, 5337 Madison avenue, left foot injured.
McLain, Elliott, 3 years old, 383 East Fifty-fifth street, back sprained.
Moltrun, Nicholas, 1257 Sixty-seventh street, left knee cut.
Purcell, M. J., 5556 Jefferson avenue, right leg twisted.
Russell, Mrs. Mary, 5723 Ingleside avenue, back sprained; taken home by the police.
Ryan, William, 196 East Fifty-fifth street, severely bruised.

The reserved seat section had a capacity of 200 and those who sat on the collapsed side declare that people were crowded on it until it fell from the weight. This is denied by representatives of Davis.

Story of the Accident.

The tent was packed when the hour for opening arrived, at 8 o'clock. The band scarcely finished the overture when people sitting in the east reserved portion felt the structure sway and tremble under them. A woman shrieked, and then the whole section collapsed. In an instant there was confusion. Women fainted, some men turned pale, while others hurried across the ring to assist in carrying out the victims from the wreck. An alarm was sent to the Hyde Park Police Station, and two wagons and an ambulance were quickly on the scene.

The band had stopped abruptly, but as the wreckage was removed and it was known no lives were lost the bandmaster gave the signal and the musicians struck up a lively air. Quick work by the canvasmen and the police cleared the space occupied formerly by the reserved portion.

A futile effort was made to continue the performance, but the crowd would have none of it. Finally, the main lights were turned out, and the work of tearing down the tents begun. By this time a mob of boys and men surrounded the tent, demanding their money back, and became so threatening that Sergeant Bagnells was compelled to send for more police to control the crowd.

"It is a wonder to me that we weren't all killed," said Mrs. Henrietta Cooper, 5446 Monroe avenue. "The seats were taxed to their fullest capacity, and I think must have been overweighted."

The same circus had a collapse of the reserved section last week in South Chicago. Several persons were hurt at that time.

FIND BODY LYING ON TRACKS.

Police Trying to Solve Mystery in Death of a Well-Dressed Man Whose Identity They Do Not Know.

Lying under the Erie street viaduct on the Northwestern railroad tracks the body of a man, as yet unidentified, was found at midnight last night by Fred Mertz, employed as night yard clerk by the Northwestern company. The police of the West Chicago Avenue Station are trying to learn how the man came to his death. They think he was struck by the 11 o'clock north-bound train.

The body was found on the north-bound track, and was badly mangled. The absence of any article in the pockets which might lead to identification suggested that the man had committed suicide, after disposing of all such articles.

The body was well dressed, but the hands appeared to be those of a man accustomed to hard work. The body was taken to Sigmund's undertaking rooms, 192 West Chicago avenue. The man apparently was 30 years old, and was of light complexion and light hair.

HARD LINES FOR THE HOBOS.

Are Given Cheap Transportation and Offered Work at Journey's End—So They Walk.

The freight train crews on Western railroads are congratulating themselves. They are no longer obliged to battle with the tramps who formerly crowded the cars and made the life of brakemen and conductors miserable. The hobos now shun the freight cars and prefer to walk.

The reason for this strange antipathy on the part of the tramps lies in the fact that the Western roads are offering to carry them westward upon the freight trains for nominal rates. For a time the Weary Willies took advantage of this offer.

Now the tramps shun the cars, for they have found the reason for the generosity of the railroads. They are being shipped to the West because there is a great demand for farm laborers in that part of the country.

MOON IN PARTIAL ECLIPSE.

Earth's Shadow Falls on 1-1,000th Part of Luna's Disc—All Over in Seven Minutes.

Few people in Chicago except astronomers and persistent readers of almanacs knew there was a partial eclipse of the moon last night. Such, however, was the case. The magnitude of the eclipse was one one-thousandth part of the moon's disk and its duration was seven minutes. The moon entered the shadow at 9:24.4 and left it at 9:31.7 p. m., Chicago time. The eclipse had little interest for astronomers, except as a matter of nice computation.

MANY FIREMEN, BUT NO BLAZE.

Six Engines and Two Truck Companies Answer Alarm While Boy Quenches Flame in a Peanut Stand.

Six engine companies, two truck companies, and three Fire Marshals represented the Chicago Fire department at the obsequies of a blaze in a peanut vender's stand, near Clark and Randolph streets last night, and the firemen are still looking for the excited citizen who turned in an alarm while a boy was putting out the fire with a pitcher of water.

CLAIMS ILLINOIS WITH AN "IF."

Harrison Forecasts Democratic Victory Provided Platform Only Is of Right Kind.

CONFERENCE WITH JONES

His Idea Understood to Be Anti-Imperialism and Trusts, with Sympathy for Boers.

BIG CHIEFS TO MEET TODAY.

Mayor Harrison yesterday told Senator James K. Jones, chairman of the National Democratic committee, and J. G. Johnson, chairman of the Executive, Ways and Means, and other subcommittees, that with the right kind of a platform Illinois could be carried this year by the Democrats. Messrs. Jones and Johnson called on him at the City Hall to get an expression as to what he thought of the situation in this State.

So far as could be learned, the Mayor made no special suggestions as to the particular platform which would induce a majority of the Illinois people to vote the ticket that will be nominated at Kansas City next month, but said he rather liked the one adopted by the Democrats of Kansas. It is understood, however, that his idea of a platform for Illinois Democrats is to give such issues as anti-imperialism, anti-trusts, and sympathy for the Boers right of way over everything else and hold down the questions, especially "16 to 1," that were played up four years ago. He believes this policy would bring back into the fold those who bolted in 1896. Chairman Jones, however, has reiterated his former statement that he has no intention of asking Mr. Bryan to drop "16 to 1."

Expect Discussion of Plank.

Among the leading Illinois and Cook County politicians Mayor Harrison's remark about a platform was regarded as conclusive evidence that certain planks to be incorporated in the party manifesto will be discussed at the conference Chairman Jones will have today with Colonel William Jennings Bryan and other big chiefs of the allied Democratic, Populist, and Silver Republican forces. Senator Marion Butler of North Carolina, who, as chairman of their National committee, speaks for the Populists, and Senator R. F. Pettigrew of South Dakota, representing the Silver Republicans, arrived during the day and will participate in the powwow. Ex-Governor William J. Stone of Missouri, Mr. Johnson, and Secretary Walsh also will be there.

The talk was that John P. Altgeld probably would be asked to give his advice, but he said he had not received an invitation. However, Mr. Altgeld, as is well-known, had more to do with the construction of the Chicago platform than any other man who had a hand in making it. He insists that to eliminate "16 to 1" from the plank demanding the free coinage of silver would kill the issue. That the ex-Governor will not figure this year in platform-making and running the convention as prominently as he did four years ago already has been settled. At that time he was Governor and headed the State delegation. This time he will not be a delegate, and consequently can act only in an advisory capacity.

Talk of Convention Chairmen.

Chairman Jones will meet with the Subcommittee on Arrangements for the convention at Kansas City next Friday, when the selection of a temporary chairman will be made. Governor Charles S. Thomas of Colorado seems to be the favorite. It is admitted the choice lies between him, Mayor Rose of Milwaukee, and James T. Richardson of Tennessee. Others whose names have been mentioned are Mayor Harrison of Chicago, John Attwood of Kansas, and Congressman John J. Lentz of Ohio. The probabilities are Governor Thomas will be the temporary and Mr. Richardson the permanent chairman.

The supposition at headquarters is that Mr. Bryan will remain at home during the convention. One of the attachés at headquarters made this prognostication: "Bryan will not say anything until the committee goes to Lincoln to notify him of his nomination, and I would be willing to bet that nine-tenths of the speeches he makes during the campaign will be made at Lincoln."

ENDS HUNT FOR HER HUSBAND.

Mrs. Lucy Ballman Causes His Arrest After Looking for Him for Four Years.

Mrs. Lucy Ballman found her husband, Carl Ballman, yesterday after hunting for him for four years. He was arrested by the police of the Harrison Street Station on a charge of abandonment.

Mrs. Ballman lives in New York. According to her story she was married in 1894 to Ballman, and shortly after that she opened a hotel and restaurant in his name. She told the police that he aided in managing the business, and that he induced her to deposit her money, $10,000, in his name in a bank. She said he disappeared shortly afterward and declared that he took the money with him. Mrs. Ballman told the police that at the same time her husband left her a servant disappeared. The latter had $600 in bank, and an investigation by the New York police showed that this had been withdrawn.

Mrs. Ballman sold the hotel and began a hunt for her husband. She said she heard a few weeks ago that he was in Chicago and she came here on Sunday to find him. She is staying at the Sherman House. Mrs. Ballman found her husband at 254 Division street, where he owns a saloon. She at once obtained a warrant for his arrest. The case will come up in the Harrison street court this morning.

MRS. BEVERIDGE IS WORSE.

Wife of Junior Indiana Senator in a Serious Condition at Dansville, N. Y.

Dansville, N. Y., June 12.—Mrs. Albert J. Beveridge, wife of the Indiana Senator, who has been at a sanitarium here for several months on account of a serious illness, has grown worse within the last few days and is in a critical condition. The Senator is now at her bedside. There is little hope of recovery.

FREDRICKS, PORTER OF BURNED HOTEL HELENE, ARRESTED IN NEW YORK.

Coroner's Jury Held He Had Guilty Knowledge of the Fire Which Destroyed Three Lives and Injured Many Guests on May 16.

Henry Fredricks, for whom the police have been looking ever since the fire which destroyed the Hotel Helene in Fifty-third street in the early morning of May 16 and burned three guests to death, was arrested yesterday in New York City. Chief of Detectives Colleran received a telegram last night that the former porter of the hotel was in custody and immediately wired back that a detective will be sent for him.

Fredricks, at the time of the fire, was the porter of the hotel, and was the first to discover the flames. It is said that instead of arousing the guests he ran from the building and disappeared. This came to the notice of the police and an investigation was started, but the porter could not be found. Circulars bearing his description were printed and sent to the police all over the country.

When Captain Colleran heard of the fugitive's arrest he procured from the Coroner's office a copy of the verdict holding that Fredricks had a guilty knowledge of the fire. This was forwarded to New York. No warrant had been taken out here for Fredricks, and the case had not been brought before the grand jury.

Fredricks will be questioned closely concerning his action in leaving the hotel instead of giving the alarm, and possibly saving the lives that were lost in the flames. As far as the Chicago police know the prisoner has made no statement.

Many of Fredricks' acquaintances believe he was so frightened that he thought only of saving his own life, and ran from the hotel instead of trying to awaken the inmates. Besides the three deaths several people were injured in jumping from the windows or falling from the roof of the burning building.

SAY DOG-CATCHERS USE FORCE.

Mayor Harrison to Act on Complaints of Citizens, Who Assert Animals Tied or Housed Are Taken.

Mayor Harrison is preparing to get after the city's dog-catchers. For more than a week he has been bombarded with complaints by citizens, who assert that the dog-catching officials have entered dooryards and stores to carry away valuable canines, despite their verbal and fistic protests. Horses and goats are said to have suffered a similar fate, though attached to the owners' premises by long ropes.

Among those who complained yesterday was A. Iralson, 588 Forty-third street, who brought witnesses who asserted that the dog-catcher had entered his store and carried away a valuable dog. Daniel Mahoney, who resides in Homan avenue, lost a horse last week, and the claim is made that the "catcher" not only cut the animal's rope, but used a revolver in a threatening manner.

Some citizens contend that a dog-selling industry has been built up by a number of the "catchers."

"This thing must stop," said Mayor Harrison, "and I will see that it does. Dog-catchers will have to get on their good behavior and stick to it."

OVERCOME OBSTACLES TO WED.

Marriage of Lady Randolph Churchill to George Cornwallis West Arranged for Next Month.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE NEW YORK WORLD AND THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 12.—Despite all obstacles it is now arranged that Lady Randolph Churchill will marry young George Cornwallis West in the course of next month. Both were of the house party at Warwick Castle last week. It was made known that against all influences they had resolved to marry within a few weeks; certainly before next month ends. Their marriage will be private, but it will be an event of the season.

Lady Randolph Churchill's charm and cleverness are public knowledge in both the old and new worlds. She is the daughter of the late Leonard Jerome of New York.

George Cornwallis West is one of the handsomest men in London society. He is the only son of Colonel Cornwallis West, a rich land owner, his property including coal lands in Wales.

BULLETIN OF
The Daily Tribune.
CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1900.

Weather predictions for the next 24 hours:

Partly cloudy, with probably showers by night.

Sun rises at 4:24; sets at 7:35.

Moon rises at 8:59 p. m. tomorrow.

IMPORTANT NEWS AND FEATURES

Pages.
1 Dr. Rogers Resigns Presidency.
Active Day with Union Leaders.
Claims Illinois for Democrats.
Chinese Kill Japanese Official.
2 General New York News.
3 British Clear Line of Supply.
Hot Wave in England.
French Object to America's Work.
Trade Campaign in Germany.
British Reverse on Gold Coast.
May Rule by Decree in Italy.
Sampson Profits by Schley's Work.
5 Dixon and Yanger Fight a Draw.
Poolrooms Continue Open.
Cars Run in St. Louis.
4 Philadelphia Convention Plans.
Illinois Democrats to Shelve Silver.
7 Gage on Nation's Deposits.
Stops Work on Curbing.
8 State of Growing Crops.
9 New York, 4; Chicago, 0.
May Beach Runs a Bad Race.

Pages.	Pages.
6 Editorial.	12 Railroads.
7 Fontenoy.	12 Courts.
7 Society.	12 Insurance.
8 Commercial.	

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
BREMEN	Bremen	
CHERBOURG	Pennsylvania	
HONOLULU	Carlisle City	
LIVERPOOL	Peruvian	
LIVERPOOL	Vancouver	
LIZARD	St. Paul	
NEW YORK	Batavia	Cymric.
NEW YORK	Southwark	Lahn.
NEW YORK	Cevic	
NEW YORK	F. der Grosse	
NEW YORK	Spaarndam	
NEW YORK	Servian	
NEW YORK	Ethiopia	
NEW YORK	Philadelphia	
PLYMOUTH		Graf Waldersee.
S. FRANCISCO	China	
SYDNEY	Alameda	

CHINESE GUARDS KILL JAPANESE.

Chancellor Sugyama of Embassy Murdered by Band of Imperial Troops in Streets of Peking.

LED BY COURT FAVORITE

No Movement on Part of Native Government to Check the Boxer Rising Evident Anywhere.

MOB THREATENS CONVENT.

International Troops from Tien Tsin Have Stubborn Fight While Guarding Repair Force on Railway.

YANG-TSE DISTRICT IS ALARME.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, June 13, 3 a. m.—A dispatch to the Times from Pekin Tuesday says:

"M. Sugyama, Chancellor of the Japanese Legation, while proceeding alone and unprotected on official duty, was brutally murdered by the soldiers of General Tung-Fuhsiang, a favorite bodyguard of the Empress, yesterday at the Manigate Hood railway station.

"The foreign reinforcements are daily expected.

Chinese Government to Blame.

"All the Tien Tsin wires are cut. The present isolated position of Peking, the destruction of foreign property in the country, and the insecurity of life are directly attributable to the treachery of the Chinese government."

Expect Troops from Russia.

A dispatch to the Times from Shanghai Tuesday, June 12, says: "A telegram from the Tsung-li-Yamen to Wang-Chischun, Governor of Nganwhei, dated June 9, states that Russia is about to bring a large force to Peking. The Japanese Minister is pressing for a recognition of the Japanese sphere of influence in the Provinces of Chekiang, Fokien, and Kiang-si.

"The Naking Viceroy has received orders to use special vigilance to prevent British aggression in the Yangtse Valley, which the Manchu party appears to expect as a result of the events in the north.

Yangtse Valley in Danger.

"It is noteworthy in this crisis that the British interests in the Yangtse Valley are practically unprotected, the entire force available between Shanghai and Ichang consisting of three diminutive gunboats.

"Apart from the fact that elements of unrest are always latent at river ports, indications are not wanting to show that it is desirable for us at this juncture to keep in touch with and afford moral support to the well disposed provincial authorities while insuring adequate protection for British interests.

Transport for 900 British.

A Times dispatch from Hongkong, Tuesday, June 12, says: "The Admiralty has engaged transport to convey 900 troops to Tang-ku. The date of sailing is not fixed. The Terrible sails on the 18th."

Fight on Way to Peking.

LONDON, June 13, 4:42 a. m.—Sixteen British marines, reconnoitering in advance of the international column marching to Peking, fought and chased 2,000 Boxers on Monday, killing twenty or thirty. A correspondent accompanying the column in a dispatch dated Tien Tsin, June 12, via Shanghai, June 13, 6:15 a. m., says:

"While the working parties, accompanied by a patrol of sixteen British marines, commanded by Major Johnson, were reparing the line on Monday afternoon, eight miles beyond Lofa, they encountered small parties of Boxers who were destroying the line. The Boxers moved away from the advanced marines and apparently dispersed into the country, leaving the rails moved and the sleepers burning.

"The marines, when two miles in advance of the first train, near Lang Fang, suddenly perceived Boxers streaming from a village on their left. It was estimated that they numbered 2,000, some of them being mounted, and they were trying to get between the marines and the train. Most of them were armed with spears and swords. A few had firearms, which they handled awkwardly.

Running Battle with Boxers.

"The marines retreated, keeping up a running fight for over a mile and killing between twenty and thirty Boxers.

"The Boxers pursued the British for some distance. Then seeing more marines from the train coming to their assistance Major Johnson's sixteen halted and poured a heavy, continuous fire into the crowd, driving them across the front of the reinforcing bluejackets, who punished the Boxers severely with Maxims.

"The Boxers fled and the Europeans, following up their success, cleared out two villages. The total loss of the Boxers is estimated at forty killed and wounded. Seven of their wounded were attended by British surgeons. The British loss was nothing.

"Unless their loss causes the Boxers to lose heart the international column will have much trouble before it reaches Peking. The railway is so much damaged that the column covered only thirty-four miles Sunday and Monday, and there is reason to fear that the road beyond is more badly damaged.

Find Many Headless Bodies.

"Evidences of General Nieh's operations were found in headless bodies. The whole country presents a desolate aspect, entire villages having been deserted.

"The expedition number 2,044, as follows: British, 915; German, 250; Russian, 300; French, 128; Americans, 104; Japanese, 50; Italian, 40; and Austrian, 25."

To Demand New Ministers.

The correspondents at Tien Tsin, Shanghai, and other treaty ports throw side lights on the situation. According to one dispatch from Tien Tsin, it is understood there that the Foreign Minister will insist, as soon as fresh bayonets arrive at Peking, upon the removal of the anti-foreign advisers of the Empress Dowager, and upon the substitu-

tion for them of counselors friendly to western civilization.

The English at Shanghai are afraid that Great Britain has been deceived, and that the whole business will have to be gone through again. Russia's aims, they argue, are not understood, and Russia and France are apparently not working in the same spirit as the other powers. Five thousand Russians are ready to land at Taku.

A telegram from Yokohama, dated Tuesday evening, says that the Japanese government has ordered four more warships to proceed to Taku, and 4,000 men of all arms are under orders to be in immediate readiness for embarkation. The dispatch says the Japanese government "trusts the powers will not misconstrue this action." The Japanese press is urging vigorous methods.

Considerable contracts for the Chinese have been placed with the Birmingham arms factories, though whether for the Chinese government of for the Boxers is not disclosed.

Insurance rates for Tien Tsin have been raised to five shillings per £100.

Boxer Mob Attacks Convent.

TIEN TSIN, June 12.—The latest news from Pao Tung Fu is that the Boxers, 6,000 strong, are attacking the Catholic convent there. The situation is critical and the officials are evidently inactive.

The United States warships Nashville and Monocacy are reported at Taku.

Nations Hurry with Troops.

One hundred and sixty-three British landed last evening. An additional twenty British have been sent to Fong Shan.

This morning a special train left Tien Tsin for Yang Tsun to bring General Nieh to consult with the Viceroy.

Telegraphic communication with Peking is still interrupted.

The Russian warships Petropaulovski and Komiloff are at Taku Bar, and the Russian torpedo boats "108" and "107" are in the River Taku. Want of transport prevents the Russians from landing troops. The Russians are active here today.

It is rumored that General Fung Fah Siang, with many thousand troops, is at Feng Tai.

French Troops Landing in China.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY GRACE CORNEAU.]

PARIS, June 12.—At a Cabinet council today M. Delcasse, the Foreign Minister, communicated some important telegrams from China. He says telegraphic communications between Peking and Shanghai are cut. A train carrying 400 soldiers, including 100 French, 100 Russian, and 100 English, has left Tien Tsin for Peking. M. de Lanessan, the Minister of Marine, has received a dispatch saying that 600 men of the marine infantry have arrived at Saigno road to reinforce the troops in China.

ADVICE FROM LI HUNG CHANG.

Answers Letter of Leung Chi Tso, Reformer, Saying One Old Man Can Do Nothing—Counsels Patience.

Honolulu, June 5, via San Francisco, Cal., June 12.—[Special.]—An answer has been received by Leung Chi Tso, the Chinese reformer, to the open letter which he recently sent Li Hung Chang. This answer says in part:

"The reformers must not be in a hurry to do everything at once. Let them work with patience and perhaps there will come a day before long when they can work more freely. The Empress Dowager is an old woman now and she cannot surely live much longer.

"For over thirty years Li Hung Chang has been a believer in opening of China to foreign influence, but he has stood all alone. In the days of the Tai Ping rebellion, which Li helped to suppress, Li learned that foreigners were more skillful than his countrymen, and he concluded that China should learn from the outside world, but no one else held those views, and one man could do nothing.

"Then fifteen years ago came the war with France. Before the war Li spoke for peace. He told his countrymen France was too powerful and tried to point out why it was her soldiers were more skilled. But the mandarins wanted war, and the result was that some territory and a lot of gunboats were taken. The same thing happened before the war with Japan, which Li Hung Chang tried to prevent.

"All this time Li Hung has believed in educating Chinese in foreign ways, but he has been alone among the mandarins and could do nothing. Now he is old and cannot do what the young reformers are doing for their country. He has only sympathy for them in their work. It is not Li who has ordered reformers beheaded, nor are his agents after them. It is the Empress, and Li cannot stop it. The persecutor of the reformer who was shot in Shanghai the other day was not an agent of Li, as has been said, but of the Empress. Li Hung Chang is still alone among the mandarins in believing in foreign education, and what can one old man do? He wants the young reformers to keep on with the work and hopes that they will succeed in the end. If China is ever to have good government it must come through such efforts as the young men who are now working in the outside world for the cause of reform are making. Let the work continue."

The letter in full contains 4,000 words and bears Li Hung Chang's seal. It is understood, however, to have been dictated by him to his grandson and sent through that agency for his own protection in case the letter should fall into the hands of the agents of the Empress.

CHIN KIANG CONSUL ALARMED.

Cables to Washington Asking That a Warship Be Sent There—Fear Trouble Will Spread.

Washington, D. C., June 12.—The following dispatch was received at the State department today from United States Consul Martin:

"Chin Kiang, June 12.—Secretary of State: Large numbers natives organized secret society. Halted here. People apprehensive. No protection. Want cruiser. MARTIN."

Mr. Martin's telegram is the first news received here to indicate the spread of the Boxer agitation in that section of China. Chin Kiang is one of the most important treaty ports in China. It is located on the Yang-tse-Kiang, a little over 100 miles above the point where the Wo Sung enters, and is about 125 miles from Shanghai. At the latter port the United States gunboats Yorktown and Castine are now lying, undergoing some repairs. The extent of these is not known at the Navy department, but, assuming that they are not more extensive than usual, it is said that one or both of the vessels might be dispatched to Chin Kiang. No orders have gone forward to either of the vessels or to Admiral Remey.

There is an intimation at the State department that the Consul at Chin Kiang has exaggerated the danger of the situation, and that the halting near the town of a number of Boxers is not evidence that they have any hostile intentions against the American Consulate. It is probable, therefore, that in the absence of more serious developments no ship will be sent to Chin Kiang. The town is nearly 300 miles southeast of Peking, but, fortunately, is much more accessible to foreign warships, and vessels drawing as much as twenty-five feet of water can work up the river at that point.

One of the dispatches received at the State department this morning was from another consular officer in China, but it was stated that it conveyed no news of importance, and its contents were not made public.

The pressure upon the President and Department of State from the missionary interests is increasing every moment. It is desired that relief expeditions will be sent out by the United States government to secure the safety of the missions in outlying Chinese towns, and the intimation is conveyed that troops might be employed for that purpose. The State department, however, has not altered its position, and Admiral Kempff is still confined to his instruction to protect American lives and the American Legation and consulates.

Mr. Conger likewise has been laid under the same injunction, but nothing has been added to his instruction that would specifically direct him to endanger the safety of the Legation at Peking by sending the guards into southern country in the effort to reach the scattered missions. If this task is to be undertaken by him something more than the limited force of United States marines now available at Taku, Peking, or even Manila will be required, and the administration is not disposed to go beyond that limit.

CHINESE EMPEROR AND SOME OF HIS TROUBLES.

Kwang-Su, the young Emperor of China, who has appealed to the powers to release him from captivity in his own palace and to set him upon a new throne under their protection, is no mere dealer in words. He was at one time actually the Emperor of China, and the reforms he instituted when he enjoyed power were so sweeping that the old civilization of China, rock-rooted in the ignorance of centuries, was so stirred that Kwang-Su became a martyr to his own advanced ideas—and a prisoner at the same time.

Kwang-Su believed that ignorance was the basis of China's weakness as a power, and set about to dispel it. He established a university for the diffusion of Western science and placed it under the direction of Professor Martin, an American. He opened schools in all parts of the empire and by edict decreed that the indispensable qualification for office should be a knowledge of mathematics, political economy, and practical science.

Then Kwang-Su established newspapers in the towns and cities back from the coast, where before they had been unheard of. He urged their writers to discuss political conditions with freedom and without fear.

Then followed a long series of attempted reforms. A patent office was established, the postoffice was extended over the entire empire. Reforms in the civil service were decreed, dishonest public officials were punished and dismissed by wholesale. A law was passed ordering the monthly account of the receipts and expenditures of the government to be published throughout the empire.

Kwang-Su was at the height of his power when he overreached himself. He dismissed Li Hung Chang from the Tsung-li-Yamen and called to his aid Chang-Chi-Tung, a Liberal of Liberals.

The series of edicts promulgating reforms continued. The people were urged to bring their grievances to the attention of the government, sons of rich men were urged to travel in Europe and the United States to imbibe new ideas, mining and railroad bureaus were established, and an effort made to reorganize the army by dismissing corrupt mandarins.

Finally Kwang-Su issued a proclamation declaring to his people that Western civilization was superior to Chinese and that he meant to adopt its good features while discarding the bad. This was the last straw. The Empress Dowager returned to power, recalled Li Hung Chang, broke up the schools and universities, abolished the patent office and postoffice, repealed the reform edicts, restored the corrupt mandarins to power, and made Kwang-Su a prisoner.

But if Europe decides to send her armies to China for the purpose of establishing a new government Kwang-Su has proven that he is a reformer in deed as well as in promise.

PROF. STARR DEFENDS CHINA.

Head of University of Chicago's Department of Anthropology Says Course of Empress Is Justified.

Professor Frederick Starr, head of the department of anthropology at the University of Chicago, declared before his class yesterday that the Dowager Empress of China was justified in her attitude toward the Christian missionaries, and in taking any steps necessary to drive them out of the country. He predicted that any attempt of the European powers to partition China would result in unifying that nation and lead to the supremacy of China as a world power.

"The introduction of Christianity into China is a measure of hostility to the existing government of the empire," said Professor Starr. "The Empress knows this and is justified entirely in expelling the missionaries as a measure of self-preservation. Her party eventually will succeed, because any scheme to deter her by a coalition of the powers such as is now proposed would be absolutely impossible. If the power passes out of China's hands it will pass into Russia's, because China and Russia are the only two nations to be reckoned with in the Orient in the future.

"Only four things are now possible: The Dowager Empress will come out ahead in the present trouble; the so-called ruler may be restored under a coalition of the foreign powers; China may be divided up among the nations; or Russia may seize the power. The last of these possibilities is the most probable and logical outcome."

Professor Starr will go to China next fall after finishing his work among the Pueblos of Mexico, to spend a year studying the peculiarities of the people.

BAGINSKI TAKES THE STAND.

Patrolman Charged with Murder Testifies in His Own Behalf—Case Near an End.

Patrolman John B. Baginski, charged with the murder of Bagio Leo, testified in his own behalf yesterday. He said he had been ordered not to allow anybody to obstruct the sidewalk in front of the Polk street schoolhouse or to stand on the sidewalks on the streets in the vicinity of the school so as to attract the attention of the pupils. He saw Bagio Leo and his two brothers sitting on a garbage box opposite the schoolhouse. At that time he did not know the box was in front of the Leo residence. He ordered the boys to leave, and when they refused to do so he placed one under arrest, expecting to arrest all of them. They resisted, one of them striking him in the eye. He saw two other men running toward him, and thought they intended to aid the Leos. He was almost blinded from the blows, and drawing his revolver fired without taking aim at any one of the three.

The case will go to the jury tomorrow. The State will present evidence in rebuttal today.

Kirkman Files Bankruptcy Petition.

William Bruce Kirkman, well-known in Evanston society, confessed insolvency in the United States District Court yesterday by filing a petition in which he asks to be relieved of debts amounting to $19,300. He has no available assets. The debts were contracted within the last three years, the greater part of them being due for livery and hotel bills. Kirkman is a son of Marshall Kirkman, Second Vice President of the Chicago and Northwestern railway company. He lives at 1429 Ridge avenue, Evanston.

Test Evanston Cattle for Tuberculosis.

The Evanston Health department reported to a meeting of the Council last night that State Veterinary Surgeon Lovejoy has started his work of examining Evanston cattle for tuberculosis. Twenty-five cows were tested yesterday and one of them was found to be slightly affected.

LABOR TROUBLES NEARING FOCUS.

(Continued from first page.)

to the following principles contained in the circular:

That there shall be no limitation as to the amount of work a man shall perform during his working day.

That there shall be no restriction of the use of machinery or tools.

That there shall be no restriction of the use of any manufactured material except prison-made.

That no person shall have the right to interfere with the workman during working hours.

That the use of apprentices shall not be prohibited.

That the foreman shall be the agent of the employer.

That all workmen are at liberty to work for whomsoever they see fit.

That eight hours shall constitute a day's work.

That agreement shall cover a period of not less than three years.

That an arbitration clause to provide for the adjustment of possible difficulties in the future be made a part of the agreement.

That no bylaws or rules conflicting with the agreement shall be enforced or passed by the association or union during the life of the agreement.

Few Objections Are Raised.

On the question of wages there were no objections raised except by the carpenters' delegates, who raised the point that while the scale of the Building Contractors' council fixed the wages of the carpenters at $3.40 a day the carpenters were asking for $4. This fact was stated because the delegates felt it to be their duty to make the position of their union plain.

Objections were raised also by several delegates to the clause providing "that time and one-half shall be paid for overtime and double time for Sundays and holidays." The delegates who spoke on the subject argued that the Saturday half-holiday should be granted.

All of the above principles were passed over with little friction. When it came to the question of the unions withdrawing from the Building Trades council before an agreement should become operative, and at the same time agreeing not to become affiliated with any organization of a like character during the life of the agreement, the following explanation was offered:

This, we think, is the only way to make the agreement operative, for while any union is subject to the rules and regulations of any higher local body, it would not be free to carry out its agreements. However, there is no objection to affiliation with national organizations in the respective trades to which the unions have not delegated the power to abrogate any agreements they may have entered into.

The conference adjourned after having devoted more than an hour to a discussion of this question, and today it will be taken up again.

WOODWORKERS MAY STRIKE.

Manufacturers of Store Fixtures Refuse an Increase in Wages—Shutdown on July 1 Likely.

Before the settlement of the building trades' strike Chicago is menaced with another strike, involving 3,000 woodworkers, employés of the plants manufacturing store and office fixtures. At a special meeting of the Manufacturers' Woodworkers' association at the Great Northern Hotel yesterday afternoon it was decided unanimously to refuse the demand of the Amalgamated Wood Workers' council for a 10 per cent increase in wages over the scale now paid under the local contract, expiring on July 1. The following plants were represented: Brunswick-Balke-Collender company, Merle & Heaney Manufacturing company, Keenan Bros.' Manufacturing company, Charles Passow & Sons, Weiss-Sontag company, Chicago Store and Office Fixture company, Chicago Store Fixture company, Union Showcase company.

The probability of a strike on July 1 is admitted by the manufacturers.

A meeting of the Wood Workers' council will be held on Sunday to consider the resolutions. It is thought that if a strike is declared the shutdown will be practically complete.

ORGANIZER GRADY IS BEATEN.

Pounded Into Insensibility in Front of Bricklayers' Hall—Union the Cause.

Differences in the Bricklayers' union led last night to an assault on Michael R. Grady, Western organizer of the international union, in front of Bricklayers' Hall at West Monroe and Peoria streets. Grady was beaten into unconsciousness by five men who attacked him as he was entering the hall at 8:20 o'clock. He was taken to the County Hospital. None of his assailants was arrested.

The attack was witnessed by over twenty-five standing in front of the hall. None of them interfered. Several of those who saw the attack were members of the Bricklayers' union.

It is declared that the reason for the attack was Grady's attitude in regard to the local Bricklayers and Stonemasons' union. Grady, who represents the international union in the West, has been the promoter of a scheme for the division of the Chicago union into three branches, one on each side of the city. The officers of the local union see in this plan an attempt to diminish their power. They have not been on the best terms with officers of the international since the unsuccessful attempt of George P. Gubbins to secure the position of International President at the convention held at Rochester last January.

TWO HUNDRED LINEMEN STRIKE

Edison and Commonwealth Employes Out—General Trouble Among Wire Workers Is Threatened.

Chicago is threatened with a general strike of linemen employed by electric light, telephone, street car, and telegraph companies as a result of the refusal of General Superintendent L. A. Ferguson of the Chicago Edison company and the Commonwealth Electric company to grant demands made by linemen of the two companies. Two hundred of the linemen of those companies went out on a strike yesterday.

For several weeks the linemen of the two companies, which are practically one, have been preparing an agreement calling on the these corporations to employ none except union men, to grant an eight-hour day, and to advance wages from $2.50 to $3, with double pay for Sunday work and time and a half for overtime. A committee of three submitted the agreement to Mr. Ferguson on Monday and he declined to sign it. The men went out at 9 o'clock yesterday morning.

The plants affected are at Fifty-fifth and Wallace streets, Eighty-ninth and Ada streets, 2640 Wabash avenue, and at South Chicago.

Special details of police guarded all of these places last night, the companies' officers fearing the linemen might cut wires. A meeting of the Linemen's and Electrical Wire Workers' unions will be held on Saturday night, and if the strike is not settled by that time a general strike may be called, which would affect all companies having electric wires.

The number of linemen in Chicago is estimated as follows:

Chicago Edison company, 100.
Commonwealth Electric company, 100.
Chicago Telephone company, 100.
Chicago City railway company, 50.
General Electric company, 25.
Chicago and Calumet Street railway company, 10.
Street railway companies on the North and West Sides, 200.

BRICKLAYERS LEAVE CITY WORK

Three Hundred and Fifty Men Object to the Employment of a Non-Union Contractor and Go on Strike.

Three hundred and fifty members of the Bricklayers' union who are employed in various capacities by the City of Chicago and the contractors who are doing city work were ordered on a strike last night. All men who are doing city work are affected by the strike order, even the city inspectors of curbstones, sewers, and catch basins being ordered to quit.

The strike was ordered on account of the employment of a non-union contractor named Michael Benson upon a sewer at West Sixty-ninth and Elizabeth streets. It will result in the tying up of all work on city sewers, catch basins, curbing, brick pavements, and repairing.

President George P. Gubbins of the Bricklayers and Stonemasons' union asserts that none of the members of the union will be allowed to return to work until the city has agreed to employ only members of the Bricklayers' union on masonry and brick work and to let no city work to contractors who are not members of the Sewer Contractors' association, with which the bricklayers have an agreement. He says that the union has decided not to allow any of its members to work for the city while men who are paid less than $9 a day are employed, and asserts that this has been decided upon in order to protect the taxpayers from defective work on sewers.

ROOSEVELT HINTS OF REMOVAL.

Says Such Action Seems Easiest Method in the Case of Mayor Van Wyck.

DECLINES TO BE HURRIED

Russian Imperial Bank May Establish a Branch in the United States.

GENERAL NEW YORK NEWS.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, June 12.

Governor Roosevelt this afternoon dictated the following interview regarding the ice trust. He began by saying:

Roosevelt Hints at Removal of Van Wyck.

"I shall not pay any attention to the criminal proceedings that are now under way in New York. I shall not interfere with the action of District Attorney Gardiner. I do not know that I would have any right to do so even if I wished to. I am proceeding along my own lines in the way that I deem proper, and when I have decided on my course of action I will proceed promptly and effectively."

On being questioned regarding other phases of the ice trust matter Governor Roosevelt spoke as follows:

"I have been in conference with Attorney General Davis and Judge Coyne this afternoon. We went over the main points in the evidence adduced before Justice Gaynor and discussed it at some length, but the legal questions involved are too intricate to be decided offhand.

"While there may be and is evidence of moral guilt, it is questionable whether the technical guilt can be proven, and, usually, the lawyers prefer the case that can be easily and absolutely proven. In this case the evidence for removal would seem to indicate that as the easiest method to pursue. But no positive decision has been reached as to the way in which I will proceed, and I should say now that it will be at least two weeks before I determine definitely upon a course of action. There is no reason for haste.

"A dignified method of procedure, free from all political bias, is the only one that will commend itself to the public, which, after reading the testimony of the Mayor before Justice Gaynor, has, I believe, no doubt that moral guilt has been proven."

Tammany leaders are hoping that the Governor will act before the arrival of Croker. One of the Mayor's friends, in speaking of the subject today, said that the Mayor would fight.

"As everybody knows," said the friend, "Van Wyck is game and won't submit to have his friend Carroll fired out of the organization. Van Wyck would never have been heard of for Mayor but for Carroll. Should it come to a test between Croker and Carroll Van Wyck would certainly throw his strength to Carroll."

The ice trust is making a desperate effort to get back the patronage it has lost to independent dealers, and in many quarters is selling ice at 25 cent a hundred pounds.

May Establish Russian Bank in New York.

It is possible that before 1901 the Russian government may establish in this city a branch of the Imperial Bank of Russia. Mr. Rothstein, general manager of the Imperial Bank of Russia at St. Petersburg, has been in Wall street for several days conferring with financiers. The principal object of Mr. Rothstein's visit is to float a $50,000,000 loan here during the coming winter. Bankers are rather doubtful of its success at the present time.

Mr. Rothstein has no plans as yet for the establishment of the branch bank. Such a bank would simply be the disbursing agent of the Government of Russia, and would have no charter from the United States or from the State itself. It could not do a general banking business in competition with national or State banks. It would be an office for the transmission of funds to Russia and vice versa.

It would be, however, a large dealer in foreign exchange. The Russian government annually disburses about $10,000,000 in this country for various kinds of supplies and material.

Charges Against City Councilmen.

Charges were made in the City Council this afternoon that members opposing the proposed $3,500,000 bond issue for school improvements are influenced by improper motives. Councilman Cassidy of Queens, who was conspicuous in the Hall of Records holdup, assisted by Councilman Francisco of Brooklyn, also active in former holdups, and Councilman Williams defeated another effort to provide money for new school buildings and sites. Councilman McGarry said:

"I question the sincerity of these men. They are not consistent. For opposing this bond issue at one time they give one reason and at another time they turn a different front. I don't believe they have yet given the real reason. We should have it from them."

Vice President John T. Oakley, the majority leader, became almost violent in denouncing the obstructionists.

"If these men were sincere," he said, "they might be understood. Their position is preposterous, in view of the fact that the city is now paying exorbitant rentals for private property for school purposes."

Rare Roses Now on Exhibition.

Roses in seemingly endless variety were on exhibition today at the Eden Musée, where the American Rose society inaugurated its first summer rose show. More varieties and more beautiful flowers were shown than at the winter show held under the society's auspices last March. F. W. Newbold exhibited a complete duplicate of the Vanderbilt-Marlborough collection of rare carnations, including the "Consuelo," from the Blenheim greenhouses. Frederick Goodridge displayed some marvelous orchids, among them being a specimen of the "Cattleya Mendellii," which looks like a wonderfully tinted bit of waxwork. Tomorrow there will be a competitive exhibition of strawberries, and Miss Cornelia Crouger will display the rose beauties of her summer home at Cruger's Island, Barrytown.

Electric Power for the Elevated Road.

President Gould promises that electric trains will begin to run on all branches of the elevated railroad next February. The company has decided to adopt a "double end" system of electric trains, and contracts for equipping them will be let. This information was given out today by Mr. Gould. Contracts were authorized for an electric stairway at Fifty-ninth street and Third avenue and for one of another type to be erected at Twenty-third street and Sixth avenue. These are to be experimental, and the one which proves to be the better will be adopted all along the lines.

After the meeting of the Executive committee the directors declared the usual quarterly dividend of 1 per cent. The statement presented for the year ending June 30 shows 9,700,000 more passengers have been carried in 1900 than in 1899.

Search for Missing 6-Year-Old Boy.

Detectives, assisted by a small army of volunteer helpers, have been searching since Sunday night for Charlie Hinzman, 6 years old, who is either lost or kidnaped. The missing boy is the only child of Charles Hinzman, a house painter, who with his wife occupies a flat at 219 East Ninety-sixth street. On Sunday the family attended a picnic at Marlondale Park, Maspath, Long Island. At 6 o'clock in the evening Hinzman and his wife were seated at a table under the trees, while the boy was playing with two other children twenty feet away. Something distracted their attention from the three children. When they looked again their child had vanished. From that time he has not been seen.

Mrs. Phyllis Dodge Fights for Gems.

Mrs. Phyllis Dodge, as well gowned as on the day a year ago when she stepped from a steamer from Europe with $80,000 worth of sparkling jewels in her handbag, appeared in the United States District Court today to make a fight for her gems. The jewels were seized by the customs officials upon Mrs. Dodge's arrival, and she was charged with trying to smuggle them through without paying any duty. The hearing today, which was held before Judge Brown, was to determine whether the jewels should be confiscated by the government. After a jury had been procured the government presented evidence of the seizure.

Mrs. Dodge's counsel will tomorrow morning move for the dismissal of the case and for the restoration to her of the jewels. The defense will be that Mrs. Dodge did not think the jewels were dutiable, and that they are not dutiable, as the law imposes duty only on goods "purchased" abroad, while these jewels were given to Mrs. Dodge by friends in Paris.

Charged with Offensive Partisanship.

For five inches of space which Millionaire George Crocker claimed was the overlap of the Manhattan Life Building on his four-story building at 70 Broadway, Mr. Crocker today received $5,000 damages by the decision of Justice Lawrence. The court refused to order that the wall be torn down, but decreed that in case Mr. Crocker should ever wish to build a higher building the overlapping cornice be removed.

Charges of offensive partisanship are to be made against Assistant Postmaster Taylor of Brooklyn, and Postmaster General Smith will be asked to remove him from office. In his fight against Robert Sharkey in the Twenty-fifth Ward, it is alleged that the Assistant Postmaster has used all the patronage of his office. Postal clerks, carriers, and other employés, it is asserted, were forced to move into the Twenty-fifth Ward in order to hold their positions, and room was made in the postoffice for followers of Taylor who needed jobs. These charges are made by Daniel B. O'Shea, a civil service employé, who was dismissed for alleged incompetency.

A Presbyterian, whose name is withheld, has given to the Presbyterian Hospital in this city a $200,000 building, to be occupied as a residence by the nurses and members of the general staff.

Three Die in Burning Cooper Shop.

Three men were killed, eight so badly burned or maimed that they are in the hospital, and three other men are missing as the result of a fire in the cooper shop of Paul Weidmann, at North Eleventh street and Wythe avenue, Williamsburg, Brooklyn, tonight. The property loss is variously estimated at from $75,000 to $280,000. The fire was discovered at 6 o'clock on the ground floor of the building, which occupied a city block. The building was four stories high and there were over 100 employés in the place. Many of these leaped from the windows and escaped.

It is said that at least two scores of people dropped before the firemen arrived. When they came many were hanging from the upper windows.

August Benedict, a cooper, was hanging out of one of the windows with all of his clothing aflame. He held on to the ledge while the ladder was being run up to him. He was so badly burned when he was taken down that he died half an hour afterward.

John M. Lockwood had his chest crushed by a falling timber and died in the Eastern District Hospital about 11 o'clock tonight. The unknown man was taken from the burned building late tonight and the body was so badly charred that identification was impossible.

Child Tells Tale of Cruelty.

Gussie Krauskop today told the authorities of Ridgewood, N. J., she had been half starved and beaten until her body was a mass of bruises. The authorities issued a warrant for her aunt, Mrs. Augusta Mattermeyer. While the girl was relating her experiences her cousin, Lillie Mattermeyer, the 17-year-old daughter of the accused woman, sat by her side and prompted her. The child was found in a suffering condition and a home was provided for her at the house of a family named Corwin. Mrs. Mattermeyer's daughter and the Corwin family called the attention of the police to the child's condition after the former had found her. Mrs. Mattermeyer was away, and Lillie searched the house. In a room in the top of the house she discovered Gussie. The girl had not tasted food or water for three days, she declared, and was so weak that she could hardly speak.

SAYS UNIONS MENACE STATE.

N. F. Thompson, Alabama, Tells Industrial Commission Organized Labor Disrupts Society.

Washington, D. C., June 12.—N. F. Thompson, secretary of the Southern Industrial convention of Huntsville, Ala., made a sensational attack upon labor unions before the Industrial commission today.

"Labor organizations are today," said Mr. Thompson, "the greatest menace to this government that exists inside or outside the pale of our national domain. Their influence for disruption and disorganization of society is far more dangerous to the perpetuation of our government in its purity and power than would be the hostile array on our borders of the armies of the entire world combined."

He said a law should be enacted that would make it justifiable homicide for any killing that occurred in defense of any lawful occupation. In the close relationship existing among all classes of citizens, strikes and boycotts, he thought, should be a felony, both by national and State legislation, and he suggested the formation of State and national boards of arbitration, empowered to settle all matters of differences between labor and capital, and whose decrees should be binding on the parties affected.

PLAN FLAG DAY PROGRAMS.

Arrangements Made for Celebrations in the Parks by School Children on June 16.

The American Flag Day association met last evening at the Great Northern Hotel to arrange for celebrations by school children in the parks on the "birthday of the flag," Saturday, June 16. Exercises will be held in Lincoln, Garfield, Douglas, Humboldt, Washington, and Jackson Parks, and will include the raising of flags, addresses by prominent men, and firing salutes by the naval reserves.

LAUNCH SHIP IN JAPAN'S WAY.

Carnegie People Have Bryn Mawr Named with Dove Ceremony Instead of Breaking Bottle of Wine.

The bottle of wine was supplanted by the Japanese custom at the launching of the steel towing schooner Bryn Mawr at South Chicago yesterday afternoon. At 2 o'clock Miss Elizabeth M. Utley named the ship, and as it started down the ways she opened a cage containing four white doves, which flew away. This custom will be observed with all the boats of the Carnegie fleet.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.

Philadelphia, June 19, 1900.

For the occasion named the Pennsylvania lines will sell round trip tickets to Philadelphia and return at one fare for the round trip—$18 Pan Handle route, $18.25 Fort Wayne route—June 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, good to return leaving Philadelphia not later than June 26.

Pennsylvania lines' ticket offices: Auditorium Hotel; 248 Clark street, corner Jackson; Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams streets.

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The flavor of

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3.00 AM FAST MAIL. For Riverpoints, Ashland, Marquette, Copper Country.
3.00 AM FAST MAIL. For Beloit, Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneapolis and St. Paul.
9.00 AM BADGER STATE EXPRESS. For Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneapolis, Dakota, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
9.00 AM GREEN BAY EXPRESS. For Fox River points, Green Bay.
10.00 AM COLORADO SPECIAL. For Omaha, Council Bluffs, Denver, Salt Lake City, Ogden, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles. Only Through Sleeping Car Line to Denver. Daylight Omaha. Rock Island, Davenport, Outer Rock Island.
11.30 AM WISCONSIN MAIL. For Fox River points, Green Bay, Green Lake.
3.00 PM WISCONSIN SPECIAL. For Fox River points, Green Bay, Green Lake, Menominee.
5.00 PM ASHLAND LIMITED. For Fox River points, Ashland, Hurley.
5.30 PM IOWA AND DAKOTA EXPRESS. For Beloit, Janesville, Madison, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Sioux City, Iowa, Sioux Falls, Dakota.
6.30 PM NORTH-WESTERN LIMITED. For Eau Claire, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
6.30 PM OVERLAND LIMITED. For points in Utah, Nevada, California, Oregon and Pacific Coast. Only Through Sleeping Car Line to Salt Lake City, Ogden, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles.
8.00 PM PENINSULA EXPRESS. For Fox River points, Green Bay, Escanaba, Marquette, Copper Country.
10.00 PM DULUTH AND ST. PAUL FAST MAIL. For Janesville, Madison, Beaulieu, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth.
10.15 PM NIGHT EXPRESS. For Janesville, Madison, Eau Claire, Winona, Lacrosse, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Dakotas.
10.30 PM PACIFIC EXPRESS. For Beloit, Janesville, Madison, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Black Hills, Denver, Salt Lake City, Ogden, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles.
10.30 PM IRON RANGE EXPRESS. For Fox River points, Green Bay, Escanaba, Menominee, Iron Mountain, Florence, Hurley.

MILWAUKEE EXPRESS TRAINS. 8.00 a. m., 9.00 a. m., 9.00 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 3.00 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 8.00 p. m., 8.00 p. m., 10.30 p. m.

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DRIVE BOERS OFF LINE OF SUPPLY.

Gen. Kelly-Kenny Reports Retaking Railway in Neighborhood of Kroonstad.

BULLER MAKES PROGRESS

Is Camped at Joubert's Farm Beyond Laing's Nek, Well in the Transvaal.

PLANS FOR CIVIL RULE.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, June 13, 3 a. m.—The best news from the front this morning is Kelly-Kenny's report that the British troops moving from the north defeated the Boers on the line of communication and reached Honingspruit, and today he expects them to be at America Siding, near Kroonstad. The Mail correspondent adds that the force under General Hunter completely routed the Boers.

Methuen Not Heard From.

Nothing has been heard of Methuen for several days, but he is thought to be fighting hard. At last reports it was believed his force was too large to come to much harm.

Buller Still Advances.

General Buller has completed his turning movement by forcing Almond's Nek pass, an opening into Natal to the north of Laing's Nek, with a loss of 100. The Boers abandoned Laing's Nek and retreated.

Boers Claim Victories.

Dewet claims he put 1,000 British out of action in the district described, besides capturing many lyddite, shrapnel shells, and stores. A Boer report from Lourenzo Marques states that Steyn has gone to retake Bloemfontein, but there is no British confirmation to the story.

Report of Bribes Offered.

Kruger's supporters at Machadodorp, according to the Express correspondent, state that the Boer commanders have been offered $50,000 a year to lay down their arms, and that this offer Kruger expects will be repeated to himself, Steyn, and Dewet.

Plans for Civil Rule.

The government's plans for the civil rule in Orange River colony and the Transvaal are said to be progressing rapidly.

Has No Praise for Buller.

The Times' editorial leader, discussing the Transvaal war situation, says:

"General Buller has not yet given us an official account of the negotiations he lately conducted with Commandant Christian Botha, but, according to an unofficial version, he pointed out to that officer that the Boers were surrounded and he invited them to disperse and surrender their guns. Apparently they have done neither, and they doubtless utilized the three days' armistice Sir Redvers, it is alleged, granted them precisely as anybody who has studied their proceedings might have foreseen they would utilize it. They completed their preparations for departure, inflicted as much loss upon us as they could, and when the psychological moment came they went away and took their guns, big and small, along.

"The escape of the enemy in these circumstances somewhat lessens the value and dims the luster of Buller's latest achievement."

Think Line Will Open Today.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

LONDON, June 13, 3:20 a. m.—Telegraphic communication with Lord Roberts is expected to be restored today, as a dispatch from Bloemfontein, dated yesterday, says that the railway is in British possession again and that the work of repairing the line is going on rapidly with the abundant material warehoused at Bloemfontein.

From the subjoined telegram it would appear that General Hunter was in command of the troops referred to by General Kelly-Kenny in his dispatch from Bloemfontein:

"Bloemfontein, June 12.—General Hunter is coming up rapidly from the northwest, having severely defeated a large commando of Boers "who had destroyed two miles of railway north of Kroonstad."

The Boer government is also issuing news cheering to its sympathizers. The following bulletin, the Boer version of the disaster to the Derbyshires, was posted by President Kruger Sunday at Machadodorp:

Boers Claim Victories.

"On June 7 four divisions of burghers commanded by Steenkamp, Froneman, Dubois, Fourie, and Nel attacked the British at Roodeval, killed 200, took 700 prisoners, and captured immense stores of food and ammunition, a Maxim gun, and 1,000 lyddite shells. Some food was taken by the Boer farmers and the rest was burned. The English mail was taken. The burghers attacked from the open veldt and gave evidence of unprecedented bravery."

General Dewet was also fighting on June 7, whether at Roodeval or elsewhere is not clear, but the Boer War office gives it out that he captured 3,000 suits of clothing, blankets, gloves, boots, etc. Being unable to carry them with him in his rapid sweep through the country, according to the Transvaal War office, he burned the whole mass. General Dewet has also reported that he took 1,000 British out of action and destroyed property valued at £100,000.

As Lord Methuen is officially described as fighting on June 7, it is possible that he was engaging General Dewet.

A dispatch from Lourenzo Marques says that 15,000 Boers are reported to be retiring on Middleburg from various quarters, and that, after weeding out the faint-hearted, 8,000 steadfast men are still left.

Buller Halts for Water.

General Buller was unable on Monday to follow up the Boers from lack of cavalry as well as water. The dispatches describe him as fighting a spirited advance over a rugged road under prolonged rifle fire. The Boers had two guns, which they got away. Few dead or wounded Boers were found.

Lord Methuen, General Rundle, and General Brabant are reported to have 3,000 men and fifty guns engaged in inclosing the Boers in the eastern part of Orange River colony.

The War office casualty returns up to June 5 aggregate 25,004, besides 792 officers and 2,000 men sent home as invalids, but not including the sick in south African hospitals.

Buller at Joubert's Farm.

LONDON, June 12.—The War office has issued the following from Buller to the Secretary of War:

"Joubert's Farm, June 12, 5:12 p. m.—Engaged four miles north of Volksrust. Laing's Nek and Majuba were completely occupied by the Boers last night. General French, Inniogo, is now coming over the passes. We have had to camp here for want of water. A correct list of yesterday's casualties will be sent as soon as received."

Through Almond's Nek.

Another dispatch from Buller was posted as follows:

"Headquarters in Natal, June 11.—We passed Almond's Nek today. It isn't marked on the map, but is the last defile to Charleston Flats. The enemy were in considerable force, with several guns in position.

"The brunt of the fighting fell upon the Second Dorsets, who carried the position at the point of the bayonet, and the Third Cavalry Brigade, who were heavily attacked on our right from broken country round Ikelini Mountain. I hope our casualties are less than 100, which, considering the extreme length of the position, is much less than I expected.

"The whole attack was directed by Hildyard, whose dispositions were extremely good. The artillery, Tenth Brigade, and Third Cavalry Brigade did most of the work."

Trap for Roodeval Boers.

The War office has received the following dispatch from General Kelly-Kenny:

"Bloemfontein, June 12.—Our troops from the north are at Honingspruit (south of Roodeval, where the Boers cut the British lines of communication), having defeated the enemy. They will be at America Siding tomorrow at 8 a. m.

"General Knox moves out from Kroonstad to intercept the enemy.

"Fuller particulars later."

Reports Methuen in Fight.

The following dispatch has been received at the War office from General Forestier-Walker, in command of the lines of communication in south Africa:

"CAPE TOWN, June 12.—The following is from Kelly-Kenny:

"'June 11.—No communication from Methuen since June 7. He was fighting on June 6 to the north of Vetchkop. Steyn is near Reitz.

"'The British prisoners sent to Vrede are well treated.'"

PLANS FOR CIVIL GOVERNMENT.

Details Kept Secret by Authorities, but Sir Alfred Milner Said to Be Slated for Commissioner.

LONDON, June 12.—The government has at last decided upon a plan for the civil settlement of south Africa. The details are kept most secret, but it can safely be said that the Orange River colony and the Transvaal will become crown colonies, the latter probably being renamed the Transvaal Colony. Sir Alfred Milner, it is declared, is to be High Commissioner of south Africa, in spite of the opposition he has incurred.

The crown colony form of government can best be understood by reference to the system in vogue in the West Indies, Sierra Leone, and Ceylon. Endeavors will be made to put this in force as soon as possible in the Transvaal and Orange River colonies, though it is scarcely expected that the details will be announced or some parts of the work begun for a few months.

While the civil settlement will be drawn up so as to be eventually independent of military enforcement, it is realized that the initial work must be effected with the cooperation of the troops. Sir Alfred Milner appears to believe that civil reorganization and military pacification can proceed simultaneously and that a possible scattered rising will not seriously retard the progress or reorganization once it is begun. The Colonial office is said to be of the opinion, however, that the maintenance of good-sized garrisons at such centers as Bloemfontein, Kroonstad, Johannesburg, and Pretoria will be necessary for a long time after the crown colony system gets in working order.

For this reason and others put forward by Sir Alfred Milner, the idea of granting an autonomous form of government has been abandoned. It is believed, though it cannot be verified, that a portion of the Transvaal will be partitioned off to Natal.

The whole arrangement may be roughly described as coinciding with the views advanced by the progressives as opposed to those held by the Bondites. J. P. Fitzpatrick, author of "The Transvaal from Within," will sail for Cape Town June 16 to join the Advisory committee which Sir Alfred Milner is forming.

According to a Cape Town dispatch the Cabinet crisis continues. It is added that should Premier Schreiner secede from the Bond, as he threatens, his action would place the Bond in the minority in the Assembly.

Mr. Schreiner has accepted the resignations of J. X. Merriman, Treasurer, and J. W. Sauer, Commissioner of Public Works.

The Colonial office has received a telegram from Sir Alfred Milner, dated June 8, saying that the Chamber of Mines at Cape Town has agreed upon 580 representatives of 181 leading mining and other companies, who will proceed to Johannesburg as soon as Lord Roberts decides that it is practicable to receive them.

Sir Alfred Milner asserts that he is doing all that is possible to reopen business, but is discouraging the return of the uitlanders until the question of transport and food supply is more settled.

Two Members Resign.

CAPE TOWN, June 12.—Premier Schreiner is engaged in reforming the Cabinet, owing to the resignation of Messrs. J. X. Merriman, Treasurer; J. W. Sauer, Commissioner of Public Works, and Dr. T. Water, Minister without portfolio.

At the recent Bond caucus the Premier's policy was generally condemned. The chief point of difference relates to the treatment of rebels. The Bond, led by Messrs. Hofmeyer and T. E. Water, desired general amnesty. Mr. Schreiner urged a scheme recommended by the imperial government, under which a special tribunal will try the rebels; convicted leaders will be imprisoned and perpetually disfranchised and the rank and file will be disfranchised for a period.

It is understood Mr. Schreiner's policy will be supported by the entire loyalist party, which is indorsed by the loyal public opinion of south Africa.

DACOIT UPRISING IN INDIA.

Large Body of Raiders Under Notorious Leader Kania Murders Many Natives.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, June 13, 3 a. m.—An Express Bombay special says: "A large body of Dacoits, led by the notorious Kania, entered Deccan, a village in the territory of the Nizam of Hyderabad, overpowered the rural police, massacred them, killed a number of villagers, plundered the town, and then took refuge in the jungle.

"The armed police followed and a desperate fight ensued.

"Nine Dacoits were killed and three of the native police were wounded, two of whom have since died.

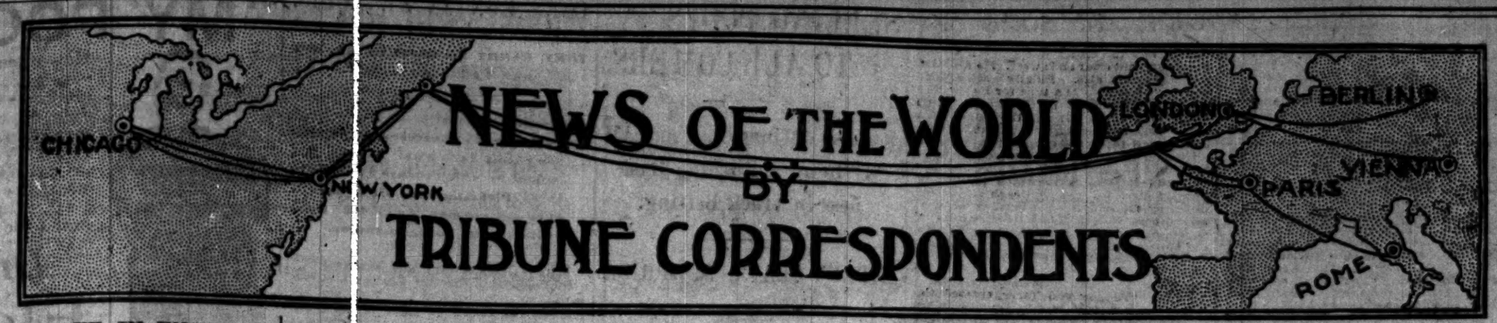
"Kania escaped."

GREECE TO APPEAL TO EUROPE.

May Ask for Arbitration on Subject of Turkish Differential Tariffs.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY RICHARD LACHMANN.]

FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, June 12.—A dispatch to the Frankfort Zeitung from Constantinople says that Greece will demand European arbitration unless Turkey yields in the matter of a differential tariff.



NEWS OF THE WORLD BY TRIBUNE CORRESPONDENTS

HOT WAVE IN ENGLAND.

HIGH TEMPERATURE AND STORMS CAUSE MANY DEATHS.

Village of Stokedoyle Burned After Being Struck by Lightning—Troops in Review at Aldershot Fall Out by Hundreds on March Home — Four Are Dead and Many Still Unconscious—Ambassador Choate Given Degree of LL. D.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, June 13.—The heat wave continues and the temperature of the British isles ranged yesterday from 65 degrees in Dublin and Edinburg to 82 degrees in Jersey and 80 degrees in London. Terrific thunderstorms raged throughout and were followed at several points by hail-storms. The Village of Stokdoyle, near Oundle, was almost totally destroyed by a fireball which crashed through a thatched roof cottage and set fire to it, and fourteen out of the village's twenty-five houses were destroyed. There were two deaths from heat in London yesterday.

Soldiers Fall by Hundreds.

The soldiers participating in the field day exercises at Aldershot on Monday suffered greatly, and after being maneuvered for eight hours in the hot sun the men were marched home. On the way they fell out by hundreds, and dozens last night had not regained consciousness, while four are dead.

Lightning yesterday, aside from the havoc caused at Stokedoyle, killed three children at Arthingworth and Major Heywood Jones of the Queen's Own Yorkshire Dragoons at Harrowgate. It knocked Frank Abbott off a 100-foot platform at Peterborough, paralyzed Mrs. Edwards of the same town, and stunned many people at Richmond Castle, Stowgreen, Buxton, and other points in Bedfordshire. At Little Stoughtons the church was demolished, and at Manchester the Victoria arch was badly damaged.

Choate Gets Cambridge Degree.

Ambassador Choate may now write LL. D., Cambridge, after his name if he so chooses, as the congregation of Cambridge University yesterday conferred the honorary degree upon the American Ambassador, Speaker Gully, and several other prominent men. In presenting Mr. Choate, Dr. Sandys briefly touched on the many ties that linked together the United States and the United Kingdom.

Dockmen's Strike Not Serious.

Unusual efforts were made to boom the dock workers' strike yesterday. Hourly meetings were held outside the dock gates, addresses were made by Organising Secretary Orbell, brass bands paraded and followed the men with banners telling the union's grievances, yet not over 2,500 men struck.

American Arrivals in London.

Among the arrivals by the Lucania are W. Cutting, Mrs. Brockholst Cutting, the Rev. Morgan Dix, Maria Farwell, Nellie Farwell, Elizabeth L. Field, Marc Klaw, Louis Mann, Clara Lipman, C. A. Potter, Count Derouille, F. P. Sproule, Francisco Terry, L. Wormser, and Miss Wormser.

RESENT AMERICAN SKILL.

DEPUTIES AROUSED OVER LOCOMOTIVE EXHIBIT.

Several from United States in Railway Department of France Cause Indignant Protests—Cabinet Will Try to Stop Smuggling—King Oscar of Sweden Decorates Delcasse—New Amnesty Commission Not in Harmony with Ministry.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY GRACE CORNEAU.]

PARIS, June 12.—Deputy Dansette today asked M. Baudin, the Minister of Public Works in the Chamber, why American locomotives were exhibited in the French section of the exposition as part of the state railroad exhibition, and why the authorities gave such an advertisement to a foreign industry. The Minister replied that he had exhibited the machines there because they formed a part of the material for the state railroad, which had ordered a number of American locomotives because the French manufacturers could not supply them. Deputy Contant here put in the remark that such machines could not be constructed in France.

Count d'Aulan said: "We want no foreign exhibits in the French sections."

Minister Baudin then asked the Chamber if they wanted to create an industrial nationalism, as all the railroad companies, he said, had ordered foreign locomotives.

Advocates United States of Europe.

Leroy Beaulieu, in addressing the Congress of Political Sciences, declared that a United States of Europe must be formed as a protection against the inroads of the people of America and Asia, and that the nations of Europe must bind their interests together for the common good.

The Cabinet through the Minister of Justice has made a move to stop dueling by ordering the prosecution in the Courts of Doctor Dervillers for insulting Dr. Pozzi. The Cabinet takes this means of showing it refuses to accept the traditional duel as settling the case.

Deputies Want Broad Amnesty.

The government received an affront in the election of the amnesty commission of the Chamber, as a majority of the commission wants the men condemned by the high court, including Deroulede and others, included in the amnesty.

HAWAIIAN ASSEMBLY TO MEET.

Special Session Will Be Called as Soon as the Governor of the Territory Is Installed.

Honolulu, June 5.—[Correspondence.]—A special session of the Legislature will be called as soon as the Governor of the territory of Hawaii is installed.

If thirty days' notice is given on June 14 the election will be held on July 14, and the members would assemble on July 23. This would bring the session to a close at the end of September.

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani unexpectedly arrived last night on the steamship City of Pekin. She is quoted as utterly opposed to taking any part whatever in local politics.

START A TRADE CAMPAIGN

GERMAN SOCIETIES WORKING FOR MORE LIBERAL TREATIES.

Belief That Work Will Be Too Late—Navy Bill Passes Reichstag by Vote of 201 Against 103—Dr. Liebknecht Enlivens Discussion by Attack on Government—Prince Hohenlohe Responds with a Laugh at Aged Socialist's Expense.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY D. B. MACGOWAN.]

BERLIN, June 12.—The Society for the Preparation of Commercial Treaties and other commercial organizations are planning a campaign for the renewal of more liberal treaties by holding mass-meetings throughout the empire next autumn. It is greatly to be feared, however, that the game is already lost, as the government has offered so little resistance to the Agrarians during the last two years that they now control the parliamentary situation.

Navy Bill Passes by Good Vote.

With only the Radicals and the Socialists opposing in the Reichstag the naval bill passed the third reading by a vote of 201 against 103, seventeen Clericals and two Conservatives joining the Democrats.

Richter's following of Socialists and Wolf's Poles and Alsatians were in the opposition. The Socialists left the hall as usual to avoid hearing the Emperor's message declaring the session at an end.

Liebknecht Starts a Debate.

Wilhelm Liebknecht, who has rarely spoken recently, enlivened the naval debate today when he accused the government of a wretched breach of faith by bringing the bill in before 1904. The Emperor's telegrams to the Transvaal and to England, he said, were openly satirized, and that the personal government was worse in Germany than it was in Russia.

President Ballestrem called him to order repeatedly, but Dr. Liebknecht continued, and demanded more money for schools and less for the army and navy. The Konitz events showed, he said, how far certain parts of Prussia were behind the civilized world. He then spoke with growing bitterness, and characterized the naval bill as a raid of greed against the German people.

Response of Hohenlohe.

Prince Hohenlohe answered the aged Socialist and cited facts showing the desire for a navy was general throughout Germany in the revolutionary period preceding the establishment of the empire, and had never since been extinguished. He parried Dr. Liebknecht with a pleasantry and said: "In those days we lived nice and comfortable, we paid few taxes, and we had no Agrarians."

Hopes Fog Will Raise.

Liebermann von Sonnenberg, the anti-Semitic wag, said he hoped the English fog separating the Emperor and his people would soon be lifted.

Minister von Bülow answered that the policy of the Emperor and the government was dictated by national interest and not by any sentiment of sympathy or antipathy.

MEET CHECK NEAR ACCRA

BRITISH RELIEF FOR KUMASSI IN FIGHT ABOVE PRAH RIVER.

Casualties to Commands of Colonel Carter and Major Wilkinson Said to Have Been Heavy—Ashantis Found in Strongly Intrenched Position—Rains Constitute Additional Impediment—Only One Gunboat to Guard Entire Coast Line.

ACCRA, African Gold Coast, June 12.—Details have been received here of another serious reverse to the relief column under Colonel Carter and Major Wilkinson a day's march north of the Prah. There were heavy casualties.

The latest rumors report a further disaster to a detachment on the north bank of the Prah, which is now flooded, and where the Ashantis were found strongly intrenched. Colonel Willcock's advance has been delayed by rains which have destroyed the bridges on the Prahsu road.

Fears for Kumassi.

The continued absence of news from Kumassi tends to confirm the discouraging views as to the safety of the Governor and his staff. The coast towns are apprehensive of their own safety.

The British gunboat Magpie, stationed at Accra, is the sole protection for the coast.

Colony in Grave Danger.

Owing to the difficulty encountered in procuring carriers the enforcement of a labor ordinance is threatened, but such a step is considered inadvisable in view of the present temper of the inhabitants and the unprotected condition of the colony. The general opinion is that the present force is inadequate to cope with the situation and the local government apparently fails to recognize its gravity.

GRANT DEFEATS THE REBELS.

Filipino Stronghold in the Mountains East of Samiguet Captured After Hard Fight.

MANILA, June 12.—General Grant, who led reinforcements, with artillery, against the insurgents in the mountains east of Samiguet, reports the capture of the rebel stronghold, after four hours' fighting. The rebels were scattered, and the Americans are pursuing them. General Grant's column had no casualties.

Washington, D. C., June 12.—General MacArthur cabled the War department today as follows:

Report capture Generals Hizon, near Mexico, and Cavestany, at Alcala, both important; latter important leader of guerrillas in Pangasinan Province (Luzon). MACARTHUR.

Dr. Smith's African Explorations.

LONDON, June 12.—Dr. Donaldson Smith, the Philadelphia explorer, who recently reached Cairo in good health, had a remarkable journey from Berberavia to Lakes Rudolf and Stefanie. From Uganda he was conveyed down the Nile to Khartum in an Anglo-Egyptian gunboat, the first vessel to traverse the upper Nile since the cutting of the Sudd. Dr. Smith accomplished much interesting work in hitherto unexplored regions.

TO RULE BY ROYAL EDICT

WARNING GIVEN TO ITALIAN CHAMBER BY CABINET PRESS.

Unless House Rules Are Enforced It Says Parliament Will Be Adjourned and Necessary Laws Enacted Under Seal of King Humbert—Archbishop Ireland Says He Has Never Disagreed with the Pope on Subject of Temporal Power.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY OSCAR DURANTE.]

ROME, June 12.—The Popolo Romano says: "The ministry is determined to energetically enforce the House rules, and should the best efforts fail to check the obstructionism the government will see that the public business proceeds uninterruptedly."

This important semi-official statement is interpreted to mean that Parliament will be adjourned unless the rules are enforced, and the government will then enact laws by royal decree. In the meantime the obstructionists insist they will not yield. The King is to inaugurate the new Parliament Saturday.

Chicagoans in Rome.

Among the Chicago arrivals in Rome are Madames Louis Hanchett, Chauncey Foster, and Joseph Emmet.

Ireland Upholds Temporal Power.

In a letter written to the Duke of Norfolk by Archbishop Ireland, the Archbishop, referring to Cardinal Rampolla, says: "My pen nor lips have never uttered one word contrary to the ideas of the Pontiff regarding the temporal power."

Pope Leo Is Improving.

The Pope has almost entirely recovered from the fatigue of last Sunday's elaborate ceremonies.

ROBBERS GET VALUABLE GEMS.

Those Stolen from Mexican Cathedral Said to Be Worth Not Less than Thirty Thousand Dollars.

City of Mexico, June 12.—It is stated that the value of the jewels stolen from the cathedral at Campeche the first of the month by robbers, one of whom afterward tried to assassinate a young man of whom he begged food, was not less than $30,000.

The editorial staff of Vose de Mexico, Clerical organ, was confined in prison for articles attacking in a libelous manner the army, and now their sentence has been confirmed and made unappealable by the Supreme Court. They are to be confined in prison six months.

El Tiempo practically retracts what it said concerning the obscuration of Archbishop Averarardi, papal delegate, since he returned to Rome. The attacks on the Archbishop have made a stir in clerical circles. He is known to many members of the American episcopacy.

Crane to Be Buried at Newark.

LONDON, June 12.—The body of Stephen Crane, the American novelist, who died June 5 at Badenweiler, was brought to London today by Mrs. Crane. It will be sent to the United States next week and probably buried at Newark, N. J.

SAMPSON GETS PRIZE MONEY.

Profits by the Work of Schley in Destroying the Spanish Fleet.

IS MATTER OF DISTANCE.

Court Rules That Ships Within Signaling Range Come Under the Law.

ACTION IS NOT ESSENTIAL.

Washington, D. C., June 12.—[Special.]—Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson was the commander-in-chief of the American fleet which defeated the Spanish forces in the battle off Santiago.

The battleship New York participated in the destruction of the Spanish fleet under such conditions as to be able to render effective aid if required to do so.

Rear Admiral William T. Sampson is entitled to his proportion of the prize money accruing from the destruction of the Spanish fleet. This proportion is one-twentieth of the total amount of the prize money, $166,700, or $8,335.

Commodore Winfield S. Schley was the commanding officer of a division or squadron of the American fleet, and was under the orders of the commander-in-chief. Schley, as second in command, is entitled to one-fiftieth of the prize money, amounting to $158,365, after deducting Rear Admiral Sampson's allowance. This fiftieth amounts to $3,168.

Profits by Schley's Work.

Schley, who actually destroyed the Spanish fleet, will get $3,168, while Sampson, who was within signaling distance only, will receive more than double that amount, or $8,335.

This is the decision of the Court of Claims handed down today in which the status of Admirals Schley and Sampson is determined judiciously. The decision was rendered in a suit brought to ascertain if the Harvard, Resolute, and Fern formed a part of the fleet under command of Rear Admiral Sampson.

The court held these vessels were engaged in the destruction of the Spanish forces, as they were within signaling distance. That they did not participate in the battle, it is held, is no fault of the officers of those vessels, but is because their services were not needed.

Judge Peelle delivered the opinion, which says:

"The recent ruling of this court in the case of Admiral Dewey affirmed by the Supreme Court, to the effect that the land batteries and torpedoes were not to be reckoned in determining the force of the Spanish vessels destroyed in the naval engagement in Manilla Bay, eliminates from our consideration that question in this case. The officers and enlisted men of the vessels of the American fleet who participated in the engagement at Santiago de Cuba are entitled to share in the bounty, about which there is no controversy, but as to the officers and enlisted men of the United States steamships Harvard, Resolute, and Fern there is a controversy, and herein lies the only disputed question presented for our determination.

"The findings show that the three vessels named were 'armed, officered, and manned by the United States, and under the control of the Department of the Navy' and the commander-in-chief of the fleet; that they and each of them, were 'within signaling distance of the vessel or vessels' engaged in the destruction of the Spanish vessels, and, too, 'under such circumstances and in such condition as to be able to render effective aid if required.'

"While it is true that the payment of prize money or bounty for the capture or destruction of enemies' vessels was intended by way of reward for bravery in action, the statutes, as we have seen, contemplated vessels entitled to share who are able but who were not required to render effective aid. Being armed vessels they would, if required, have been able to render effective aid. The degree of such aid is not material.

Entitled to Prize Money.

"This question is met by the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of the ironclad Atlanta. Our duty is simply to announce and apply the law, and there our power ends. Such we have endeavored briefly to do, and the result is that the officers and men of the U. S. S. Harvard, Resolute, and Fern are entitled to share in the bounty for the destruction of Spanish vessels.

"Pursuant to the provisions of the statutes judgment will be rendered in favor of the claimant, William T. Sampson, for his proportion (one-twentieth) of the bounty accruing from the destruction of the Spanish vessels, in the sum of $8,335.

"It is ordered that the residue herein found, —to wit: $158,365—be apportioned among the remaining officers and enlisted men of the vessels claiming—to wit: The United States steamships New York, Brooklyn, Oregon, Iowa, Indiana, Texas, Gloucester, Vixen, Hist, Ericsson, Harvard, Resolute, and the Fern, according to their respective rights under the statutes relating thereto."

The decision of the court coming at this time, it is said, will undoubtedly reopen the Schley-Sampson controversy and may have a bad effect in the fall elections. Neither Schley nor Sampson has been promoted as a result of the battle at Santiago, but Admiral Schley ranks Admiral Sampson two numbers by the operation of the personnel law.

LAST PARADE AT WEST POINT.

Senior Cadets Finish Drill and Will Receive Diplomas Today from Secretary Root.

West Point, N. Y., June 12.—[Special.]—The class of 1900 gave its last parade tonight. At 10 o'clock tomorrow morning Secretary of War Root will hand the graduates their diplomas. From that instant they will be fullfledged officers in the United States army. At noon today big guns boomed in honor of General Otis. He was met at the boat landing by Secretary Root, Superintendent Collins, and the battalion of cadets. General Otis is a guest of Colonel Mills. At 5 o'clock General Miles arrived with his staff. He was escorted to Colonel Larned's quarters. General Miles reviewed the cadets. Tonight Cullum Memorial Building was turned into a banquet hall. Hundreds of guests listened to the speeches which were delivered by General Egbert Veile, Secretary Root, General Miles, General Otis, General McCook, and others. The hall was given to Colonel Mills by the trustees, and he turned it over to Secretary Root, who received it in behalf of the government. The second class will leave on a three months' furlough tomorrow. Generals Otis and Miles and Secretary Root will leave immediately after the distribution of diplomas.

FINISHES REPORT ON CANAL.

Special Commission on Drainage Channel, Appointed by Tanner, Completes Its Work.

The special commission appointed by Governor Tanner a year ago to inspect the drainage channel and report whether the work had been done in accordance with the law has completed its official report. The commission, which is composed of John Lambert of Joliet, Isaac Taylor of Peoria, and Albert Schoch of Ottawa, will meet today to approve the report. Chief Engineer Randolph spent the day at Joliet inspecting the work on the unfinished portions of the canal.

John V. Farwell's Health Improving.

John V. Farwell, who is ill at his home in Lake Forest, continues to improve. Dr. Alfred C. Haven, who is attending Mr. Farwell, says he will be up in a few days.

AMERICAN RULE IN CUBA IS CRITICISED BY GEN. MAXIMO GOMEZ.

Says the Government Is Carelessly Applied and That Economy Is Not Observed—High Salaries for Incompetent Men—Significance of Elections.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE NEW YORK WORLD AND THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

HAVANA, June 12.—General Maximo Gomez said today:

"I do not believe that the Cuban funds have been properly handled. The conduct of the affairs of the island has been characterized by carelessness and unnecessary expenditure of public money. Some Cubans have shared in this. Many unnecessary positions have been created.

"An example of this was called to my attention the other day. I learned that some Cubans who do not know the difference between a jucaro and a pine tree had been appointed inspectors of woods at salaries of $250 a month each.

"Cuba looks to the United States to remedy any wrongs in the administration of its affairs and we are confident the United States will punish officials who are proven dishonest in the same way that we would punish them ourselves."

"Will the elections next week indicate the relative strength of the independent and annexation elements among your people?"

"I think not; but the election of delegates to a constitutional convention, which will naturally follow the impending elections, will have a great deal of significance. The lines between the independent and annexationist elements will then be clearly defined. The result will, I am sure, show overwhelming strength of the independent faction."

FATAL ACCIDENTS TO CHILDREN

Two Run Over and Killed in the Street —One Creeps to Stove and Is Burned.

Two children were run over and killed yesterday and a baby died from being burned.

The Dead.

CATANA LEO, aged 11 months, 38 West Ohio street, crept to stove and clothing was ignited. Verdict of accidental death.

FALKEN, CHARLES, 3 years old, 720 West North avenue, run over and killed by runaway horses driven by Charles Dittmer.

FREGANDO, PHILIP, age 3, 151 Larrabee street, run over by wagon driven by Charles Krueger, 82 Division street. Died in an hour.

The Fregando child was crossing Larrabee street holding to his mother's hand, when the wagon of Charles Krueger came south. The child broke loose from the mother's hand and ran in front of the wagon. Krueger was arrested and held until the Coroner's jury decided that the child's death was accidental.

ARREST THREE AS HIGHWAYMEN

Desplaines Street Police Capture Men Who Answer Descriptions of West Side Robbers.

Three men who answer the description of those who committed some of the recent robberies in the Warren avenue police district are under arrest at the Desplaines Street Police Station. The prisoners are: John Wojoskiziski, alias Walsh; Adam Hamaris, alias "Scully"; and Stephen Miller. They were arrested by Policemen Weisse and Mahoney.

DUE TO EARLY MARRIAGES.

Matrimony Is Responsible for Much Poverty, Morris Goldstein Declares.

Causes which produce poverty in large population centers were discussed at the second day's session of the National Conference of Jewish Charities at Sinai Temple. The opinion that lack of employment was the principal cause of distress among the working classes was generally concurred in by the majority of the speakers. Vice President I. S. Isaacs presided.

The debate was opened by Max Herzberg, who read a paper on the "Relations of Bad Housing and Poverty," prepared by Dr. M. Reitzenstein of New York.

Morris Goldstein of Cincinnati followed with a paper on "Causes of Poverty and the Remedial Effects of Organized Charity." He said, among other things:

"Early marriages among the poor are one of the chief causes of poverty, and all organized charities should use their utmost endeavors to discourage them. They develop and perpetuate a pauperism and load down the lists of the charity societies with pensioners."

Dr. Lee K. Frankel of New York discussed the subject "Tuberculosis as Affecting Jewish Charities." He quoted from statistics in proof of the assertion that consumption is increasing at an alarming rate among Jews in thickly populated districts.

The following committees were announced by the chairman:

Resolutions—The Rev. Max Landsberg, chairman; Dr. H. Wolfenstein, Mrs. Emma Eckhouse, Edward Grauman, Alexander Artlieb.

Membership—B. Wolff, chairman; Moses Brenner, Julian Haar, Mrs. Sol Fox, Edward Grauman.

Nominations—Dr. Lee K. Frankel, chairman; H. S. Mary, Meyer H. Levy, Mrs. Sol Fox, Mrs. Leo M. Loeb.

During the afternoon a Committee on Membership was appointed, consisting of Moses Brenner of Baltimore, Julian Haar of Kansas City, Edward Gramman of Louisville, B. Wolf of Montgomery, Ala., and Mrs. Sol Fox of St. Paul.

In the evening an address was delivered by Dr. Hirsch on "The Place of the Individual in Modern Philanthropy."

LIGHT ON ELEVATOR SCANDAL.

Slaughter & Co. Refuse to Surrender Indiana Receipts Until Full Repayment of Their Loans.

A rumor given currency in an afternoon paper yesterday credited the committee engaged in investigating the records of the Railroad and Warehouse commission with having made an important discovery of a new scandal in connection with the sortage of grain in the Indiana elevator, owned by the Chicago Elevator company.

The story ran that after the middle of January, when Registrar Hogan and the Commissioners discovered that grain had been shipped out of the elevator without the cancellation of the receipts, 410,000 bushels more shipped out and the receipts for only 20,000 bushels canceled.

This alleged exposure and discovery is not a new one, however. That this grain had been shipped out has been known since the first publication of the facts connected with the elevator scandal. The receipts were not canceled because A. O. Slaughter & Co., who held them as collateral for loans, refused to surrender them until the payment in full of their loans to the Chicago Elevator company.

Republican National Convention.

June 14 to 18, inclusive, the Baltimore and Ohio railroad will sell tickets, Chicago to Philadelphia and return at $18.00; good to return June 26,

BENNY YANGER AND DIXON DRAW

Local Pugilist and Ex-Featherweight Champion Fight at Tattersall's.

HONORS OF BATTLE EVEN.

Tipton Slasher Makes Fine Showing Against Experienced Adversary.

M'GOVERN DEFEATS WHITE.

George Dixon and Benny Yanger draw—six rounds.

Terry McGovern knocks out Tommy White—three rounds.

Benny Yanger and George Dixon fought six rounds to a draw at Tattersall's last night. It was a meeting between a youngster just entering the portals of the citadel of pugilistic fame and a veteran who long ago crossed the threshold, and is now nearing the exit.

Credit is given to both of them by the 5,000 or 6,000 spectators who saw the battle, and went away well satisfied—satisfied that the little colored man, who had been one of the fighting wonders of the world, has not entirely lost his cunning, and that the little Italian, whose rise in pugilism has been of a meteoric character, was able to sustain his reputation against such an old ring general as his opponent.

The windup came as a fitting climax to a show that was interesting from start to finish. Two rival bag-punchers opened the card, and a knockout resulted. In the succeeding bout a fighter met a boxer, and again the referee tolled off the fatetul ten seconds. Then came a family argument, in which Ryan met Ryan. A spirited contest was the result, and for good, clean punching and general hard work the bout was well calculated to put the crowd on edge for the two remaining bouts.

The Jeffries-Stift battle was one of those see-saw affairs which make men move uneasily in their seats, but the terminal point was not reached until the six rounds were completed. Then came the windup.

Few Italians in Attendance.

The meeting of Yanger and Dixon brought out the fight fans in force. Around the ringside were many prominent politicians. The gallery, which was packed, seemed to be full of Dixon adherents, while scattered through all parts of the house were small crowds of the colored men, who had come to see the little champion of their race do battle once again.

The Italian colony was not much in evidence, the men who hail from the shores of the Adriatic evidently not taking much interest in the prowess of their countryman who had forsaken the sports of Rome and Naples for the Anglo-Saxon game of fisticuffs.

Neither Malachy Hogan nor George Siler, the usual referees at Tattersall's, appeared. The little breeze occasioned by the telegrams sent from New York on Monday, purporting to be from Tom O'Rourke, were recalled when the Gotham man made his appearance in the ring. From all parts of the house were heard cries for Siler, and the New-Yorker must have felt a trifle uneasy as he realized he was in the enemy's country. It fell to Paddy Carroll to officiate as referee in the last two events, and he escaped without damage to his nerves or pugilistic escutcheon.

Bulletins from the White-McGovern fight enlivened the proceedings, the announcement that White had been sent down for a count of six being greeted with applause. All the world loves a winner, and greater applause followed when it was made known that the invincible Terry had finished the Chicago man in three rounds. Eddie Santry was at the ringside and smiled pleasantly at the news.

Late in Getting to Battle.

The preliminary bouts were late in starting, and it was nearly 11 o'clock when Dixon climbed through the ropes. He was accompanied by Tom O'Rourke, Harry Forbes, W. Nelson, and a colored assistant.

Yanger came a few seconds later, being escorted by Tommy Ryan, Ole Olsen, and J. Hertz. Dixon wore white trunks and Yanger was attired in some of a salmon colored hue. The colored boy appeared a trifle big in the abdominal region. There was not much disparity in the greeting accorded each by the crowd. Both men were given considerable applause, but there was no great demonstration over the entry of either.

They tossed for corners and Dixon was relegated into that on the southeast side of the ring.

FIRST ROUND—They fiddled for an opening. Dixon being the first to lead. His left for the body was neatly blocked. Yanger side stepped a left swing and then blocked a left for his face. Yanger sent a light left to the breast and they fiddled some more. Yanger drove his right to the ribs, Dixon following. Another clinch followed, in which they indulged in some ineffective infighting. Dixon blocked a left lead. Yanger countered with a left swing to the ribs. Dixon countering with a left on the breast. Dixon swung his left to the stomach, but his left for the head was neatly blocked. Dixon fell short on a left swing and Yanger sent his left for the stomach. Dixon sent a right to the body and then pulled Yanger down. Yanger sent his left for the stomach. Dixon sent a straight left to the body and then pulled Yanger down. Yanger sent his left for the stomach. Dixon sent a straight left to the body and then pulled Yanger down. Yanger sent his left for the stomach. Dixon fell short on a left swing and Yanger sent his left for the stomach. Dixon sent a right

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FOR HEADACHE,
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rich in flavor.
DENNEHY & CO.,
CHICAGO
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BICYCLES
After the day's work
is done the ride home
on a MONARCH Bi-
CYCLE is both pleas-
ure and recreation.
Prices to suit ev-
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MONARCH HEADQUARTERS,
MONARCH SALES ROOMS,
WABASH AVE.
NEAR VAN BUREN. 501 W. MADISON ST.
PANS
of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will
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FOR BASIS OF REPRESENTATION

Two-thirds Plan of Payne to Be Brought Up in the National Committee.

CONTESTS ARE ON TODAY.

Leaders of the Republican Columns Arrive in the Convention City.

MANY COMING FROM CANTON.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Philadelphia, Pa., June 12.—[Special.]—Henry E. Tiepke, ex-Mayor of Pawtucket and Commissioner of Industrial Statistics of Rhode Island, who represents that State in the Republican National committee, in connection with General J. M. Ashton of Washington and others, will introduce in the Republican National committee meeting at its session tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock the question of the basis of representation, changing the existing method from a majority to two-thirds.

This proposed change was first introduced before the committee at a meeting in Milwaukee Nov. 25 last by Henry C. Payne of Wisconsin. The resolution referred to the present basis of representation in Republican National conventions as "unjust and unequal," and then recommends to the next national convention that a new basis of representation be established as follows:

"Each State to be entitled to four delegates-at-large and one additional delegate for each 10,000 votes or majority fraction thereof cast at the last preceding Presidential election for Republican Electors, and four delegates from each organized Territory and the District of Columbia.

"In allotting delegates to the States as provided, aside from delegates-at-large, they shall be divided as near as practicable among the several Congressional districts of the States, the basis shall be the same, and where it is necessary to unite one or more Congressional districts for the purpose of carrying out these resolutions contiguous districts may be united."

Opposed by Senator Hanna.

Mr. Tiepke said this morning that the Payne resolution would be introduced to the attention of the National committee at its meeting tomorrow. "But," said Mr. Tiepke, "I am doubtful as to its success, as Mr. Hanna is opposed to it, although he favored it originally. There will be a determined effort to secure the two-thirds rule. As matters now stand each State has, arbitrarily, four delegates. All others get what they earn."

The Republican National committee will meet tomorrow at noon and officially open the Presidential campaign of 1900.

Chairman Marcus A. Hanna will call the meeting to order. Invocations today there will be but two absentees, Richard Kerens of Missouri and General James Harrison Wilson of Delaware, who at present is in Cuba. It is understood that General Wilson will resign from the committee, as he desires to hold his military post in Cuba. His successor will probably be former United States Senator Anthony Higgins, who is the acknowledged leader of what is known as the "regular" Republicans, who are opposed to the other element of the party, known as the Addicks faction.

List of Contests.

When the National committee meets at the Hotel Walton tomorrow it will consider the list of contesting delegations to the Presidential convention.

President McKinley's neighbors from Canton, O., are coming here to attend the conference of his forces. George P. Miller reached here late this afternoon and made arrangements for 200 loyal friends of the President, who will arrive from Canton in special cars. They will bring with them the Grand Army Band of Canton.

Meeting in New York.

New York, June 12.—[Special.]—B. B. Odell, Senator Platt, Senator Depew, and Governor Roosevelt, the four delegates-at-large to the National Republican convention, will meet in this city on Friday and will go to Philadelphia on Friday night or Saturday morning.

NEW YORK OUT OF THE RACE.

Determined by the Republican Leaders to Come West for Vice Presidential Candidate.

Washington, D. C., June 12.—[Special.]—New York has been entirely eliminated from the Vice Presidential race, and consequently the West has been turned to for a candidate for the second place on the Republican national ticket. This statement is made upon the authority of a member of the administration.

Governor Roosevelt's reiteration today that he would not accept the nomination and that his decision is irrevocable, of course has had some weight in the determination to go West for a candidate. The leaders do not wish to be put in the attitude of forcing Governor Roosevelt to run against his will, and, aside from this, the administration was only lukewarm toward him.

As the other candidates are removed a great many more persons are turning toward Dolliver, and tonight his chances of securing the nomination are better than they have been at any time since his name was mentioned. There are many persons in Washington tonight who predict that Dolliver will be nominated by acclamation.

SITUATION MIXED IN OHIO.

On Eve of Democratic Convention Various Slates Are Being Put Forward.

Columbus, O., June 12.—[Special.]—On the eve of the Ohio Democratic State convention everything is at sea in regard to the State ticket and delegates-at-large to the Kansas City convention. The result of the district meetings today demonstrated the hold of McLean on the party machinery to be used next year, when the fight for Senator will be on.

The story, which is being circulated by the anti-McLean men for all it is worth, goes on to say that the slate will contain only three names up to the hour of convention meeting, and then McLean will be added as the fourth, and the convention taken by surprise.

Allen W. Thurman, "Abe" Patrick, Ulysses Sloane, A. J. Warner, Horace L. Chapman, W. W. Durbin, and others of prominence declare that there is no reason why after reaffirming the Chicago platform, the party in Ohio should again specifically mention the money question. There will be no specific reference to 16 to 1, if they can prevent it.

FIGHT ON WALL IS PROLONGED.

Wisconsin Democrats Fail to Settle Contest—Chicago Platform Is Reaffirmed.

Delegates-at-large—David S. Rose, Milwaukee; Orsen S. Hilton, Oshkosh; E. P. Plummer, Louis G. Bomerich, Kenosha.
Alternates—G. W. Bird, Madison; T. J. Fleming, Milwaukee; C. L. Hood, La Crosse; T. L. Cleary, Hurley.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 12.—[Special.]—The row over the Democratic National committeeship was not settled by the Democratic State convention today, notwithstanding the claims of E. C. Wall's friends that it was so. The fight for the position, which will be on as fiercely as ever, will be transferred to Kansas City for final settlement.

The outcome of the fight, it is conceded, will depend on the vote of the four men who are elected delegates-at-large. Both sides say that the contests in the Congressional district caucuses were an even thing, and that each received ten votes as a result of the election of district delegates.

Of the delegates-at-large Bomerich and Plummer are pledged to Mr. Ryan, so if the figures given are correct it means that the delegation is evenly divided.

In addition to the strength which is claimed positively for Ryan is the vote of David S. Rose, who yesterday promised he would support Ryan. Some of the adherents of the Waukesha man, however, do not bank too heavily on this support, especially as they think that Rose sacrificed Ryan's interests in the convention today in order to secure the position of chairman of the Wisconsin delegation.

The platform reaffirms the Chicago platform of 1896 and instructs for Bryan. The Republicans are criticised for the Porto Rican legislation, for inaugurating a system of "imperialism," for militarism, for the war taxes, for "fostering trusts," for alleged corruption, and for the Cuba postal frauds. A reduction of internal revenue taxes is demanded. Senators by direct vote and a tariff for revenue only are favored. Trusts are condemned and sympathy is extended to the Boers.

At the district caucuses this morning the following delegates were chosen to Kansas City:

First District—Gilbert T. Hodges, Monroe; R. E. Richardson, Racine.
Second—J. E. Malone, Dodge County; Jobe Mills, Columbia County.
Third—J. Montgomery Smith, Mineral Point; C. P. White, Vernon County.
Fourth—Frank Falk, Milwaukee; Clinton Burnham, Milwaukee.
Fifth—T. E. Ryan, Waukesha; Charles Wiese, Sheboygan Falls.
Sixth—F. B. Hoskins, Fond du Lac; W. F. Nash, Two Rivers.
Seventh—W. H. Frawley, Eau Claire; R. M. McCoy, Monroe.
Eighth—J. M. Baer, Appleton; W. W. Crane, Weyauwega.
Ninth—John Noonan, Oconto; Julius Thielman, Lincoln County.
Tenth—W. H. Stafford, Dunn County; G. C. Cooper, Douglas County.

LORIMER ACTIVE FOR DOLLIVER.

Trying to Influence the Illinois Delegates to Support the Iowan at Philadelphia.

Congressman Lorimer has become the active advocate of the candidacy of Congressman J. P. Dolliver for Vice President. From saying that the Iowan should be the running mate of President McKinley he has got down to business and undertaken to influence as many of the Illinois delegates as he can to vote for his Congressional confrere.

There was a story yesterday that when the Cook County Republican Marching club reached Philadelphia it would do everything in its power to create enthusiasm for the Iowa candidate. For this reason, it was said, Mr. Lorimer had interested himself in getting the County committee to take hold of the club and send it to the convention in such style and numbers as to make not only a creditable showing for the party organization in Chicago, but to attract attention.

The story, however, met with positive denial from all the members of the committee.

How many delegates Mr. Lorimer can induce to stand with him is a disputed question. The political prophets give him all those from the Cook County districts except Frank O. Lowden, Graeme Stewart, Fred L. Wilke, B. E. Sunny, and Ephraim Banning. These five are not counted for the reason that nobody has ventured to speak for them.

The committee will meet at 10 o'clock this morning to complete arrangements for the trip.

Republican League Clubs.

The Executive Committee of Republican League Clubs for Illinois met at the Great Northern Hotel, and decided on July 10 as the date for a State convention. Isaac Miller Hamilton presided, and William B. Ridgley of Springfield was secretary. The naming of a place for the convention was left to a committee, to be appointed by the chairman. Springfield, Peoria, Bloomington, and Rockford are candidates.

Wetmore Returned to Senate.

Providence, R. I., June 12.—The General Assembly today reelected George Peabody Wetmore, the Republican incumbent, as Senator. The House voted to submit an amendment to the constitution providing for the abolishment of Newport as one of the State capitals.

Congressional Nominations.

State.	Dist.	Party.	Candidate.
Iowa	7th	Rep	W. I. Hayes.
Iowa	9th	Rep	W. L. Smith.
W. Va.	4th	Rep	James A. Hughes.

TO MOVE UNWELCOME CLASS.

South Side Protective Association, to Clean Territory of Disreputable Characters, Is Incorporated.

Citizens who formed the South Side Protective association last January filed a certificate of incorporation with the Secretary of State at Springfield yesterday. The object of the association is given as "protection against disreputable characters."

The society was formed for the purpose of ridding the territory bounded by Twenty-second and Twenty-ninth streets, the lake, and a line 125 feet east of State street of disreputable persons. The territory did not include State street, for it was thought impossible to work effectively in that territory.

The society uses suasion only. Persons whose presence is objectionable are asked to move, and if they refuse the police, who have cooperated with citizens, use their suasive powers. The incorporators are John P. Ahrens, William S. Forest, and Thomas J. Holmes.

DR. DEVOE HURT AT CHEYENNE.

Thrown from a Horse While Making Investigations for the Government in the Big Horn Basin.

Cheyenne, Wyo., June 12.—[Special.]—Dr. W. S. Devoe of Chicago, who is making investigations in the Big Horn Basin for the Bureau of Animal Industry of the Department of Agriculture, was painfully injured by being thrown from a horse yesterday. His injuries are not fatal.

If contemplating a California trip, save money and secure comfort. Call upon or address Phillips-Judson Co., 849 Marquette Bldg., Chicago.

DR. HENRY WADE ROGERS, WHO HAS RESIGNED.

His resignation as President of Northwestern University was unanimously accepted yesterday by the Board of Trustees.

ROGERS RESIGNS AS PRESIDENT

(Continued from first page.)

I could not because of certain other things thrown in my path," he said after the meeting. "I think it would not be a wise plan to say anything now. There was opposition on the part of certain trustees that made it impossible for me to carry out my policies."

None of the trustees could be found who would acknowledge being one of a clique that has opposed Dr. Rogers. All expressed regret that the action taken should have become necessary, yet all seemed glad to have it over.

The trustees all expressed a liking for Dr. Rogers personally, but many said he has not been a model President. They were reticent about the matter, however, and most of them refused to specify in what particular they regarded his work as unsatisfactory.

"I do not know in what Dr. Rogers failed," said J. Parkhurst. "All of the trustees were not against him by any means. Some seemed to feel that while he was an excellent dean of a law school, he never could make a President of such a school as this. He could formulate no definite plans and bring them to actuality, because he recognized it would be impossible to push them."

This indefinite dissatisfaction would have come to no results, some said, had Dr. Rogers succeeded in raising the money asked for, but further than making an appeal for aid in his annual report they declare nothing was done.

Board Adjourns in a Flurry.

The trustees had not considered the question of raising a fund in the morning, but intended to take it up in the afternoon. The resignation, however, caused excitement, and after it was accepted a motion to adjourn was passed without a dissenting vote, although much business was left undone. No time was set for the next meeting.

After July 15 Dr. Rogers will take a long rest and complete a book he is now compiling on international law and diplomacy. He has been informally offered a position as dean of the law department of the University of Minnesota, but said he had not decided whether he would accept it and would not commit himself. He will remain in Evanston for some months and then probably take a trip abroad.

His successor, the trustees say, has not even been considered. For several years, whenever a rumor of Dr. Rogers' leaving the institution has been current, Dr. Robert D. Sheppard, Treasurer, has been mentioned as his probable successor. A member of the faculty will be selected for Acting President until the vacancy is filled.

The board elected Mrs. Martha Foote Crowe as dean of women. She has been a member of the faculty of the University of Chicago, and has been attached to the faculty of Dearborn Seminary for several years. She is not in the city, but will accept the call. She will fill the chair of assistant professor of English literature, the modern novel and essay. Ulysses S. Grant, acting professor of mineralogy, was given the William Deering chair as professor of science.

Will Build a Settlement House.

The promoters of the Northwestern University Settlement announced through the President's annual report that enough money has been raised to make the building of a permanent home for the settlement assured. Harry F. Ward, superintendent of the work, has been canvassing for the fund and has collected $36,000. A friend of the work whose name is withheld gave $25,000, and others have given as follows:

Mrs. Charles B. Pope	$3,000
J. W. Doane, New York	1,000
Mrs. C. H. Rowe	1,000
Hugh R. Wilson	2,500
A friend	1,000
Professor Charles F. Bradley	250
J. C. Shaffer	500
Mrs. Emma Blaine	500
Mrs. Thomas Balmer (collected)	134

Three lots, 78x124 feet in all, have been purchased at Noble avenue and Augusta street, in the Sixteenth Ward, and on these a new building will be erected at once. The site of the settlement is 512 West Chicago avenue, but the quarters are crowded and a change has been desired for some time. The new building is to be a three-story brick structure with an auditorium large enough for religious, economic, political, and social meetings. Playrooms, reading-rooms, and living quarters will be provided and the students of Northwestern University will be asked to furnish some of the apartments.

Members of the Board of Trustees who were present at the meeting are:

Robert D. Sheppard, John B. Kirk,
J. J. Parkhurst, Henry Wade Rogers,
David McCulloch, Williams, James H. Raymond,
Nina Gray Hunt, Oliver H. Horton,
Henry H. Sage, William Deering,
Norman W. Harris, Merritt C. Bragdon,
Dr. N. S. Davis Jr., William A. Fuller,
Harvey B. Hurd, James B. Hobbs,
John R. Bensdorf, Henry F. Brandon,
A. H. Revell, Lorin C. Collins,
H. H. C. Miller, William A. Dyche,
Charles Bunker, Rev. J. Brushingham,
Milton H. Wilson, Rev. J. F. Berry,
Dr. Edmund A. Andrews, Rev. Arthur Edwards,
Dr. N. S. Davis Sr.

Trustees elected at the meeting are F. O. Lowden, C. C. Wheeler, and Mrs. M. R. Shumway.

Career of Dr. Rogers.

Dr. Henry Wade Rogers was born in Trenton Falls, N. Y., in 1853, as Henry Rogers Wade. His father died when he was quite young, and he was adopted by his uncle and took his name, Henry Wade Rogers. He spent his youth in Buffalo, N. Y., where he prepared for college in the Heathcote School and in a private school. He entered Hamilton College in 18 and joined the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity. In his sophomore year he left school because of ill health. His uncle, in office Grover Cleveland began the law, moved to Ann Arbor in 1871, and there the young man entered the University of Michigan in 1872. In 1874 he was graduated with the degree of A. B., and he received the degree of A. M. in 1876. Later he studied law under Judge Cooley, whom he assisted in compiling his law treatises. He was admitted to the bar in 1877 and went to Minnesota, where he was associated with E. M. Wilson. His health again failing he went to New Jersey, and there was married to Miss Winner, daughter of John Ogden Tappin of Michigan, and a few years later was chosen dean of the law department of one of the schools in the University of Michigan. He built up the school from a small one to one of the largest law schools in the country. When Josiah Cummings, President of Northwestern University, died in 1890 he was elected to his present place.

FOR BRYAN BUT NOT FOR SILVER

Democratic Executive Committee Makes Plans for the State Convention.

NO MENTION OF RATIO.

In Other Respects the Nebraskan's Ideas Will Be Given Indorsement.

HURST TO SOUND KEYNOTE.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Springfield, Ill., June 13.—[Special.]—The Executive committee of the Democratic State Central committee met here today and selected Elmore W. Hurst of Rock Island as the temporary chairman of the State convention, with John W. Rapp of Fairfield temporary secretary. The sergeant-at-arms will be John A. Logan, the Chief of Police of Elgin, who was suggested for the position by Dennis J. Hogan. The committeemen present were Messrs. Eldred, Burke, Mounts, Quinn, Gahan, Loeffler, Jones, Hogan, Watson, Dunlap, Heenan, Ricks, and Hope.

Among the prominent Democrats who were here were Theodore Nelson and E. J. Novak of Chicago, Judge O. P. Thompson of Jacksonville, Charles Boeschenstein of Edwards, candidate for Secretary of State J. K. Dickinson of Lawrenceville, Congressman Crowley, ex-Congressman Hunter, John McAdams of Quincy, Judge R. B. Shirley and John J. Mumme of East St. Louis.

It was determined today to drop silver. The State platform will make no reference to 16 to 1, but it will be a Bryan convention in all other ways.

At the meeting the State Central committee may also take up and settle the fight between "Andy" Hunter and "Joe" Crowley, over the Congressional nomination in the Nineteenth District. Both men were told today that unless they make some agreement the State Central committee would take a hand. Crowley and Hunter have had several talks this afternoon. Hunter wants to leave the matter to arbitration, or to give the Democratic voters of Coles County another chance at the proposition, their decision to be final. But Crowley appears to be of the opinion that his chances for the recognition are good enough to warrant him in trusting his case with the State Central committee.

The Executive committee was in session a couple of hours and did not seem to have any particular trouble in fixing up its business matters. In fact, many of the members left on the late afternoon train for Chicago.

There was no particular enthusiasm manifested by any of the Democrats over their chances of success this year. It was said that Mr. Hurst might possibly be the nominee for Governor in case the convention gets in a deadlock between Orendorff, Orseifen, and Alschuler. Hurst is a great friend of Ben T. Cable, a representative of the young element in Democratic politics, and is regarded as an exceedingly capable man.

The candidates for Attorney General are W. H. Crove and Hardy Masters of Fulton. George E. Parsons of Gallatin would like to be nominated for State Auditor.

The convention will be held in the Hall of Representatives, and will be a one-day affair. Mr. Harrison probably will be one of the delegates-at-large, with "Tommy" Gahan, Dr. Watson, and either W. H. Hinrichsen or M. F. Dunlap.

The platform will be modeled along the lines of that adopted in Indianapolis a week ago.

As to the Governorship, the Democrats are all at sea. Harrison will not have it. Stephenson, always a dangerous quantity in a Democratic State convention, is coy, and the race is narrowed down to Orseifen, Alschuler, and Orendorff. Many of the hard-headed Democrats say that neither of these men is quite up to the standard, and they hope that some Moses will yet develop to lead them out of the wilderness.

Alschuler has a lot of friends in southern Illinois, made while he was in the General Assembly. He visited Mount Vernon a year ago and made a Fourth of July speech, supplementing it by a touring trip through Egypt.

MANY PLEDGES TO ORTSEIFEN.

Democratic Candidate for Gubernatorial Nomination Holds a Reception at His Headquarters.

Adam Ortseifen, assisted by Chairman Frank Wenter and Secretary Charles A. Werner of his Campaign committee, held a reception yesterday afternoon at his Sherman House headquarters and received pledges from hundreds of Democrats. Mr. Wenter said the reports from every ward indicated no fight will be made on his delegates at the primaries.

"I am convinced," continued Mr. Wenter, "that he will go to the convention with a solid Cook County delegation. That means he will have more delegates than any other candidate and should be able to form the winning combination."

There was a story that the leaders are planning to name M. F. Dunlap of Jacksonville as the standard-bearer and nominate Ortseifen for Treasurer. But because one of Richard Yates' principal backers and the manager of his pre-convention campaign is Mr. Dunlap's business partner, it is known he could not be induced to accept the Democratic nomination.

Samuel Alschuler was out in La Salle County capturing delegates, while Dennis Hogan was at the Springfield meeting looking after his interests in the selection of temporary officers for the convention. On learning that the Executive committee had chosen Elmore W. Hurst of Rock Island for temporary chairman the friends of all candidates expressed themselves as well satisfied.

Rollo B. Organ, Thirty-second Ward, is strongly talked of for chairman of the County board.

The German-American Democrats of the Second Ward organized a campaign club last night, with ex-Alderman Gunther as President. Mr. Ortseifen was indorsed for Governor, Frank Wenter for Drainage Trustee, and John E. Taylor for Coroner.

SCHLEY WILL TAKE NO OFFICE.

Rear Admiral in Letter Declares That He Would Not Serve Even if Elected.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 12.—The Times tomorrow will say editorially:

"In a private letter to the editor of the Times, dated Rio Janeiro, May 15, Rear Admiral Schley says:

"I know nothing of politics nor of political life, and under no circumstances would I allow the use of my name before any convention for any office whatever. I have passed the age when Presidential or any other kind of bees worry me. I know nothing of the duties of any political office, and am fully content to live the years yet left me in quiet retirement from the tourmoil of any office. I am resolved irrevocably not to accept any nomination if it were tendered, and, if in my absence, I should be elected, I would not serve."

Newsboy Scalpers Are Released.

Frank Robbins and Fred Davis, newsboys who were taken before Judge Chetlain on a charge of contempt of court, in selling Chicago City railway transfers, violating an injunction, were released yesterday on a promise that they would not sell any more. Attorney William H. Martz represented Robbins. The newsboy scalpers are preparing to make a legal fight against the injunction.

J. J. Mitchell and Family Going East.

President John J. Mitchell of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank and family leave this morning over the Michigan Central for their summer residence at Berkeley, Mass. Mr. Mitchell will return to the city at the end of a month's vacation, but the family will remain at Berkeley until October.

ON TOUR OF INSPECTION.

OFFICIALS OF FEDERAL STEEL COMPANY ARRIVE HERE.

Illinois Company's Works at South Chicago Are Visited—Judge E. H. Gary Leads the Party—Directors Hold Meeting—Some Leave for the East, Others Will Follow Today—H. H. Porter Discusses Phases of the Present Situation Regarding Metals

President E. H. Gary of the Federal Steel company and his party, consisting of officials and directors of that and the allied companies, returned yesterday morning from Minnesota after a thorough inspection of the iron mines of the Minnesota Iron company and the Duluth and Iron Range railroad.

The whole party went to South Chicago by train and inspected the works of the Illinois Steel company in all departments. They returned shortly after 4 o'clock and held a short conference at the office of the Illinois Steel company in the Rookery Building. Among the members of the party, which consisted of about a dozen men and women, were ex-Judge E. H. Gary, President, and Richard Trimble of New York, the Treasurer, of the Federal Steel company, H. H. Porter, the chairman of the Board of Directors, and several members of that board, among them Nathaniel Thayer of Boston, J. L. Gretzinger, and others.

Mr. Thayer and a few other members of the party left the city last night, while the others will leave in the afternoon in a special car for the Connellsville coal and coke district of Pennsylvania to inspect the coke plants of the company located there.

Annual Inspection Tour.

"We have had a pleasant trip," said Chairman H. H. Porter last night, "and are well satisfied with the result. This is our regular annual tour and there is nothing unusual connected with it. We went to Minnesota to elect the officers and directors of the Minnesota Iron company and of the Duluth and Iron Range railroad and to inspect the property of the two companies. The same officers and directors were reelected and everything was found in good order. Our inspection of the Illinois Steel company's mills in South Chicago was thoroughly satisfactory. The rod mill, which had been shut down for some time, is working again, and the plate mill, which was closed the other day, will probably resume work within a short time. In the meantime extensive repairs will be made.

"The temporary closing down of some departments is caused by the same reasons which prompt any manufacturer to stop the manufacture of any article for which there is no demand or of which he has too large a supply on hand. Supply and demand regulates our business, just as it does any other.

Company Is Nearly Independent.

"As to the competition between the American Steel and Wire company and our company, there is little to say. We have our own mines, produce our own iron ore and our own coal and coke, and control our own railroads and boat lines. That makes us pretty nearly independent. The American Steel and Wire company used to buy a large quantity of the billets it used in the manufacture of wire from us and other companies. It still does so, although it seems to have decided to increase its own capacity for making billets.

"The market is gradually getting lower, owing to considerable stock on hand and a decreasing demand for the manufactured article. The strikes in the building trades have greatly affected the market, and have caused a depression in the values. The present situation may be considered the result of a reaction after the lively boom two years ago, and is not at all surprising.

"As to the tying up of boats by Mr. Rockefeller, I do not see anything sensational in that. He is a sensible business-man, and prefers to have fewer boats working at higher rates."

EXCURSIONS WEST.

Via Illinois Central's Chicago-Omaha Line.
Reduced rates June 20th, July 9th and 17th, Aug. 1st, to Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo, Colorado; to Salt Lake City and Ogden, Utah; to Hot Springs, Spearfish, Deadwood, and Custer, South Dakota, and to Sheridan, Wyoming. Daily trains and fine service between Chicago and Omaha on all dates. Particulars at city ticket office, I. C. R. R., 99 Adams street. Phone Central 2705. H. J. Phelps, City Passenger Agent.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

The favorite for restoring life and color to the hair is Parker's Hair Balsam.
Greve's Ointment makes a healthy skin, 50c.
E. & W. Nipsic. E. & W.
The new fold collar.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.

GOOD LAKE VIEW. GOOD CHICAGO AVE. GOOD 14th ST. GOOD HYDE PARK.

[Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets and also the Stock Yards. Hyde Park station supplies all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock Yards.]

CLOSING OF MAILS AT CHICAGO.

EUROPEAN MAILS—Wednesday, June 13—For Italy, Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, British India, Lourenzo Marquez, Austria, Belgium, Netherlands, Russia, and Cape Colony, via New York, close daily at 2, 8, and 10 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

Direct mails for France, Great Britain, Ireland, and Germany, Denmark, Sweden, and Norway will close tomorrow at 4:30 and 12 p. m. via S. S. Campania.

WEST INDIES—For Cuba, daily at 2 a. m. and 1 and 6:15 p. m.

For Porto Rico, daily, via New York, 2, 8, and 10 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

For Hayti, final close tomorrow at 4:30 p. m.

For Jamaica, via New York, final close at 12 p. m. today.

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA — For southern Pacific ports, via Colon, final close next Monday at 4:30 p. m.

For Costa Rica, via New Orleans, final close today at 4:30 p. m.

For the Mexican State of Yucatan, via Progreso, final close today at 4:30 p. m.

For British Honduras, Guatemala, and Republic of Honduras, via New Orleans, final close Tuesday at 4:30 p. m.

For Argentine Republic, Uruguay, and Paraguay, final close tomorrow at 4:30 p. m.

For Rio de Janerio and Santos, Brazil, final close tomorrow at 4:30 p. m.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS—For Philippines, China and Japan, via Vancouver, B. C., daily at 2 a. m. and 9 p. m.; final close June 14, 9 p. m.

For Hawaii, via San Francisco, daily at 2 a. m. and 9 p. m.; final close June 18, 12 p. m.

For Fiji Islands and Australia, via Vancouver, B. C.; final close June 25, 9 p. m.

CHARLES U. GORDON, Postmaster.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT YESTERDAY issued the following permits:

L. S. Heafield, 2-story frame dwelling, 1764 Monticello-av.	$ 1,400
Charles Kaiser, 2-story brick apartment building, 650-650½ W. Huron-st.	9,000
Andrew Sundene, 1½-story frame cottage, 1431 Drake-av.	1,600
Henry Groth, 2-story brick store and flats, 905 W. 15th-st.	5,000

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:

Abt, Peter, 16; 4430 Shields-av., June 10.
Atwood, Alfred, 51; 802 31st-st., June 10.
Basedow, Ida, 44; Humboldt-blvd., June 10.
Busse, Mrs. H., 60; 75 Grant-pl., June 9.
Brown, Finley D., 58; 5535 Washington-av., June 9.
Berg, C. J. Herman, 46; 5642 S. Halsted-st., June 10.
Bradshaw, Erick B., 9; 4765 5th-av., June 10.
Batho, William, 45; 516 Wells-st., June 10.
Bryan, Ophelia, 28; 3226 Dearborn-av., June 9.
Crawford, Henry, 38; 119 18th-st., June 11.
Cushing, Thomas C., 36; Hahnemann Hospital, June 11.
Czeck, Louis, 59; 603 Roscoe-st., June 11.
Dolmage, John F., 77; 446 Warren-av., June 11.
Dreger, Albina, 52; 24 Lincoln-pl., June 10.
Duesing, Joachim, 73; 650 W. 15th-st., June 11.
Ellickson, Emily, 31; 850 W. 14th-pl., June 10.
Eckert, Fred, 64; 580 Belmont-av., June 11.
Ermsling, Catherine M., 85; 439 Belden-av., June 10.
Finerty, Mary, 34; 2625 Lowe-av., June 10.
Furnes, Farmin, 39; 508 N. Paulina-st., June 12.
Fitzpatrick, Julia, 41; Mercy Hospital, June 12.
Gustafson, Emma, 37; 87 39th-st., June 9.
Hickey, Thomas J., 75; 6357 Langley-av., June 9.
Hale, James W., 30; 3142 Wentworth-av., June 9.
Hacht, Henry, 48; 483 W. 14th-pl., June 10.
Kulke, Adolph, 50; Alexian Brothers' Hospital, June 7.
Klower, John V., 28; 5138 Union-av., June 9.
Kurtz, Gustav A., 54; 116 Oak-st., June 10.
Krebs, Julius, 43; 8252 S. Clark-st., June 9.
Lisztunik, Peter, 70; 560 S. Dickson-st., June 10.
Livingstone, Thomas B., 60; 358 E. 40th-st., June 11.
Murphy, James, 26; U. S. Marine Hospital, June 9.
McKenney, Esther M., 6; 221 S. Green-st., June 11.
Naughton, Timothy, 29; 4922 5th-av., June 10.
O'Malley, Agnes, 49; 729 Superior-st., June 10.
Prindiville, Sarah, 64; 2425 Rhodes-av., June 11.
Rice, Solomon, 70; 1617 Hoyne-av., June 12.
Roch, Fred, 45; 346 Wells-st., June 9.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

Rose, Grace, 45; 100 Warren-av., June 11.
Rumsey, John Turner, 41; 813 E. Huron-st., June 9.
Silley, James, 38; 90 Hawthorne-av., June 9.
Rosenberg, Aline, 29; 49 Newberry-av., June 12.
Snyder, the Rev. Charles C., 58; Homeopathic Hospital, June 10.
Sheehan, Addie, 28; 4534 Cottage Grove-av., June 9.
Stanton, Dorcas, 73; 5024 Normal-av., June 11.
Starkel, Walter R., 28; 1217 Rokeby-st., June 10.
Slawson, Louise, 55; 727 N. Fairfield-av., June 10.
Stange, Wilhelmina, 44; 440 W. Huron-st., June 11.
Thompson, Lucius R., 48; 163 W. Adams-st., June 11.
Valentine, Joe, 34; 122 W. 25th-st., June 10.
Vogt, Mary, 74; 816 Addison-av., June 10.
Wrafter, Mary, 64; 1810 S. Clark-st., June 10.

DEATHS.

CUSHING—Funeral services and burial of the late Dr. George H. Cushing of Chicago will take place at Graceland Cemetery June 13, at 4:30 o'clock. Take Northwestern elevated train.

FARWELL—On Friday morning, June 8, 1900, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. J. S. Shipman, 213, West 71st-st., New York, Gertrude Gold Farwell, widow of James G. Farwell of Utica, N. Y.

GRANT—James Grant, beloved husband of Mary Grant, nee Cusack, at his residence, 431 W. 15th-st., aged 75 years; native of Kilrush, County Clare, Ireland. Burial at Calvary. Funeral private.

LIVINGSTONE—June 11, Thomas B. Livingstone, at his home, 358 E. 40th-st. Funeral services June 14 from his late residence by carriages to Oakwoods. Member of Chevalier Bayard Commandery, Landmark Lodge, Fairview Chapter, George H. Thomas Post, G. A. R., Illinois St. Andrew's Society, and Caledonian. Hartford (Conn.) papers please copy.

PERRY—At 324 Gist-pl., Chicago, Ill., Mrs. Caroline W. Perry, widow of Dr. Joseph Perry, late of Crete, Ill., in the 76th year of her age. Bridgeport (Conn.) papers please copy. Funeral at above residence at 10 o'clock Wednesday, the 13th. Remains taken to Crete, Ill., at 11:27, for interment.

VARGES—June 11, 1900, Charles Varges, aged 65 years. Funeral private, Thursday, June 14, at 1 p. m., from his late residence, 414½ W. Monroe-st., by carriages to Rosehill.

VARGES—Charles Varges, June 11, member of George H. Thomas Post No. 5, G. A. R. Funeral at his late residence, 414½ W. Monroe-st., Thursday, the 14th inst., at 1 o'clock p. m. Comrades of Thomas post are requested to attend.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., June 12. — Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

Illinois and Missouri—Showers on Wednesday and Thursday; cooler in central and southern portions on Wednesday, brisk easterly winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair and warmer in northern, showers in southern portion on Wednesday, showers on Thursday, fresh easterly winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair in eastern, showers in western portion on Wednesday and Thursday; fair and cooler, brisk southerly, shifting to northwesterly winds.

Indiana—Showers on Wednesday and Thursday, fresh to brisk northeasterly winds.

Wisconsin—Showers on Wednesday, with cooler in western portion, on Thursday fair, brisk easterly shifting to northwesterly winds.

Iowa—Showers on Wednesday with cooler in eastern portion, on Thursday fair, winds shifting to northerly.

Nebraska—Fair on Wednesday, fair and warmer on Thursday, variable winds.

Place of observation. Time taken: June 12, 8 p. m.	Barometer reduced to sea level.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Min. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation in 24 hours.	State of weather.
Abilene	29.80	86	90	68	S.E.	....	Clear
Albany	30.14	68	74	N.W.	....	....	Clear
Alpena	30.06	64	70	48	S.E.	....	Clear
Atlanta	29.90	78	84	68	E.	....	Cl'dy
Amarillo	29.82	78	90	58	....	....	Clear
Battleford	30.00

The Tribune.

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Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

UNION PARK LODGE NO. 610 A. F. & A. M.—Emergency communication Wednesday, June 13, at 12 o'clock sharp, to attend the funeral of our late brother, James D. Parker. Brethren are requested to attend. FRANK E. LOCKE, W. M. EDW. LOAR H. Secretary.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1900.

Automobile Scorching.

William K. Vanderbilt Jr., summoned before the Chief of Police at Newport on the charge of violating the city ordinance which prohibits "scorching" by automobiles, was gracious. The penalty for violation is a fine of from $5 to $20, without imprisonment, and so Mr. Vanderbilt could well afford to scorch all he chose and would not find it an expensive luxury. But he graciously informed the Police department he had no desire to violate the law, but rather was anxious to comply with its provisions. All this is well and good and will please those who take an interest in the doings of New York millionaires. But Mr. Vanderbilt's postscript is not so satisfactory. He is quoted as having said that on the country roads of France he could not resist the temptation to speed his machine and had killed thirty-nine dogs. It is surprising that he should make so cold-blooded a confession. The fact that he kept so careful a record of the dogs he killed while scorching gives rise to the suspicion that he did so purposely. It has been charged by some of the French lovers of animals that the automobile scorchers purposely try to run over dogs they meet and brag of the achievement. Such reckless slaughter as this is shameful and justifies the strict enforcement of laws against scorching automobiles.

A Word for the Bachelor of Arts.

In the fuss and flurry made over the sweet girl graduate the boy who grad-uates at the same time is hardly getting the attention which he deserves. In the years to come, if he does his duty, he will earn money for the support of the girl, who during the present month is the center of all eyes. He will be elected to the City Council and possibly to Congress; he will preach the gospel and practice law; he will start a factory or open a business. In a large degree the future welfare of the country will depend upon his intelligent and honest activity. The prejudice against the college graduate, which never had a sound foundation in fact, is gradually disappearing. He has shown his force in almost every department of life, until it has come to be admitted that the so-called self-made man does not hold a monopoly of all the brains and energy in the country. So, while all will unite in drinking a toast to the maiden in her white frock and blue ribbons, a similar if not an equal honor is due to the newly made bachelor of arts. The college man of today knows as well as any one can tell him that all his future success depends most largely upon his own unaided efforts. The world is his apple and his education is simply the knife with which he must peel it.

Caspar Whitney's Magazine.

Since Caspar Whitney has taken charge of Outing he has made a handsome magazine of it and one with many points of solid merit, but one regrets to see that his old spirit of carping and hostility against Western athletics crops out in his new field. If Mr. Whitney hopes for any lively interest or extended support on the part of Western readers of Outing he will be disappointed as long as he maintains this attitude toward collegiate and other sports in this part of the country. Out of 108 pages of letter press in the June number of his magazine, Mr. Whitney devotes just one page and a half to Western sports, and a considerable proportion of this is in the form of adverse criticism. If he intends to make a periodical for the exclusive exploitation of sports in the small and fashionable corner of the United States north of the Potomac and east of the Alleghanies he is succeeding admirably. If he has some idea of making a magazine that represents the leading amateur sports throughout the United States and that will interest the readers of Chicago as well as those on Manhattan Island, he is not going about it in the right way. Mr. Whitney's ingrained prejudice against Western amateur athletes and sportsmen is in danger of being a serious handicap to him in his new enterprise.

Women Defeat the Milliners.

The desire of the women of the country to decorate their hats with feathers may be responsible in a large measure for the slaughter of the birds, but it was left for the women to defeat the attempt recently made by the Merchants' Milliner association to effect a compromise with the Audubon society. The directors of the Illinois society met Monday night and, while the men of the board were for meeting the milliners half way, the women were like adamant. "No compromise with evil," they said, and they voted solidly against entering into any agreement whatever with the feather dealers. They won to their way of thinking a sufficient number of the male directors to carry the day, and the Illinois society goes on record as refusing to make any concessions to the hat trimming trade. There were certain clauses in the agreement drawn up by the milliners that were as objectionable to the men as to the women. The men, however, thought that if these clauses were stricken out the agreement would save the North American birds. The women declared that they would never consent to bind themselves to resist legislation having for its end the protection of foreign birds by forbidding their importation into this country. "Our neighbors' birds are as precious as our own," said the women. "The Audubon societies will stultify themselves if they even listen to such a proposal." From every State thus far heard from the women of the Audubon societies are against treating with the milliners, while the men favor a compromise. The women will carry the day.

CHINESE EMPEROR'S APPEAL.

The young Emperor Kwang Hsu of China, who has been a prisoner in his palace in Peking since the Dowager Empress' coup d'état of September, 1898, has issued through his tutor an appeal to the European powers to end the present anarchy in China by declaring a protectorate over the empire and reinstating him on his throne. Ever since the Japanese war the young Emperor has been in strong sympathy with the advanced ideas of the Young China party, and it was his extremely liberal edicts for the admission of Christianity and the Western sciences that brought about his sudden deposition by the reactionaries in the Peking court.

Professor Douglas of the British Museum, writing in the current Nineteenth Century concerning the Chinese intellectual awakening, led by the young Emperor, says: "It is as futile to attempt to crush such a movement by the issuing of edicts and the persecution of individuals as it would be to try to check the course of the Yellow River by a barrier of bulrushes." The time appears to be at hand when the barrier of bulrushes is to be brought to the test. The Dowager Empress represents the extreme of conservatism, while the deposed Emperor represents the extreme of Chinese liberalism. The sympathies of the Western nations will necessarily be with the royal prisoner, but in the meantime the strong-minded Empress has the reins in her own hand and is shaping everything to her own ends.

Her latest significant act is the appointing of four rigidly conservative Manchus to the Tsung-li-Yamen, or Chinese Foreign office. This body has control not only of foreign affairs but also of all schools, missions, and other matters in which foreigners are interested. Its former President has now been superseded by Prince Tuan, the father of the newly chosen Crown Prince and a powerful supporter of the Boxer brotherhood. The Dowager Empress has also put the army under control of Generals in secret sympathy with the rioters. The reactionary party appears to be in complete control, so that the situation will probably be worse before it is better.

If the appeal of the ex-Emperor Kwang Hsu is authentic, he proposes to change the situation from one of anti-foreign rioting to one of civil war. He counts on the support of "many scores of millions of the Chinese" for his own cause and that of foreign intervention and control. How much of that support would materialize if the powers were to act on his suggestion is problematical. The important fact is that there exists a reform movement in China, though it is temporarily smothered by the reactionary outbreak. If the Dowager Empress carries her anti-foreign hostility far enough she will assuredly defeat her own ends and cause some such action as the young Emperor suggests, though it is more likely to take the shape of a partition of China among the powers.

PHILANTHROPY AND EMPLOYMENT

On her way home from the Milwaukee convention, where she had presented a paper upon the relations of consumers to industrial conditions, Mrs. Frederick Nathan, President of the New York City Consumers' league, spoke in this city on Sunday morning upon the deeds of pretentious but specious philanthropy. Her words were directed against that benevolence whose "good works" are merely amendments, and partial at that, for injuries of its own causing, whose doles are the disgusting fruit and apology of practiced injustice. She held up to clear light and reproach the moral inconsistencies of business-men who support charities while underpaying and overworking employés. "Would it not be vastly better," she asked, "if we paid working people a sufficient sum for their services to enable them to pay for their own vacations and for their own fuel and clothing?" Indeed, she confessed to thinking sometimes "that instead of being so proud of our charitable institutions we ought to hang our heads in shame at the need of them."

The relation between charity and employment is not a fanciful one. Not only do charity and "dull times" keep close company, but a material fraction of all cases of dependence is occasioned directly or indirectly by underpaid, intermittent, overtaxing, unwholesome, or otherwise ill adjusted employment. Sometimes the proprietor who offends is at the mercy of his conscienceless competitor; but the latter is by no means always above tendering a portion of his gains to popular causes.

The most pertinent and reassuring utterance on the general subject of improving industrial conditions and one which challenges both sorts of employers, was the assertion by the secretary of the National Consumers' league at the Milwaukee gathering that progressive factory organization, supporting model conditions of labor, could outcompete the product of the sweatshop and was already doing so in places. From the experience of several Eastern factories in producing women's muslin underwear it was affirmed that by resorting to "the highest possible organization of factory administration," by "using the dynamo cutting machine, which cuts 144 layers" at once, "the sewing machine, which sets 3,000 needles a minute and is driven by steam or electricity, the cording machines, which carry from two to ten needles each, . . . the factory may be clean, light, warm in winter, cool in summer, provided with rest, reading, dining, and bicycle rooms, . . . the wages high, the output stupendous," and the enterprise a success despite sweatshop competition.

The moral of this assurance is plain as regards the objective point to be had in mind respecting not only the needle trades, which are now so generally sweated, but also other lines of industry where various excuses are given for indefensible conditions of production. In the meantime, this arraignment comes with force, from one who has labored so long and patiently in her own city to improve the conditions of salespeople, and who realizes with peculiar vividness the economic as well as the moral contradiction between demoralizing employment and the charity visitor.

Unsatisfactory Congregational Statistics.

The recently announced statistics of the Congregational Church are no more satisfactory than those of other denominations which have been made public of late. The denomination is shown to be nearly stationary. The total membership, 629,874, is a net gain over the previous year of only 1,640. The Sunday schools gained 2,136 pupils. For the first time since statistics for the whole country began to be collected there was a net loss in churches, the number, 5,604, being 16 less than last year and the ministers numbering 25 less. The additions by confession, which represent the accessions by baptism, were only $4,514, the fewest since 1885. The removals by death were 8,902, but this was less than the number of removals caused by dropping out from the church, these last being 11,138, or nearly as many as joined by confession. The weekly organs of the Congregational Church profess their inability to account for these unsatisfactory statistics. Whatever the causes are, they are probably the same as are operative in other churches that show unsatisfactory growth or actual decline and as to these causes there is a great diversity of opinion and none of them is convincing.

NEW PHASE OF THE INDIAN QUESTION

In the consideration of the Indian problem sight has been lost of a phase that is of interest. It has not even been discussed by the Lake Mohonk conference. No one seems to have cared what has become of the images which used to stand in front of every cigar store. At one time they were so familiar that they shared popularity with the mother-in-law and plumber as topics for the jests of the newspaper humorists. The favorite story was of a man who, coming home late at night from the club, encountered one and pleaded for his life and the safety of his scalp. Another tale was of a foreigner who was made to believe that real Indians were killed and stuffed to answer as cigar store signs. Now these jokes are not to be found even in those treasuries of archaic humor known as patent medicine almanacs.

An advertisement in THE TRIBUNE a few days ago tells of the low estate to which the cigar Indian has fallen. Some one offers to sell a "first-class" cigar Indian for the reasonable sum of $10. This shows how obsolete the wooden man has become. A few years ago a good cigar Indian could not be bought for less than $50, and the more pretentious shops were sometimes adorned by images that cost several times that sum. Occasionally the Indian was supplanted by a tight-trousered Uncle Sam and almost as great a variety was shown as in the figure-heads of ships. These same figure-heads have also gone to the same limbo with the cigar Indians. The merchant ship of today lacks them and is as clean cut of prow as an armored cruiser.

The cigar store Indian has passed like the real red Indian of the plains. He survives in small towns and in the suburbs, but in the cities Lo rarely calls attention to the weed with which he made the white man acquainted. A picturesque figure is lost, but there is a gain of sidewalk space that more than compensates.

AN ALDERMANIC "PULL" DEFIED.

Fish Warden Lacey of Milwaukee has calmly ignored the Chicago Aldermanic "pull" by confiscating a big box of fish which Alderman Powers from the Nineteenth Ward was attempting to bring home from a fishing expedition in Wisconsin. Over in the Nineteenth Ward and in the rooms of the Cook County Democracy it will seem incomprehensible that the man whose slightest word has caused police inspectors to tremble in their boots and whose "pull" has been powerful enough to bring the mightiest corporations to their knees should be jeered and flaunted by a mere deputy game warden. They will not be able to understand why or in what manner a man who has defied the laws against gambling-houses and pool selling should be held to account because his fish box happens to be a few pounds overweight.

In the meantime, Lacey, serene in the consciousness of duty done, has sold the Aldermanic fish at auction, and the choice morsels destined originally for the select coterie who enjoy the friendship of the Alderman have been served to all comers at a plebeian Milwaukee restaurant. And the Alderman, conscious that his reputation has been seriously damaged, may be expected to give a demonstration shortly to prove that his "pull" is still in good working order. Otherwise the "boys" will be inclined to put him down among the "has-beens."

DIET OF PRISONERS.

The outbreak in the San Juan penitentiary of 500 inmates who mutinied because they said their breakfast was not fit to eat is proof that the management of the institution does not understand modern ideas of penology. There is not a prison in the United States where some effort is not made to give the prisoners satisfactory food. At a recent meeting of the National Conference of Charities and Correction it was said by one of the speakers that the question of food had been responsible for more trouble at the prisons than anything else.

The day of bread and water diet and of food not fit for animals has gone out of fashion with the offensive pens in which prisoners were confined less than a century ago. Nowadays prison managers vie with each other in giving prisoners satisfactory meals. A step in this direction has been made at the Anamosa penitentiary since it passed under the jurisdiction of the Iowa State Board of Control. It was found that the monotony of having the same menu on certain days of the week destroyed the appetite of the prisoners. So the superintendent arranges the menu in haphazard fashion, and it is found that the plan involves no additional expense, the average cost per person per meal being only 4 cents. It merely involves a little care on the part of the officials.

The Iowa Board of Control upon taking charge found that there was a marked difference in the quantity, quality, and variety of the food furnished the officers, teachers, and employés of some of the State institutions and that furnished to the inmates. The better the officer lived the less money there was to feed the inmates. In some cases the employés were furnished with food of the best quality, including expensive luxuries, while the food of the inmates was coarse, plain, and sometimes quite limited in quantity. The law states explicitly that employés and inmates shall have the same food, and thus the inmates not only suffered but were taught by example to break the law. The abatement of this discrimination was one of the best things done by the Board of Control. If the same reform had been applied in San Juan there would have been no mutiny.

Politics and the St. Louis Strike.

It has been more than hinted that politicians are taking advantage of the situation at St. Louis to manufacture political ammunition for use in present or future campaigns. It has been insinuated that both the Mayor of St. Louis and the Governor of Missouri have allowed their political ambitions to control their official actions as the authorities charged with preserving order and putting down riot in the stricken city at the other end of the bridge. It has been charged that some of the attorneys who have cut such a prominent figure in the controversy hold briefs not only for their clients but also for the political organizations which they represent. Politicians have been charged before now with all manner of disreputable and disgraceful things, but rarely if ever before has it been alleged that they were trifling with the lives of women and children in their efforts to gain political ends. A mob which will dynamite a crowded car and strip the clothing from women in the public streets is not to be safely used as a political instrument. It is to be hoped that the present reports and insinuations do injustice to the men whose names are mentioned in connection with the charges. They should be quick to demonstrate by their actions that there is no shadow of truth in them. Else the people who make and break politicians will shortly show their opinion of such tactics in a way which even a Missouri politician will not be able to misunderstand.

GROOVED RAILS ORDERED.

The passage on Monday night of an ordinance requiring that whenever a street having car tracks is paved hereafter grooved rails shall be laid is an exceedingly important measure in the effort not only to secure but to protect smooth pavements in this city.

Indeed, no prudent person could have failed to realize the misfortune of delaying this measure until now, in view of the fifty-two miles of brick and asphalt pavements laid during the last three years. It has taken time, however, to get the street railway question, in this and other respects, under control, and the passage of the ordinance last night in a straightforward and business-like manner is one of the numerous facts evidencing the steadily advancing character of the City Council as an administrative body.

The advantages of the grooved rail, the superiority of which has long been recognized not only in foreign but in our own cities east of here, are chiefly four. First, it involves the least possible obstacle to a smooth and continuous street surface, the only depression being the narrow groove in which the thin and shallow flange of the wheel runs. Second, it saves the innumbered breakdowns which occur in the efforts of loaded teams to "turn out" of the tram rails. In the third place, it precludes the current practice of driving vehicles with one wheel in the outer tram rail and the other on the pavement, a practice which has already cut deep ruts in the new asphalt pavement on Cottage Grove avenue, and, finally, it presents no obstacle, such as the tram rail does, to the cleaning of the streets.

The Mayor signed the ordinance yesterday, and it will be enforced in the case of Twenty-sixth street, which is being repaved, and where the Chicago City railway was about to put down a girder rail without the groove. It is announced that the company will refuse to comply with this requirement, but, if this shall prove true, there can be little doubt that the city's right to impose such a requirement under its general powers over the streets will be sustained. The reasonableness of the improvement, however, is so obvious—though it must be admitted to have been applied on rather short notice so far as this street is concerned—that it is hardly to be expected that the company will assume an obstructive position with respect to it.

At the same meeting of the Council another order was passed requiring that granite blocks hereafter laid between car rails should be smooth fitted, like those recently laid between the tracks on east Madison street. Taken together these two orders passed in one evening will have an important bearing upon the future improvement of streets burdened with car tracks.

COMMITTEE SECRETARYSHIPS.

It does not need to be said that there is no more important committee at present in the City Council than the special Street Railway committee appointed last fall and comprising Aldermen Foreman, Jackson, Brennan (Tenth Ward), Mavor, Goldzier, Herrmann, and Raymer. The whole broad and complicated subject of the proper policy to be pursued by the city in respect to the street railway question is in the hands of this committee for investigation and recommendation.

It is for this reason that the choice made by the committee last week of Mr. George C. Sikes as secretary assumes special importance. The title of "secretary" in such a case has lost its original sense of a recorder, and signifies rather a specialist in the work in hand. He is paid a salary, devotes his whole time to the work, makes the more difficult researches, suggests lines of procedure, and usually drafts the final report. Indeed, in the case of a committee composed of busy men and charged with duties so varied and far-reaching as those of the committee in question, the function of the secretary is vital to its results.

The gentleman chosen has had university training, was, up to the time of his choice, on the editorial staff of one of the leading city dailies, has kept discriminating watch of the street railway question hitherto, and is a man of distinctive ability as well as of genuine interest in municipal questions. The committee has apparently made a wise choice.

Apropos of this event, however, it is not out of place to say that, since the creation of special committees similar to the one mentioned, is likely, as an incident of increasing complexity in municipal development, to occur more and more frequently in future, and since the choice of secretaries is of such vital importance, it is desirable that appointment to such positions should be made in accordance with some recognized procedure. The fairest and, in the long run, the wisest method would probably be that which is often adopted in the case of appointive offices abroad requiring special skill—namely: to advertise, either formally or at least in some effective manner, for candidates.

Although an excellent result appears to have been reached in this case without pursuing that course, yet the method of general publicity would serve as a wholesome stimulant to preparation for such duties, would prove a safeguard against indifferent appointments from lack of candidates or for other reasons, and is, on the whole, to be commended as the recognized procedure.

THE Two Million club feels hopeful, but is not quite ready to jubilate.

IT is startling to read that the resolution of Mrs. Mary Haggerty to tell the truth in the Baginski trial caused a sensation in the courtroom.

THE Illinois Audubon society refuses to make any concession to organized millinery. In a general way the Illinois Audubon society is a bird.

YES, I think I'll retire. This strenuous life is a little too much for me.—Thomas Collier Platt.

THE traction companies should understand that the city authorities are on to their grooves.

THE midget in the political dime museum this month is Mayor Van Wyck of New York City.

HE was only the driver of a brewery wagon, but he was a real man, and he stood up in defense of a woman before a whole mob of cowardly ruffians. The people of St. Louis ought to put the city in his charge for a few days.

You shan't lay the old style rail—that's flat!—Mayor Harrison.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Compensatory.

Regular Annual Visitor (at Northern summer resort)—"Your lake here seems to be dwindling."
Proprietor—"Yes, a little. But there are two more breweries in the neighborhood than there were last year."

Her Golden Future.

"I'm going to marry a man with half a million dollars," said the girl in the bicycle suit.
"I'm glad to hear it," said the other girl. "Who is he?"
"O, I musn't tell you that. He hasn't got it all yet."

Not Expressive Enough.

The Rev. Dr. Fourthly (making a pastoral call)—"I am glad to notice that Mr. Upjohn doesn't say 'damn' any more."
Mrs. Upjohn—"No, he doesn't. Somebody told him it wasn't considered swearing nowadays."

Standing Up for It.

"Yes, that's a nice piece of jewelry," said Johnny, looking at the new scarf pin and handing it back. "But it's gold filled."
"Well, so's my tooth!" fiercely exclaimed Archie. "Anything wrong about that?"

Altitude.

"That plain little Miss Bullion made a queer match. She married a man nearly six feet and a half tall."
"He must have been the highest bidder."

Trouble in the Caravan.

It was a hot day and the elephant was thirsty.
"I haven't had anything to drink today," he said, turning to the camel. "I am told you carry a supply for three or four days. Could you place a few of your concealed water pouches at my disposal without too much inconvenience?"
"I don't have to carry water for the elephant," irritably answered the camel, humping itself along still faster. "I am a part of the show."

Resented It.

Uncle Jerry Peebles was filling out the census blank that had been left at the house in his absence by the enumerator.
He had written the appropriate answers to the questions concerning his parentage, birthplace, and other matters of equally vital importance when he saw this near the bottom of the sheet:
"Can you read and write?"
"Well," he said, inscribing the word "yes" in its proper place, "if I was asked 'who is the biggest durned fool in the country?' I'd say 'Uncle Sam' so quick it would make your head swim. How could I answer all them other questions if I couldn't read and write, I'd like to know?"

PERSONALS.

Captain B. E. White of Columbia, S. C., an old confederate soldier, will erect a monument to the Indians who assisted the confederate cause.

A memorial to Robert Owen, the Socialist reformer, in the form of a mechanics' institute, is to be erected at New Lanark, near Glasgow, the scene of his experiments.

Henry Chang, son of Chang Yin Tang, Chinese Minister to Madrid, is to be educated in Philadelphia. He is 13 years old and during the last year he attended a preparatory institution in Virginia.

It has been suggested that at the coming celebration of the acquisition of the Louisiana purchase at St. Louis some fitting honor be accorded to Galusha A. Grow, Pennsylvania's venerable Congressman, whose work in the House contributed largely to the development of the Louisiana territory.

Captain Alexander Nikolayevitch Ganetzki, who was killed while leading Russian volunteers with the Boers, belonged to an old Russian family. His father was a famous General during the Turkish war of 1877-'78. Captain Ganetzki served in the Caucasus, and was promoted in 1891 to be Captain of the Forty-fifth Seneraka Dragoon Regiment.

PRESS COMMENT—MIDDLE WEST.

Detroit.

China will please notice a most Christian-like disposition on the part of the powers to share her troubles.—News-Tribune.

You can't convince those 500 dead Chinese soldiers that they were not in earnest when they went against the Boxers.—Free Press.

Grand Rapids.

Should a conflict between Russia and the allied powers come, our position would be an extremely delicate one, and each day the Boxer movement renders the situation more complicated and difficult to handle.—Herald.

Cleveland.

As long as John Bull has his hands so full elsewhere he will fail to see any particular cause for apprehension in the Chinese situation.—Plain Dealer.

The civilized powers have no less a problem on hand than the establishment of a different order of things in the capital of China. The general government is clearly at fault, and it must be reformed before the lives and interests of foreigners can be safe anywhere in the Chinese empire.—Leader.

Columbus.

The powers seem disposed to acquiesce in the evident determination of Great Britain to treat the Boers as rebels, but there would undoubtedly be a howl of protest if the British should adopt harsh measures. Full amnesty to all who retire peaceably to their homes, and protection of life and property, are demanded by all the ethics of civilization.—State Journal.

Cincinnati.

The working members of the present Congress have no occasion to be ashamed of the work of that body during the "long session" just closed. At the same time, it is the shortest "long session" held for many years. It accomplished much, and even the unfinished business is in such shape that it can be handled with dispatch next winter.—Commercial-Tribune.

Indianapolis.

China has killed enough missionaries to become indebted to the powers for several coaling stations.—News.

The business interests of St. Louis have been damaged several millions of dollars by a month of street railway strikes, and who has been benefited?—Journal.

The situation at St. Louis, like that in China, is painfully acute, the time for "armed intervention" being at hand in both cases. There is a time when force is mercy and temporary peace means more bloodshed later. Heroic remedies are needed, at home and abroad.—Press.

Springfield.

The trouble in China, among other things, demonstrates the need of a transpacific cable owned by the government of the United States.—News.

In considering the enormity of the massacre of Christians by Chinamen, it should not be forgotten that there have been even in this country Chinamen massacred by Christians.—State Register.

TALES TOLD OUT OF SCHOOL.

"Your son," said the school teacher, "is backward in his studies." "That's funny," mused the father. "At home, in conversation with me, he seems to know it all."—New York Journal.

Teacher—"Who was the man who never told a lie?" Scholar—"My dad." Teacher—"No, no! George Washington." Scholar—"O, all right den. I'm going home and tell my dad you said he was a liar."—Indianapolis Journal.

One of the directors was visiting a rural school. "Will the youngest girl in the room please rise," he asked. Immediately there was a great commotion, and every female in the room stood up, including the teacher.—Ohio State Journal.

Teacher (to a scholar whose father is a sportsman)—"Tommy, if your father shot three rabbits yesterday and two today, how many would that make in all?" Tommy (wisely)—"Fourteen rabbits, three foxes, and five deer."—New York World.

Principal (of kindergarten school)—"Have you had any experience with young children?" Applicant (for position as teacher)—"I've raised ten of them myself." "What? A mother! You wouldn't do at all. You would upset all our new ideas."—Indianapolis Press.

Destiny.

From Klondike's icy mountains,
To Luzon's coral strand,
Despite the chronic kickers,
We've managed to expand.

The fates have handed out to us
What seems a golden brick,
But destiny is destiny,
And it stands for this to stick.
—Detroit Journal.

Origin of the Term.

Jagson leaned against the lamp post and watched the approaching policeman. Jagson's angle of vision was somewhat overbalanced, and the policeman seemed to revolve as did the seven brilliant moons over the corner.
"Shay!"
"Well, wot?" asked the policeman.
"I know why you're called a roundsman. 'F go 'round, 'n' round, 'n' round."—Syracuse Herald.

Worse Yet.

Grim war grows grimmer every day—
To do so is its nature.
The names of Chinese towns are worse
Than Transvaal nomenclature.
—Baltimore American.

Concert Tour.

The concert of the powers which played a European engagement a few years ago is now making an Asiatic tour.—Pittsburg Chronicle.

INJUNCTION SOUGHT AGAINST LICENSING EDELWEISS GARDEN.

Maurice Curran Brings Suit in Superior Court Declaring the Buildings in Fifty-first Street a Device to Evade the Law.

Mayor Harrison, the Schoenhofen Brewing company, Carl Buhl, Joseph Theurer, Elsie Schoenhofen, and the unknown applicant for a license to sell liquor in the Edelweiss Garden at Fifty-first street and Cottage Grove avenue are made defendants in a suit for injunction filed yesterday in the Superior Court by Maurice Curran, a resident of Hyde Park. The Judges are asked to enjoin the Mayor from issuing a license and to compel the other defendants to appear.

The garden had a frontage of 227 feet on Fifty-first street and extended on the east to Cottage Grove avenue. The complainant charges that the owners, failing to get the signatures of property-owners whose land abuts on Fifty-first street, have sought to evade the old Hyde Park local option ordinance by constructing a series of temporary narrow buildings along Fifty-first street. The owners now claim, it is alleged, that they are entitled to a license for the remainder of the lots on obtaining the signatures of those owning a majority of the frontage in Cottage Grove avenue, without a majority of the frontage in Fifty-first street. It is claimed in the bill that this subdivision is a mere subterfuge and does not entitle the owners of the land to a license without an application signed by a majority of property-owners in the Fifty-first block.

A. B. Farwell of the Hyde Park Protective association visited Corporation Counsel Walker during the day and argued against the garden. Mayor Harrison insists that the license must issue if the stores built on the Fifty-first street side prove to be "real" stores.

To Extend Track Raising Plan.

Plans for extending the benefits of the proposed ordinance for the elevation of the tracks of the Pan-Handle, Milwaukee and St. Paul, and Northwestern railroads in Kinzie street will be presented to the City Council. The original track-raising plan, once practically killed by the Council, but to be called again for passage on the night of June 25, contemplated elevating the tracks only between Ada street and Western avenue. It is now proposed to carry the work to Canal street and the Wells street station by continuing the elevation to Halsted street and then depressing the tracks and raising the roadways by a system of viaducts. The leader of the movement is John M. Smyth, while Aldermen Conlon, Brennan of the Eighteenth Ward, and Thompson are preparing to make a hard fight for the adoption of the plans. Accompanied by these four men, Mayor Harrison yesterday made a personal inspection of the territory and was impressed favorably.

The railroad authorities assert that they are willing to consider these plans for the removal of all grade crossings from Western avenue to Canal street, and the addition of this extension clause to the original ordinance, it is believed, may aid in securing the passage and acceptance of the measure. General Counsel Pulver of the Northwestern contends that elevation of the tracks to Canal street would be impracticable because of the disarrangement of grades that would result. He asserts, however, that the company would be willing to raise its tracks as far east as Halsted street and then depress the rails eastward and put in a system of viaducts for the intersecting streets.

"This plan," said John M. Smyth, "would secure traffic connections between the North and West Sides, now practically prohibited by the network of rails and the consequent death-traps. Then, too, a bascule bridge could be placed at Kinzie street and a traffic passage allowed here where all teams are now practically excluded by the tracks. These death-traps should go, and now is the time to make the change."

Many Aldermen already have announced themselves as favoring the plan. The viaducts could be constructed 30 per cent cheaper than track elevation.

Conference with Street Railway Men.

The special street railway commission held a conference with representatives of the three cable trunk lines during the afternoon and discussed plans for a new system of down-town loops. Suggestion was made that the companies utilize the "dead" tracks. The proposition for a cable loop under the elevated loop structure was advanced and subway plans were considered, but none of the three plans pleased the traction people. The lowering of the tunnels was not dwelt on at length. Another conference will be held next week.

MEET TO PROTEST AGAINST RESTRICTING THE STUDY OF GERMAN.

Conference Is Attended by So Many Delegates Adjournment Is Necessary and a Larger Hall Will Be the Scene of a Gathering Next Week.

Representatives of nearly 200 German societies crowded into a lodgeroom in Jung's Hall last night to arrange for a united protest against any action which the Board of Education might take in restricting instruction in German in the public schools. The delegations were so large that adjournment was necessary, and a meeting will be held some time next week in a larger hall of more central location. Handel Hall probably will be selected.

The societies had been asked by the Educational committee of the Chicago Turn District, the Executive council of the Turner societies, to send representatives to the convention. Delegates represented the Germania Männerchor, the Turner societies, and the German fraternal lodges.

"The purpose of the societies is to ask that nothing be done to limit the teaching of the language in the elementary schools. The Board of Education will be requested to place German on the basis it had before any restrictive action was taken. The societies urge sentiment and commercial value as reasons.

"There are 600,000 Germans in Chicago," said Leopold Saltiel, who acted as chairman of the preliminary meeting. "They have a right to ask that their mother tongue be taught in the schools to whose support they contribute. Germans agree that other foreign languages should be taught in schools in which the pupils ask it. The distinction is made that German is a world language and that it has a literary and commercial value not possessed by many other tongues. In this way it is valuable to the pupil who is not of foreign parentage."

The German churches are not expected to lend their aid to the protest. Their interest in their parochial schools suggests that German should not be taught in the public schools.

The disposition of the Board of Education has been to resist suggestions to curtail instruction in the language, but there has been a demand from many of the principals for restriction.

TONS OF CLOTHING SENT FROM CHICAGO TO NATIVES IN INDIA.

Goods Are Shipped Through the Efforts of Mr. and Mrs. I. L. Hauser—They Are Carried Free by the Transportation Companies.

Through the efforts of Mr. and Mrs. I. L. Hauser, tons of clothing are now leaving Chicago for India, where they will go to the relief of the natives.

Mr. Hauser has made arrangements by which such goods are shipped through to their destination in India without cost at any point on the line. The express companies, steamship companies, and railroad companies have agreed to carry all goods that come from his hands.

Mr. and Mrs. Hauser have aided the people of India in many ways and at several different times. Mrs. Hauser organized a committee in England during the famine three years ago which sent hundreds of tons of clothing to India.

WEST PARK BOARD'S NEW MEMBERS GIVEN COMMITTEE PLACES.

Slate Apparently Has the Approval of All—Old Employes Ordered Re-engaged—Permission Granted for Bicycle Race During Encampment.

C. Lichtenberger Jr. and Gabriel J. Norden, the new park commissioners appointed to take the places of Anton Peterson and Frank Fowler, were present at the meeting of the West Park board yesterday afternoon and their certificates of membership were presented.

A list of new committees was made up as follows:

Finance—J. W. Suddard, A. J. Graham, and C. B. Pavlicek.
Judiciary—G. J. Norden, C. B. Pavlicek, and C. W. Kopf.
Improvement—C. B. Pavlicek, C. W. Kopf, and C. Lichtenberger Jr.
Maintenance—C. W. Kopf, F. M. Blount, and G. J. Norden.
Electric Light—C. Lichtenberger Jr., F. M. Blount, and J. W. Suddard.
Employment—J. W. Suddard, F. M. Blount, and C. W. Kopf.
Subdivisions—A. J. Graham, G. J. Norden, and C. Lichtenberger.

The proceedings were most harmonious and apparently the committee slate met with the approval of all. All the old employés were ordered reëngaged.

F. A. Alden, representing the Associated Cycling clubs, appeared before the board and obtained permission to conduct a road race on Wednesday, Aug. 29. The request was made on behalf of the Grand Army of the Republic, the race to be a feature of the encampment. Mr. Alden explained that no outsiders will be permitted to take part in the race and that all the participants will be old soldiers. The board not only gave the asked for permission, but told Mr. Alden that the veterans could have anything they wanted from the West Park system. The race will be five miles and may start from Washington boulevard and Halsted street.

The commissioners voted to erect large platforms in Garfield, Humboldt, and Douglas Parks for the flag day exercises, June 16.

Several railroad engineers spoke to the board about the proposed subway at Twenty-first street and the drainage canal. The indications are that the subway soon will be started, the expense to be borne by the Park board and Drainage board and the railroads.

DECIDES AGAINST ADVANCE INTEREST IN SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS.

Judge Tuley Enjoins the Collection of Charges Before Improvements Are Made—Taxpayers Will Be Saved Thousands of Dollars Annually.

Judge Tuthill yesterday sustained the contentions of the Chicago Real Estate board in the test case brought in the name of Edgar A. White, and enjoined the City Collector and the County Treasurer from collecting advance interest on special assessments levied for street improvements. The decision will save taxpayers $96,000 a year.

Many property-owners have entered complaints showing that they have been compelled to pay interest on assessments from six months to two years before the improvements have been made. Eighty thousand lots will be affected by the present ruling.

The Board of Local Improvements will consider special assessment matters today. Commissioner McGann says the cause for the delay in taxpayers receiving money for rebate vouchers is that the County Treasurer will not turn over money to the City Controller, nor the latter pay out rebates on any improvement until all the assessments for each improvement in question have been collected in full.

The Real Estate board will consider this afternoon a resolution, which, if adopted, will result in the board entering a test suit, now in court, to defeat a proposed increase in the bonded indebtedness of Chicago. There is a division of opinion on the question.

Alderman Fowler's request that the board take up a plan for educating the people on the subject of good paving material and good pavements probably will be taken up.

Emanuel V. Wendell and others have transferred to Anna B. Wendell and others the apartment building and ground at the southeast corner of Forest avenue and Thirty-first street, west front, 64x125 feet, for $64,000.

Mrs. Mary Bollard Derby has conveyed to Frank N. Derby the property at the southwest corner of Sixty-fifth place and Washington avenue, north front, 70x125 feet, for $1. Revenue stamps show the value of the interest to be $50,000.

Mrs. Isabel C. Walker has made a loan of $25,000 for five years at 4½ per cent on an undivided one-third interest in the five-story building and ground at the southwest corner of South Water street and Wabash avenue, 44½x140 feet. This is in addition to a recent loan of $25,000 for five years at 5 per cent made from Francis B. Peabody. The property is under lease to the Standard Oil company until 1922. The Swift commission valued the ground at $178,800 and the improvements at $64,750.

CHANGES IN SCHOOL

BOARD'S EMBERS GIVEN COMMITTEE PLACES.

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N SCHOOLS RECOMMENDED PRESIDENT HARRIS.

ntendents and the Heads and Music Departments —Closer Relations with titute Are Proposed.

ions for changes and re- departments of the schools President Graham H. Har- ol Management committee Education for action next considered to be most in heads of the music and the s. Miss Josephine Locke, drawing in the elementary be reelected, and her suc- Mrs. Jean McW. Mellor, the or. Miss Locke is on leave veling and studying in Italy. of her health serves as the hat she should not be re- next year at least. It is sug- leave of absence be extended d that Mrs. Mellor be made or for that term. eath, assistant supervisor of ndidate for the office of su- which Gabriel Katzenberger hich is still vacant. It is not rs. Heath will be promoted. r candidates, men of local reader reputation, as music

llivan, who has been acting erintendent during the ill- Hannan of District 6, will be superintendent, and Miss on, superintendent of Dis- elected. of consolidating or separat- offices of School board sec- ol agent is being considered. are held by Louis C. Leg-

obtain a closer cooperation rtments with the Normal ending the jurisdiction of partments over the school Robert M. Smith, super- al training, may be given manual training department School. endents have decided on a efinite recommendations on

increase in teachers' sal- up for final hearing tonight. t by members of the Finance supported by members of the ment committee.

L. Walsh Tries Suicide.

sh, who confessed to the mur- Gilchrist, became violent in his and tried to kill himself by but- ed the bars. Jailer Whitman rds had a hard struggle before Walsh was to have been taken day, but his trial was postponed ay, but will pass on his sanity. e jury will pass on his sanity. tion as to his having killed Gil- ens him demands that he be

NATION'S MONEY WHERE NEEDED.

Secretary Gage Explains the Calling In of Millions in Deposits.

WILL NOT TIE UP FUNDS.

Banks Can Have All Necessary Cash for Crop Moving This Fall.

HEAVY PACKAGE A MYSTERY

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C., June 12.

Secretary Gage was asked today if he would continue withdrawing government funds from national depositories, and if this action meant that the money stringency had disappeared.

Gage Explains the Nation's Deposits.

"These funds," he said, "will be withdrawn from the depositories in proportion to the amounts deposited until $25,000,000 has been turned into the Treasury for the purpose of paying for the 2 per cent bonds which will be redeemed shortly.

"Yes, this is a sign that the money stringency has disappeared, but a still better one is the fact that money is plentiful in New York at 1½ per cent. I cannot tell whether any more than $25,000,000 will be called in. If the condition of the Treasury requires it this will be done.

"Neither can I tell whether any of the special depositories will be abolished. There is one thing certain, however. It is not the intention of the department to take the money out of these depositories and place it in the vaults of the Treasury, where it will not do any one any good. It will be left where it is, if needed.

"If conditions demand, and it becomes necessary, more money will be placed in these institutions during the fall, when the movement of the crops begins, when a great deal of money is needed for that purpose."

Secretary Gage was then asked about the reduction of the war revenue taxes. He said:

"In my judgment, when Congress meets it will immediately repeal the most burdensome of these taxes. The government will be able to spare $40,000,000 or $50,000,000 of the revenue it is now receiving, if it continues to pour into the Treasury at the rate it is now coming in. This will mean that about half the war taxes will be wiped out early in December."

Locked securely away in the big safe which is such a conspicuous feature of the office of the Librarian of Congress is a package which ranks in mystery with "The Man of the Iron Mask." It required the efforts of four ablebodied men to place the package in its present location, and the quartet remarked at the time that it was the heaviest job they had ever handled. This package, whatever it contains, is a donation to the government by a noted collector of curios, the only stipulation accompanying the gift being that it should not be opened until the close of the twentieth century, or 100 years hence.

Mystery That Will Last a Century.

A Congressional committee, composed of members of both Houses, whose duties are to look after the affairs of the library, accepted the gift and its proviso and turned the bulky package over to Librarian Putnam for safekeeping. Securely sealed and otherwise protected against prying eyes of those who might seek to unravel this mystery, the wishes of the donor will be sacredly respected, at least so far as this generation of custodians may be concerned.

Inscribed upon the covering is the date upon which the package was received, together with the names of Librarian Putnam and Chief Clerk Alvord, both of whom attest that its contents are unknown even to themselves.

Naturally enough, however, the mysterious parcel has given rise to all manner of conjectures as to its contents, the most generally accepted theories being that it is some priceless manuscript or else an ancient stone, contemporaneous with the obelisk brought from Egypt several years ago by Commander Gorringe for exhibition at the Metropolitan Museum in Central Park, New York.

Although Washington has more parks in proportion to its size than any city in the country until now it has had no public play ground. A reservation in the southeastern section of the city has been improved and set aside as a play ground for the children. Football goal posts and cross bars have been erected, a baseball diamond has been mapped out, and other things have been done which will contribute to the enjoyment of the children. The grounds have been leveled and improved and hydrants have been erected to supply water, and the reservation is perfectly drained. The cost of this improvement was defrayed by a philanthropist, who refuses to disclose his identity. The work was done under the direction of Colonel Bingham, who has charge of public buildings and grounds.

Playground for Children of Washington.

Postmaster General Smith is not at all disconcerted by the demand of the Quayites for his resignation as a member of the Cabinet. He is rather inclined to treat the matter as a joke, and when asked what he proposed to do about it he laughingly said:

"Do you know who those fellows are?"

When a negative answer was given Mr. Smith said: "They are the fellows who had made preparations to have a parade in Philadelphia next week with banners bearing such inscriptions as 'Down with civil service reform,' but their plans have been defeated."

Postmaster General Smith Laughs at Quay Crowd.

Aside from the reasons given by the Postmaster General it is known the demand made for Mr. Smith's resignation is a fight made by the friends of ex-Senator Quay for the purpose of venting the spleen of the Pennsylvania boss.

As is well known, the Postmaster General controls one of the leading newspapers of Philadelphia, and that organ has not only fought the seating of Mr. Quay as a Senator on the certificate of Governor Stone, but is fighting his reelection at the present time.

"Until recently Germany has taken little part in the commercial developments of China," writes Consul Harris at Eibenstock, "but with the acquisition of a sphere of influence, together with industrial concessions, its interest in the Celestial Empire have become considerable. In 1898 German exports to China amounted to $10,400,000, and imports into Germany from China were $5,164,600. German warehouses are located in Hongkong, Swatow, Amoy, Foochow, Chefoo, Tien Tsin, and Shanghai, altogether about 105 establishments, of a total value of $300,000,000. These render material assistance to German trade. These house ship great cargoes of tea, rice, and leathers to Germany in return for machinery and iron products. In Shanghai there are German cotton and silk mills to the value of $1,000,000.

Germany's Interests in the Orient.

German capital is invested in many British enterprises, for example, the docks, electric, and insurance companies of Shanghai. The interests of private individuals of German nationality in China are valued at $3,000,000. In Shanghai the German-Asiatic Bank does business with a capital of $2,000,000.

In Japan there are sixty-five German warehouses doing business with an aggregate capital of $5,000,000. German industrial enterprises in Japan are valued at $3,000,000; those in Formosa, which is ruled by Japan, amount to $1,500,000. In Japan's sphere of influence in Corea about $1,500,000 German capital has been invested.

"In the aggregate German interests in China and Japan are not far from $90,000,000 in value."

Postmaster Gordon arrived here today on business before the Postoffice department. Tomorrow he will see the officials of the department about additional allowances for the Chicago Postoffice. Most of the extra allowance will be used in extending the delivery service. When Mr. Gordon was here last he put in his bid for more money for his office, the work of which is increasing constantly. He will also see Supervising Architect Taylor in regard to the construction of the annex to the temporary postoffice, for which bids have been received. Mr. Gordon will remain here for a few days. From here he will go to Philadelphia to attend the Republican national convention.

Postmaster Gordon in the Capital.

During May 17,752 visitors went to the top of the Washington monument, making a total of 1,844,635 visitors since the shaft was opened to the public in October, 1888. Hardly a month of the spring and summer passes that the monument is not struck by lightning. While the structure itself escaped last month, a man who was standing on the lower floor of the monument, leaning against one of the iron columns which support the stairway, received a shock of electricity in his arm and shoulder. Two other men who were looking out of one of the windows at the top of the shaft narrowly escaped with their lives, as the lightning came in the window directly over their heads. They were blinded for a moment, but escaped injury.

Facts and Figures of Washington Monument.

TRADE TREATY WITH PORTUGAL

President Announces a Reciprocal Commercial Arrangement with the European Kingdom.

Washington, D. C., June 12.—The President today issued a proclamation of a reciprocal commercial agreement which has been entered into by the King of Portugal and the United States, in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of the tariff act of July 24, 1897.

Under this agreement reduced rates of duty upon articles produced in Portugal, or the Azores and Madeira Islands, imported into the United States, are established as follows:

Angels or crude tartar, or wine lees, 5 per cent ad valorem.

Still wines in casks, 85 cents per gallon; in bottles, per case of one dozen bottles, containing each not more than one quart and more than one pint, or twenty-four bottles containing more than one pint, $1.25 per case; and any excess beyond these quantities found in such bottles shall be subject to a duty of four cents per pint or fractional part thereof, but no separate or additional duty shall be assessed on the bottles.

On sparkling wines, in bottles containing not more than one pint, $6 per dozen; containing not more than one pint each and more than one-half pint each or less, $1.50 per dozen; in bottles or other vessels containing more than one quart, each, in addition to $6 per dozen bottles, on the quantities in excess of one quart, at the rate of $1.90 per gallon.

On brandies or other spirits manufactured or distilled from grain or other materials, whether the product of Portugal or of the Portuguese possessions, $1.75 per proof gallon.

On paintings in oil or water colors, pastels, pen and ink drawings, and statuary, 15 per cent ad valorem.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

CHICAGO—Grain freights were slow, but without change in rates. Charters: To Buffalo—Pueblo, oats; Wolf, corn. The Denver loads oats at Milwaukee for Buffalo and the R. A. Packer oats at Green Bay for Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O.—Ore rates are unchanged all around, but shippers are not getting any tonnage. The Rockefeller people have up the schooner Nassmyth today, making four big barges now under the breakwater here. Their crews have been paid off, and the ships will not be sent out again until $1.25 is paid on wild ore cargoes.

TOLEDO, O.—Chartered: Coal—Hickox, Port Huron, 85 cents; Spry, Dobbie, Sandusky, to Racine, 70 cents; Johnson, Holland, 65 cents; Concord, Sandusky to Sarnia, 35 cents.

Vessel Movements.

JACKFISH, Ont.—Arrived—Martin.

CONNEAUT, O.—Cleared—Light—Griffin, Duluth.

MANITOWOC, Wis.—Departed—Grain—Tower, Buffalo.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Up—Dunn. Down—Lamb, Reginald and consorts.

SANDUSKY, O.—Cleared—Coal—Presley, Duluth; Clint, Gladstone; Spry, Racine.

MARQUETTE, Mich. — Cleared — Specular, Magnetic, Centurion, Cleveland; Wade, Conneaut; Rugee, Buffalo.

SOUTH CHICAGO, Ill.—Cleared—Constitution, Two Harbors; Hadley, Escanaba; Kalkaska, Oakleaf, Port Huron.

MACANABA, Mich.—Cleared—Christie, Bonnell, Phenix, Lake Erie; Pentland, Fruitport; Pickands, Elk Rapids.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Brown, Iron Chief, German, Siemens, Alcatraz. Cleared—Light, Quincy City, Wheaton, Duluth. Coal—Plankinton, Milwaukee; Tampa, Chicago.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—Outhwaite, Joliet, Parr, Alpena. Cleared—Coal—Brierly, Bourke, Brightie, Portage. Light—Penobscot, Bangor, Palmer, Nicholas, Manda, Duluth.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Emerald, London, Sage, Bloom, Arenac, W. K. Moore, Pueblo, Erie. Cleared—Coal—King, Teutonia, Gawn, Ashland; Folsom, Mary Mitchell, Green Bay.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Hattie, Bottsford, Hopkins, Board of Trade, Golden Rule. Cleared—Ore—Siberia, Cleveland; Fulton, Toledo; Hill, Carrington, Conneaut; Linn, South Chicago; Massachusetts, Lorraine.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Shrigley, Yakima, Argo, John Mitchell, Homer, Shawnee. Cleared—Coal—Weston, Jennette, Milwaukee; Huribut, Gladstone. Light—Cadillac, Escanaba; Viola, Tampico, Ed Smith, Duluth; Continental, Marquette.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Abercorn. Cleared—Coal—Marquette, Ashland; Vanderbilt, Flower, Gordon Campbell, Milwaukee; Pridgeon, Gladstone; Linden, Lewiston, Sevona, Fitzgerald, Thew, Chicago; Monticello, Lester, Sault; Montpelier, Toledo. Light—Monguagon, Duluth.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR — Arrived — Porter, Menominee, Chili, Whitbeck, Mecosta, Spinner, Johnson, Minnesota, Ewen, Lagonda, Republic, Merida, Hanna, Waldo, Senator, Cormorant, Turner, Pendall, Oneonta, Leuty. Departed—Schuylkill, Buffalo, Bay; Nimick, Tyrone, Geneva. Two Harbors, light; McWilliams, Morse, Smeaton, Lagonda, Fairburn, Lake Erie, ore; Hill [wood], Two Harbors, light.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—Egan, 2:40 a. m.; Chemung, 3:40; Parnell, 5:40; Hall and consort, 6; Alaska, 7; Kearsarge, 11:30; Rust, Barnes, 1:10 p. m.; Yuma, 3:10; Crescent Jr., 5:30; Josephine and whaleback Robert Packer, 6. Down—John Duncan, 9:30 last night; Alice Stafford, 1:30 a. m.; Neeedo, 2; Pope, 5; Blake, 7; Columbian, 6:30; Clyde, 8:30; Grecian, 9:20; Arabia, 2 p. m.; Burnham, 2:50; Maspoma and consort, 4. Wind—Southeast, light, clear.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Neshoto, Nicholas, 10 last night; Germanic, Hutchinson, 11; Malietos, Martha, Malta, midnight; Waltula, Venezuela, Caledonia, Pewaukee, 2:30; Thomas, 8:20; Frick, 6; Miles, Orinoco, Lackawanna, 6:30; Progress, Tasmania, Donaldson, Wright, Dayton, Sachem, Smith, Owen, S. C. Wright, Kendall, Troy, Albany, 9:40; Stevens, 11:20; Ellin-More, Celtic, Collingwood, 1:40 p. m.; Arthur Orr, 2:40; Forest City, Saveland, 5:30; Crete, Gratiot, Keating, 6; Troy, 8:30. Down—Matoa, Marcia, 11 last night; Mitchell, Chickamauga, 1 a. m.; Maisafa, Madeira, Prontenac, Yuma, Castalia, 8:40; Northwind, Mohegan, Mingoe, Business, 6; Lindsay, Wall, 7; Shenandoah, Matanzas, 9; Roumania, Harlum, 10; Superior City, 11:20; Emory Owen, Australia, Pioneer, Chattanooga, Nyanza, 12:20 p. m.; Osceola, Corning, Filer, 2; Viking, Vinland, Keith, 2:30; Pioneer Jr., Ferries, 4; Italia, Amazon, 4:40; Maine, Hoag, Buckhout, Montana, Algonquin, 6; Alva, Case, 7; Aztec, Mintec, 9:40.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Sparta, 9:20 last night; Mount Clemens, 9:40; Northern Wave, 10; John Ketcham, 11; Ionia, Pesaligo, 2:30 a. m.; Olympia, 3; Robert Mills, 4; Mitchell, Robert Rhodes, Gladiator and booms, 4:20; Palmer, 5; Colonial, 6; Baltimore, 6:40; Black Ward, 8; Algeria, Progress, Pease, Planet, La Salle, 8:20; Zenith City, 8:50; Kaliyuga, Pontana, 9; North Star, 9:30; Cambria, 10; Wawatam, 10:30; Bulgaria, 12:30 p. m.; Susquehanna, 12:40; Sands, 1; Tampa, 2; Houghton, 2:50; Helena, 3; George King and consorts, 3:30; New York, 5; Fay, Rhoda, 6; Hall, Lightcap, 6:40; Syracuse, 8. Down—Oliver, 9:40 last night; Langdon, 9:50; Continental, Holland, 11; Raleigh, Tekio, 12:30 a. m.; Empire City, 1; Rosedale, 2; W. H. Reed, Norfolk, 3:30; Curry, 3:40; John Mitchell, 5; Admiral, Sawyer and consorts, 7:40; Whitely, 8; George Gould, Maryland, 8:40; St. Paul [steel], Lockwood, Florida, 8:20; Conemaugh, 8:30; Norwalk, Clinton, 8:50; Oregon, Foster, 9:10; Corona, 10:20; Chisholm, 10:50; Tolsco, Zapotec, 11; W. H. Ketchum, 1:30 p. m.; Moore, 2; Gratwick, Moravia, 2:30; Ramapo, 2:50; Harlem, 3:20; Edwards, Golden Age, 4; Empire, Hopkins and consorts, Holden, 5; Mahoning, Fisk, Roby, 5:30; Gladstone, 6; Oglebay, Louisiana, 6:20; Sauber, 6:40; Tempest No. 2 and consorts, 7; Scranton, 8:30.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Merchandise—Delaware, Conestoga, Lehigh, Buffalo. Coal—F. B. Armour, Pueblo, Erie. Lumber, etc.—F. W. Fletcher, H. B. Pereue, Empire; Norseman, S. Flint, N. Mason, Alpena; G. C. Markham, Muskegon; F. Hinton, M. Peterters, Menges. Saveland, Manistee.

Cleared—Merchandise—H. J. Jewett, Clarion, Saranac, Buffalo; H. R. James, Dredge, Duluth; Grain—Ashland, Palmer, schooner R. B. Fryer, Sarnia; G. Sturges, Port Huron. Light—E. S. Thompson, Beaver Island; F. W. Fletcher, Superior; G. M. Filer, Algoma; J. Nash, Scott's Point; A. Soper, Manistique; I. N. Foster, Nahma; I. Lawson, Ferrents Bay; R. Campbell, Penetanguishene; Ford River; J. G. Neff, Menominee; Ed Buckley, H. B. Pereue, A. W. Luckey, M. E. Kelton, Manistee; G. A. Marsh, Masonville; tug Alpha, Ashtabula; Norseman, S. Flint, Alpena; G. C. Markham, Muskegon; tug L. B. Johnson, Escanaba; Penobscot, Alabaster.

M'GANN STOPS CURBING WORK.

Contractor Is Charged with Using Poor Material in Twenty-sixth Street.

PEOPLE ACT AS PICKETS.

Property-Owners Watch Paving and Call Attention to Defective Stone.

RAILWAY IS BLOCKED AGAIN

Work on the curbing of Twenty-sixth street was stopped yesterday afternoon by order of Commissioner McGann. The order was issued upon the representation of the South Side Property-Owners and Business-Men's association that the contractor engaged in the work was using stone of poor quality. Through the efforts of the same association on the plans of the Chicago City railway company to retain the old flange rails on the street were blocked again.

The South Side association practically has "picketed" all the streets in the Second and Third wards on which improvements are being made. Each one of the 200 members is making it his duty to see that good pavements are laid and that the street railway company does not evade the terms of both the old and the new ordinances passed by the council.

The association met last nigth at Cottage Grove avenue and Twenty-fifth street. Soon after the meeting began the news was received that Mayor Harrison had signed the ordinance requiring the street railways to lay grooved rails. The announcement was cheered.

Defeat Railway Again.

Chairman John J. Amstein of the Paving committee made a report of the work of the committee in defeating the scheme of the railway company to lay the old flange rail on Twenty-sixth street. He said the company was blocked effectually and would be forced to construct its tracks according to the wishes of the property-owners. He reported that when the company found it could not lay new flange rails it attempted to repair the old rails, and the city immediately put a stop to the new plan. The chairman also reported that intimations had been given that the company would give up the fight.

Paving Is Considered.

Attention was called to the specifications providing for the paving of Twenty-second street. In one line the specifications say "Portland cement," and in another "natural hydraulic cement." The contractor is using the inferior material.

Mr. Amstein exhibited samples of the stone which was being used by the contractor, August H. Skoglund, in Twenty-sixth street. The speaker broke pieces with his hands.

Want a Small Park.

Resolutions were adopted calling the attention of the South Side committee of the Special Park commission to the desirability of establishing a small park on the site of the old Thirty-third and Thirty-fifth streets and Wentworth avenue and La Salle street.

Members of the association also favored the purchase of the Wentworth tract to the west and the construction of a subway connecting the two, and call on property-owners to follow the example of Martin B. Madden, who gave $2,000 for the purpose.

Will Lay Grooved Rails.

President John M. Roach of the Union Traction company has assured Commissioner of Public Works McGann that the company will lay the grooved rail, as required by the city.

MANY PEOPLE IN CHICAGO DEFY THE CENSUS TAKERS.

Hearing of Gypsies Charged by Enumerators Discloses Peculiar State of Affairs—Count May Not Be Accurate—Question of Law's Constitutionality.

In the hearing of the charges against Elijah and Joshua Wharton, the two gypsies arrested for refusing information to a census-taker, it was stated by W. C. Partello, superintendent of the Twenty-sixth Ward, that nearly 1,000 other people have given like offense. The gypsies pleaded ignorance of what was wanted, but Elijah Wharton was held to the federal grand jury as an example.

The maximum punishment for the offense of which so many residents of Chicago are said to be guilty is a fine of $100. Eminent lawyers are inclined to the belief that this clause in the census act cannot be enforced. At census headquarters it is said the enforcement of the penalty clause in the census law was ordered suspended until an opinion concerning its constitutionality could be rendered by Attorney General Griggs. Many people hold that so long as a man's house is his castle in law, no government official has a right to enter it and punish him for his refusal to give information concerning his personal affairs.

ENJOINS ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Inter Ocean Publishing Company Enters Complaint Against Newly Organized News Bureau.

Judge Gibbons has issued a temporary injunction on the complaint of the Inter Ocean Publishing company restraining the newly incorporated Associated Press of New York from doing business under the name of "The Associated Press"; from interfering or attempting in any manner to injure the business of the Associated Press of Illinois; and from seeking to cause any person or corporation to break his contract with the Associated Press of Illinois.

According to the allegations of the bill of complaint, the recent change in the officers of the Associated Press was for the purpose of allowing the organization of a new association, which would gradually take on the business of the association against which the judicial ruling had been made.

TO OBSERVE BUNKER HILL DAY.

New England Society Will Give a Banquet on the Anniversary of the Battle.

The New England Society of Chicago will celebrate the 126th anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill on June 16, giving a banquet at the Auditorium. Addresses will be delivered by Judge Henry B. Brown of the United States Supreme Court, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Frank A. Vanderlip, Edward W. Frost, of Milwaukee, George E. Adams, W. M. R. French, and Professor Albion W. Small. John S. Runnells will act as toastmaster.

The Best Prescription for Malaria,

Chills and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

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Duchess of Wellington. (Widow of third Duke.)

T is fortunate, indeed, that the new Duke of Wellington inherited a large fortune from his mother, Lady Charles Wellesley, who was a Pierrepont by birth, since otherwise he would be in singularly straitened circumstances. For at the time when his so celebrated grandfather was created first Duke of Wellington, in recognition for his services in bringing about the downfall of Napoleon, the English and Spanish governments each conferred upon him hereditary pensions of $20,000 per annum. These pensions, however, were not perpetual, but limited to three lives, that is to say, to his own and to his two immediate successors. The late Duke of Wellington, was the third, and his brother, until now known as Lord Arthur Wellesley, who now becomes fourth Duke, will receive no annuity, either from the English or from the Spanish treasury. The great Duke of Wellington had large sums of money voted to him. Indeed, it is estimated that he received from various sources over $5,000,000. But in the first place he lived in a grand and costly manner, above, rather than below his income, and then, too, he invested the greater part of the money in land, but so unwisely that the income derived therefrom has dwindled to an almost infinitesimal figure. Strathfieldsaye, his country seat, purchased at a tremendous cost, is only valuable by reason of its timber, being otherwise not only unproductive but costly, and, being neither grand nor beautiful, it is difficult to understand what attraction it presented to the great Duke.

The Wellesley family at one time possessed immense estates in Ireland. But these were sold early in the century by the first Duke's elder brother, that Marquis of Wellesley who was one of the first English peers to marry an American girl—namely: Marianna,

Duke of Wellington, 1814. Third Duke of Wellington.

daughter of Richard Caton of Philadelphia and widow of Robert Patterson, whose sister, Elizabeth, was the first wife of King Jerome Bonaparte of Westphalia, and the ancestress of the existing family of American Bonapartes. But the Marquis of Wellesley, who filled the offices, not only of Governor General of India, but likewise of Viceroy of Ireland, sold all his Irish property, ostensibly to pay his father's debts, in reality because he, like his brother, the Duke, cordially disliked Ireland.

I may incidentally mention here that the Duke of Wellington and the members of his house, including the Earl Cowley, who enjoys the same patronymic, being descended from the first Duke's younger brother, Henry, are Wellesleys only through the female line, their ancestor, Richard Cowley, or Colley, having succeeded to the Wellesley estates, and assumed the surname and arms of the house of Wellesley, which had become extinct at the death of his cousin, Garret Wellesley, without issue. The cousinship was the result of a matrimonial alliance between the Wellesleys and the Cowleys. The latter are of less illustrious origin, the founder of the house of Cowley having been a spy employed by Henry VII. to watch the then Governor General of Ireland, whereas the Wellesleys were an old family of Somersetshire, who were already in existence as feudal magnates at the time of William the Conqueror.

Lord Arthur Wellesley, whose father, Lord Charles, was the favorite son of the first Duke, succeeds through the death of his elder brother not only to the English Dukedom of Wellington and to a number of minor English and Irish peerages but likewise to the Dutch title of Prince of Waterloo, to the Spanish Dukedom of Ciudad Rodrigo, as well as to a grandeeship of the first class, and finally to the Portuguese Dukedom of Vittoria, as well as to the Marquisate of Torre Vedras. His eldest son, Arthur, an officer of the army, now acting as A. D. C. to Lord Ranfurly, Governor of New Zealand, now becomes the Marquis of Douro, this being the courtesy title borne by the eldest son of the Duke of Wellington, while his three brothers and two sisters, become each entitled to prefix the style of "Lord" and "Lady" respectively to their Christian names.

The new Duchess of Wellington is a member of the old Welsh family of Williams-Bulkeley, which, like the royal English house of Tudor, descended from Marchudd Ap Cynan, a Prince who flourished in Wales in the seventh century. She is a cousin, in fact, of the recently widowed Duchess, whose sister married the late Sir Richard Williams-Bulkeley.

The late Duke was enormously fat, and it was owing to his resemblance, not only in face but also in girth, to the famous pulpit orator Spurgeon, that he enjoyed the nickname of "Spurgeon," which, acquired when an officer in the guards, he retained to the day of his death.

One of the features at Strathfieldsaye is a tomb in a secluded and quiet nook of the park. It is surrounded by a railing, shaded by a tree, and bears the inscription:

"Here lies Copenhagen, the charger ridden by the Duke of Wellington the entire day of the battle of Waterloo. Born 1808, died 1836.

"God's humbler instrument though meaner clay.
Should share the glory of that glorious day."

There are at the present moment three Duchesses of Wellington, that is to say, the wife of the new Duke, the widow of the late Duke, and likewise the widow of the second Duke, who is now 80 years of age. She was one of the great beauties of her day, and the special favorite and pride of her father-in-law, the first Duke. Picture fanciers may recall the fine painting of Sir Edwin Landseer, in which the Iron Duke is portrayed pointing out to her the historic scene of Waterloo, both portraits being equestrian.

The Duchess did not live on good terms with husband, and one of the principal sources of their differences was the subject of newspaper notoriety. The Duchess used to like to have her entertainments and movements reported in the press, and was wont to send communications to the latter on the subject. The Duke, on the other hand, had a horror of publicity, and as soon as ever his wife's communications were published would address furious letters to the editors of the papers in question, denouncing them for their "impudence in presuming to put his own and her Grace's doings into print," declaring that "it is not unreasonable that gentlemen and ladies should wish to be able to amuse themselves innocently without being watched like beasts at the zoölogical gardens."

PICNIC FOR POOR CHILDREN.

Sixteenth Annual Outing Will Be Held at Washington Park on Thursday.

The sixteenth annual free picnic for newsboys, bootblacks, and waifs of all descriptions will be held at Washington Park tomorrow under the auspices of the Volunteers of America, Brigadier General Edward Fielding being director general of the day.

The picnickers will assemble at the Waverly Theater, 456 West Madison street, at 8 a. m., to form for a parade to the Illinois Central depot. Each child attending the picnic will be served refreshments free.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

WEDDING OF MISS OLIVE HANECY AND ROBERT NEUMEISTER.

Ceremony Performed at the Residence of the Bride's Parents by the Rev. E. M. Stires—Phelps-Merrill, Bentley-Niles, and Price-McNeil Nuptials—Teas and Dinners—Cotillion of the Colonial Club—On the Calendar for Today.

Society events for today:

Miss Sherwood, 930 West Monroe street, a card party for Miss Smibert and Mr. Lyon.

Miss Genevieve Birkhoff, luncheon at Union league for Miss Brophy.

Miss Olive Hanecy, daughter of Judge and Mrs. Elbridge Hanecy, and Mr. Robert Neumeister of Ravenswood were married last evening at 8:30 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, 3116 Michigan avenue, in the presence of a large company of guests. The Rev. Ernest M. Stires of Grace Episcopal Church read the marriage service. Pink and white blossoms were used in the decorations of the house.

The bride entered with her father. The wedding gown was of chantilly lace and chiffon over white silk, with a veil of tulle. She carried lilies of the valley. The bride's only attendant was her sister, Miss Ruth Hanecy, who wore pink India mull and carried pink roses. Mr. Albert G. Bryan was best man.

After the ceremony there was a reception from 9 till 11 o'clock. Mr. and Mrs. Neumeister have gone East on their wedding trip. They will be at home after Sept. 1 at 4508 Indiana avenue.

Among the out of town guests present were Governor and Mrs. John R. Tanner, Judge and Mrs. Richard Yates, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Brown, Vandalia, Ill.; Mr. and Mrs. James R. B. Van Cleave, Springfield; Miss Edith Sterns, Dubuque, Ia.; Miss Lucy McCord, St. Joseph, Mo.; and Mr. Allen Edwards, New York.

The wedding of Miss Lillian May Phelps and Mr. Frederick Gardiner Merrill took place last evening at 7:30 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Phelps, 392 Warren avenue, the Rev. E. P. Goodwin performing the ceremony. The attendants were Miss Agnes Dyer and Mr. Arthur M. Cox. A reception followed the ceremony from 8 to 10 o'clock.

At Oak Park last evening the wedding of Miss Lottie M. Bentley and Mr. Frederick S. Niles took place at the residence of the bride's parents, the Rev. Dr. Barton of the First Congregational Church performing the ceremony. The attendants were Miss Adeline Bedard and Mr. Eduard C. Lovett. Mr. and Mrs. Niles will be at home after July 18 at 121 Park place.

The wedding of Miss Anna W. Sherman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Sherman, 418 La Salle avenue, and Dr. Theodore Frederick Butzow took place yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's brother, Mr. Le Roy K. Sherman in Lockport. Dr. and Mrs. Butzow will be at home after Sept. 1 at 452 West Congress street.

The wedding of Miss Linda Blanche Price and Mr. Malcom Gordon McNeil took place yesterday morning at 11 o'clock at the residence of the bride's grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Price, 1826 Indiana avenue, The Rev. P. S. Henson performed the ceremony. The attendants were Miss Agnes Smith and Mr. Marvin J. McNeil. A breakfast was served after the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. McNeil will be at home after Sept. 21 at 28 Linden court.

Mrs. Edwin F. Bayley and the Misses Bayley, 4634 Greenwood avenue, gave a tea yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock for Miss Louise Lord.

Mrs. Parry Wright, 193 Thirtieth street, gave a tea yesterday afternoon for Mrs. W. J. Cook of California, and Mrs. J. K. Mason. Assisting Mrs. Wright in receiving were Mrs. Charles Stevans, Mrs. Frank Smith, and Mrs. W. A. McGee. At the tea tables were:

Miss Kate Lancaster, Miss Helen Hutchinson, Miss Annie Thompson, Miss Georgia Seaverns.

Mr. Mark Trude gave a dinner at the Auditorium Annex last evening, followed by a theater party, for the Brophy-Logan bridal party.

The Colonial club gave a cotillion last evening at Grand Boulevard Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Young have opened their country place at Lake Geneva.

CAPTAIN STREETER IS HELD.

Justice Kersten Remands Him to Criminal Court in Bond of $6,000—Charged as Accessory.

Captain George W. Streeter was held to the Criminal Court yesterday by Justice Kersten. Captain Streeter was charged with conspiring with "Judge" William E. Niles to assault and kill Captain Baer of the Lincoln Park police force, and with being an accessory to the assault committed by Niles on Captain Baer. Streeter was unable to furnish the $6,000 bonds required by Justice Kersten, but his attorney, C. L. Cassidy, said that the bond would be furnished in a few days.

Captain Streeter was taken to the County Jail last evening. He objected to going, and said he wished to remain at the East Chicago Avenue Station. He declared that he was afraid of rheumatism at the jail.

Grain Men Meet at Decatur.

Decatur, Ind., June 12.—[Special.]—The semi-annual State convention of the Illinois Grain Dealers' association began here today with 150 delegates in attendance. A banquet was the feature tonight.

Coffee Diseases Minister and Young Lady Affected.

Ministers sometimes find they suffer from the effects of bad habits as well as ordinary people. Rev. Mr. —— of Athens, N. Y., had become greatly emaciated from coffee drinking, which produced stomach trouble and all of the effects of overwork or poor nourishment.

He quit the coffee and began drinking Postum Cereal Food Coffee.

His health began to improve and he now weighs 151 pounds, an increase of 15 pounds over his former weight. This improvement in health and strength is shown to be due to the use of Postum Food Coffee, by the fact that when he stops drinking Postum—as he has done for an experiment—he begins to lose flesh and get back into his old condition.

A young lady who writes about the case says that she was formerly suffering greatly from "those twin diseases," dyspepsia and nervousness. "I knew that both of the diseases had their origin in the use of coffee, and while I was fully

GOLD EXPORT IS LARGER.

EXPECT NEARLY $4,000,000 TO BE SHIPPED TOMORROW.

New York Review of the Situation—First and Union National Bank Committees in Conference—Details of Combination Being Worked Out—Local Stocks Almost Uniformly Weak—Dividend Announcements—Railroad Earnings.

Shipments of gold to Europe to be made on the steamer tomorrow are considerably larger than at first estimated. It is expected now that between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000 will be exported. The National City Bank is spoken of as likely to make a shipment. Local bankers, notwithstanding the shipments which have been made this year, are unable to figure out a profit on the shipments at the quotations which foreign exchange have held, and say they are special transactions. The following was sent out from New York yesterday bearing on the gold shipments:

"A member of one of the larger international banking houses says that at the moment shipments of gold are the cheapest form of remittances to Paris, and that his firm may ship $2,000,000 to that city on Thursday. It is known that preparations to forward several million dollars of the yellow metal are being made by at least two shippers, although no gold has been taken yet. The aggregate exports for the week are estimated at about $3,500,000 at the minimum.

"Paris is at present drawing money from all parts of the world, and enormous amounts are being spent in that city by foreigners of all nations. The firm referred to as expecting to ship $2,000,000 this week will draw all of the gold it may take from the assay office and Subtreasury, as it has not recently secured any gold coin from San Francisco that would be available for export. There is little exchange being made here at the moment, and the demand is in excess of the supply. The large loans that were made by the National City Bank of New York some time ago to the Deutsche Bank of Berlin had the effect of putting down the price of sterling exchange in Germany, and bankers who had early knowledge that the loans were to be made began to accumulate reichsmarks here and have been doing so up to this time. What makes francs so high here now is the low rate of sterling exchange in Paris. Parity of exchange is just about the gold importing point, and gold is being shipped to that city from London now in small amounts."

Bank Committees Confer.

The committees of directors of the First and the Union National Banks held a conference yesterday afternoon at the Union National Bank regarding the details of amalgamation of the two institutions. The conference was for the purpose of acting formally on the proposition submitted to the Board of Directors of each bank. It is now assured that the consolidation will go through on the original lines proposed. The committees were appointed with full power to act, and it needed only their meeting to settle the details which were not disposed of. The committees will hold another meeting to arrange some of the minor details. After they approve the plan as drawn up it will be submitted to the stockholders of the two banks. Various details in regard to the combination are being worked out. Vice President John McLaren of the Union National Bank has to be relieved of all duties from active business. August Blum, C. M. Walworth, and Mr. May will accompany J. P. Morgan to Europe. The National Bank Mr. McLaren says that he has no intention of starting another national bank, as reported.

Local Stock Market.

Local stocks were almost uniformly weak yesterday, though the active trading did not extend to many of the stocks in the list. Union Traction common sold at 17¼, declining fractionally. Diamond Match lost a point, selling down to 120 on trades in small lots. Lake Street Elevated stock was firm at 10¾. National Biscuit was dull, but unchanged. Northwestern forged to 200 on trades. The preferred held well at 80¾. Northwestern Elevated lost a point under selling orders. The common sold at 20 and the preferred at 64, a point under the previous quotation.

Dividend Announcements.

The Union Bag and Paper company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred stock, payable July 2. Books close on June 18 and reopen on July 2.

The Manhattan railway company of New York declared its regular quarterly dividend of 1 per cent, payable on July 2. Books close on June 15 and reopen on June 25.

The Empire Steel and Iron company declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent on its preferred stock outstanding on June 2, payable July 2. Books close on June 20 and reopen on July 3.

The Mergenthaler Linotype company declared a regular quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent and 2½ per cent extra, payable July 2. Books close on June 15 and reopen on July 2.

Directors of the United States Oil company declared a regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share, payable on July 2. Books close on June 16 and reopen on June 18.

The executive committee of the Western Union Telegraph company has recommended the declaration of the regular quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent.

The stockholders of the Chicago and South Side Rapid Transit company expect to ask today for a receivership for the company's stock for $18,074, as payment of a judgment, with accrued interest, obtained by the city from the Rapid Transit company, has been deposited in the city treasury.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Southwestern Telegraph and Telephone company yesterday it was decided to increase the capital stock from $7,000,000 to $10,000,000.

Railroad Earnings.

Railroad earnings are reported as follows:

MISSOURI PACIFIC.

	1900.	1899.	Increase.
First week June.	$ 350,000	$ 265,000	$ 85,000
From Jan. 1.....	11,921,575	10,895,315	1,026,260

CENTRAL BRANCH.

First week June.	21,000	18,000	3,000
From Jan. 1.....	500,668	458,001	51,667

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN.

First week June.	94,725	85,998	8,727
From July 1.....	5,582,726	5,544,178	38,546

NORFOLK AND WESTERN.

First week June.	294,909	226,814	67,995
From July 1.....	12,078,125	11,015,971	1,957,754

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE.

First week June.	200,000	178,700	21,300
From July 1.....	9,237,100	8,497,800	739,300

BALTIMORE AND OHIO SOUTHWESTERN.

First week June.	126,304	126,249	55
From July 1.....	6,798,664	6,461,287	287,372

Colorado Fuel and Iron reports for April: Net, 1899, $216,500; 1898, $80,151; increase, $126,019.

Closing Curb Prices.

Closing prices of curb securities in New York yesterday were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated Copper	70¾	71
American Woolen	13¾	14¼
Do pfd	71	72
Bay State Gas	1¼	1⅝
Cast Iron Pipe	...	...
Do pfd	40½	41½
Chicago and Alton subscriptions	165	170
Chicago and Alton pfd	67	72
Distilling Company of America	¾	⅝
Do pfd	18	19½
Electric Vehicle	23	29
Illinois Electric Vehicle	...	...
International Pump	16⅜	17⅜
Do pfd	63½	65
National Salt	40¾	42
Do pfd	87	89
National Sugar pfd	100	103
Otis Elevator	29	29¼
Do pfd	86	86½
Royal Baking Powder	89½	90½
Standard Oil	544	547

Sales on Local Change.

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Sales	High.	Low.	Close.
American Linseed	1,140	11¾	11	11¾
Do pfd	100	31¾	31¾	31¾
American Strawboard	50	81	81	81
American Tinplate	200	21¼	21¼	21¼
Chicago City Railway	4	290	290	290
Chicago Telephone	30	196	196	196
Chicago Union Traction	1,100	17¼	17¼	17¼
Diamond Match	57	121	120	120¾
Lake Street Elevated	450	10¾	10¾	10¾
Metropolitan El. pfd	100	77	77	77
National Biscuit	202	25¼	25¼	25¼
Do pfd	71	80¾	80¾	80¾
Northwestern Elevated	200	20	20	20
Do pfd	111	64	64	64
West Chicago	26	106¼	105¼	106

BONDS.

$5000 Met. El 4s	97	$5000 N. W. El 5s	102¾
1000 N. W. City Ry 4½s	105¾	6000 Edison deb 6s	101¼

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	June 12.	June 5.
New York	$168,695,572	$182,145,159
Chicago	24,242,119	23,637,824
Boston	20,439,632	21,536,180
Philadelphia	16,913,713	17,340,792
St. Louis	5,218,005	5,068,182
Baltimore	3,068,622	4,252,174

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 10c premium before clearings, 15c premium after; St. Louis, 10c discount bid, par asked.

MARKET STRONGER AT CLOSE.

Material Shrinkage of Business, Although Foreign Buying Is of Good Volume.

(BY E. W. HARDEN.)

NEW YORK, June 12.—[Special.]—There was a material shrinkage in business on the stock market today, the total of transactions being only about 200,000 shares, against more than 280,000 yesterday. As a rule, however, there was a better undertone. The bulk of the trading for foreign account was on the buying side, arbitrage brokers taking probably 20,000 shares. Northern Pacific was bought most liberally for Berlin account.

The foreign buying, though encouragingly large, did not give the market much of a lift. The market remained lifeless until the last hour, when a general rally set in that continued until the close. Though net gains largely predominated there were not substantial, except in a few instances.

The opinion seems to be general that the market is heavily oversold, and it is apparent that stocks are not pressing for sale. Efforts to provoke liquidation have not been successful, and it is therefore held that a scare in the bear camp will result in material advances.

The improvement this afternoon was attributed to various causes. One was the decline in wheat on reports of rain, and another was that the return from Europe of J. Pierpont Morgan and William K. Vanderbilt tomorrow will inspire confidence, not only among holders of stocks, but also among speculators, who have been thinking for several days now that a rally was due. It is also being argued that the renomination of Mr. McKinley in Philadelphia should begin to have a good effect on stock market values.

Against these considerations there must be noted the wheat situation, as disclosed afresh in the weekly government report out too late today to play a part in the speculation. Also it was disclosed this afternoon that Thursday's steamer is more likely than not to carry out several large shipments of gold to France.

IN THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash and Securities on Wall Street.

NEW YORK, June 12.—The small contingent of professional room traders whose operations made up today's stock market found difficulty in causing any movement of prices. Speculation waits on the developments in China, and the money markets in Berlin and Paris. Bonds were dull and lower. Total sales, par value, $1,090,000.

Money on call easy at 1@2 per cent; last loan, 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487@487¼ for demand and 484¼@485 for sixty days; posted rates, 485½@488¼. Commercial bills, 484@484¼.

Silver certificates, 60@61c. Bar silver, 60c. Mexican dollars, 47½c.

Government bonds easy; State bonds inactive; railroad bonds weak.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	June 12 Closed	June 11
Amn. Sugar	15,400	114¾	114¼	114¾	114¾
Amn. Tobacco	1,500	91	90½	91	90½
Amn. Tinplate	100	21¾	21¼	21¾	21¾
Amn. Cotton Oil	400	38¾	38¾	38¾	...
Amn. Express	114	156	156	155	155
Amn. Smelting	2,000	36⅜	35¼	35¼	37
Do pfd	400	94	90	90	90¾
Am. Steel & Wire	4,600	34½	33¾	34	34
Do pfd	700	74¾	73¾	73½	76
Atchison	5,600	25⅜	24¾	25	25
Do pfd	12,500	71¾	71	71¾	70¾
Amn. Steel Hoop	300	20¾	20¼	20¼	20½
Anaconda	400	41	40½	41	40½
Amn. Linseed	400	10¾	10¾	10¾	11
Do pfd	200	54½	54	54	53½
Amn. Malting Co.	200	3	3	3	3¼
Do pfd	200	20¾	20¼	20¼	20¾
Am. Car Foundry	200	33¾	33¼	33¼	33¾
Do pfd	200	87¾	85¾	85¾	87¾
Amn. Ice	400	32	31	32	31
Ekiyn. Rap. Tran.	1,400	69¾	68¾	69	69¾
Balto. & Ohio	10,700	72¾	70¾	71¾	72¾
Do pfd	100	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾
Chi. Gt. Western	3,100	11¾	10¾	11¼	11¾
Chi. C. & St. P.	100	114	114	114	114
Do pfd	400	140	140	140	140
Con. Gas (N. Y.)	400	188	188	188	188
Colo. & Southern	100	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¾
Do 1st pfd	1,100	41	40¾	40¾	41
Do 2d pfd	100	32	32	32	33
Colo. Fuel & Iron	1,300	33	32	33	32¾
Do pfd	200	92	92	92	92
Chi. Gt. Western	3,100	11¾	10¾	11¼	11¾
Chi. C. & St. P.	100	114	114	114	114
Do pfd	400	140	140	140	140
Clo. Mid	100	13¼	13¼	13¼	...
Do pfd	100	20	20	20	...
D. L. & W.	100	179	179	179	179
Del. & Hudson	100	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾
Den. & Rio G.	400	17¾	17¼	17¼	17¾
Do pfd	100	69	69	69	69
D. S. S. & A.	100	4	4	4	4
D. S. S. & A. pfd	100	14	14	14	14
E. T., V. & G.	100	20	20	20	20
Erie	2,100	46¾	46	46	46¾
Do 1st pfd	200	71¾	71¾	71¾	73½
Do 2d pfd	100	61¾	61¾	61¾	63½
Federal Steel	12,400	37¾	37¼	37¼	38¾
Do pfd	900	77¾	77¼	77¼	77¾
General Electric	134	60	60	60	60
G. & E. of P. Co.	200	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾
Hocking Valley	400	14¼	13¾	13¾	14¼
Illinois Central	100	117	117	117	117
Lowa Central	100	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
Int. Paper	400	23	22¾	22¾	23
Do pfd	200	67	66¾	67	66¾
Int. Power	500	27¾	27¼	27¼	28
Louis. & Nash.	3,500	77¾	77¼	77¼	77¾
Long Island	100	72	72	72	72
Met. W. E. of Chi.	100	30¾	30¼	30¼	...
Manhattan	1,200	89¾	89	89¼	89¾
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	1,300	32	31¾	32	...
Do pfd	200	120	120	120	...
Met. St. Ry.	1,000	154	153¾	154	154
Mex. Cent. (Ltd.)	100	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾
Missouri Pacific	8,500	52¼	51¾	52	52¼
Mex. National	200	23	22¾	23	23
Minn. & St. L.	200	66¾	66¾	66¾	68¼
Do 1st pfd	200	90¾	94	94	95
Northern Pacific	24,500	73¾	73¼	73¾	73¾
Do pfd	1,000	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾
National Steel	400	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼
Do pfd	1,000	128¾	128¼	128¼	129¾
N. Y. Central	600	134¾	134¼	134¼	134¾
Norfolk & West.	1,700	33¾	33	33	33
North American Co.	100	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
N. Y. Gas & E. L.	1,000	204	204	204	205
N. Y. Air Brake	100	128	128	130	...
N. Y., C. & St. L.	100	11¼	11¼	11¼	...
Do 2d pfd	100	31	31	31	33½
National Tube	200	43¼	43¼	43¼	45¾
Do pfd	200	97¾	97¾	97¾	98¾
People's Gas	6,000	99¾	98¾	99¼	98¾
Penna. R. R.	4,000	123¾	123¾	123¾	123¾
Pacific Mail	600	41	40¾	40¾	41
Pullman	100	181¼	181¼	181¼	...
Pressed Steel Car	800	45¾	45¼	45¼	45¾
Do pfd	100	79	79	79	...
P., C. & St. L.	100	82	82	82	84
P. & W. pfd	100	63	63	63	63
Pacific Coast	200	31¾	31¾	31¾	33
Do 1st pfd	100	60	60	60	...
Do 2d pfd	100	58	58	58	58
Reading 1st pfd	2,000	58¾	58¾	58¾	60¾
Do 2d pfd	2,000	34¾	34¾	34¾	36¾
Republic Steel	2,000	12	10¾	10¾	11
Rock Island	100	108	108	108	...
Rio Grande Western	100	24¾	24¾	24¾	25
Rio Grande Western pfd	100	74	74	74	74
Rubber	100	53¾	52¾	52¾	53¾
Southern Pacific	2,000	33¾	32¾	33	33¾
St. L. & S. W.	200	...	...	...	...
Do pfd	1,000	25	23¾	24½	...
St. Louis Transit	100	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
Do 2d pfd	100	20¾	20¼	20¼	20¾
St. L. & S. F.	300	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾
Do 1st pfd	300	5	5	5	...
Texas Land	100	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¾
Texas Pacific	400	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾
Third Avenue	1,100	110¾	108¼	108¾	111
Tenn. Coal & Iron	100	67	67	67	...
Tenn. Coal & Iron	6,800	68	66¾	67¾	67¾
Union Pacific	3,800	53¾	52¾	53¼	53
Do pfd	100	85	85	85	85
U. Bag & P. pfd.	100	63¼	63¼	63¼	63¼
U. S. Leather	1,700	9¾	8¾	9	9¾
Do pfd	200	69	68	69	68¾
U. S. Express	30	45	45	45	45
Wheeling & L. E.	300	51¾	49¾	51¼	48¾
Do 2d pfd	100	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
U. S. Rubber	100	24¾	24¾	24¾	26
Wabash pfd	600	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Wis. Cent. pfd	200	34¾	34¼	34¼	34¾
Western Union	600	80	80	80	80¾
Wells-Fargo	50	123	123	123	...

Total sales, 201,655 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	United States		45
American	Wells-Fargo		118

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2s, w. i. reg.	103	U. S. new 4s, coup.	134¾
U. S. ref. 2s, w. i. cp.	103¾	U. S. old 4s, reg.	114¾
U. S. 2s, reg.	100	U. S. old 4s, coup.	115¼
U. S. 2s, reg.	100	U. S. 5s, reg.	109
U. S. 2s, coup.	100	U. S. 5s, coup.	113
U. S. new 4s, reg.	134¾		

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS

	—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.		
$2000 Atch gen 4s	102¾@...	1000 do Lyille 3½s	102¾
68000 do adjmt	83¾@...	6000 K C P-G 1st 5s	103¾@...
5000 A-N W 1st 5s	103¾	12000 L-N unf 4s	71¾
1000 A T & S Fe 4s	102¾		100¼@...
1000 Adams Ex 4s	103¾	5000 L Val 4½s	109
1000 Ann Arbor 4s	91¼	1000 Lac Gas 5s	108¼
15000 B-O 5s	96	5000 Ll unf 4s	95¾@96
63000 do 4s	100¾@...	5000 M Cent con 7s	106¾
4000 B R T 5s	95¾	5000 Man con 4s	100¾
2000 B W-W 5s	80	4000 M K-T 1st 4s	90¼@...
15000 Can So 1st	107¾	15000 M K-T 1st 4s	91¾@...
15000 do 2d	84	22000 M K-T ex 5s	104¾@...
3000 C N J g m 5s	121¾	5000 M-O g m 4s	94¾@...
2000 C & E I 5s	116	2000 N Y C L S	104¾@...
10000 do 1st inc	77½@...	8000 N Y C 6s	117¾@...
25000 C R I-P 4s	105¾	10000 N Y C 3½s	99¼
10000 Cent Pac 4s	99¾	10000 N Y Cen 4½s	111¼
10000 Ches & O 5s	116¾	8000 N Y G-E 4s	102
3000 C-O gen 4½s	99¾@...	8000 N Y G-W ref 4s	105
13000 do con	117¾@117	1000 N Y S-W 2d 5s	99¼
10000 do 1st R-A	116¾	13000 N-W con 4s	114¾
3000 C B & Q 4s	102¾	17000 NP gen lien	69¾@...
11000 do deb 5s	109¾	31000 do prior 4s	104½@...
1000 C Ill div 4s	102¾	10000 do R-E 4s	102¾@...
17000 C-E gen 5s	116	1000 O & L 5s	113¾
5000 Cent R-B con 5s	92¾	15000 P C C-St L 4½s	116¾
8000 C St P M-O con	133	1000 P C C-St L 4½s	116¾
1000 C M-St P C-P W 5s	121	10000 P-W 4s	101¾
10000 C C C St L gen 4s	95¼	12000 Rdg gen 4s	88¼
29000 do 1st Div	101¾@...	4000 R G W 4s	90¾@...
2000 C C-I 5s	102¾	7000 St L-I M 5s	110¾@...
8000 C Ter gen 5s	93	12000 do 4s	81¾@...
3000 Colo Mid 4s	72	3000 St L S F 2d 6s	122¾@...
10000 do 2-4s	39	1000 do F m 5s	112
2000 Colo So 4s	85¼	21000 St L S W 1st 4s	90¾@91
8000 D-R G con 4s	104¾		107¾@...
1000 do 4½s	107¾	4000 So Ry 5s	111¾
7000 Det Gas 5s	99	1000 So Ry m 5s	114¾
51000 D M-M L 5s	93¾	1000 S-A P 4s	73¾
1000 do 2d 4s	50	1000 So Pac 4s	89¾
32000 Erie gen lien	112¾	22000 Tex P 1st 5s	112¾
2000 do prior	111¾@...	3000 T-St L 2d 4½s	94
2000 Ft W-D C 1st 6s	104	10000 T-N O 5s	104
3000 F-P M cons 6s	117	20000 U P 4s	106¾
10000 G H-S A M 5s	99	4000 do 1st	101¾
5000 do Henry Co 5s	104¾	10000 do deb 4s	94¾@...
10000 H W 4½s	107	3000 W C 6s	120
14000 Ill C 4s	105¾	10000 W N-P gen 6s	91¾

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash and Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., June 12.—[Special.]—Market extremely dull. Call loans, 2@2½ per cent; time loans, 3@4 per cent; clearing-house rate, 2 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Opg.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Sugar	1,500	114¾	115¼	114¼	115¾
Amal. Copper	200	71	71¾	70¾	71
Amn. Tel.	25	144	144	144	144
Atchison	400	25¼	25¼	25	25¼
Do pfd	200	71¾	71¾	71	71¾
Bost. & Mont. Min.	10	200	200	200	200
Bingham	105	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
Calif. & G.	1,565	127	127	126¾	126¾
Calumet & Hecla	10	720	720	720	720
Dominion Coal	100	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼
Centennial	25	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Elm. River	100	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
Fitchburg pfd	25	135	135	135	135
General Electric	200	60	60	60	60
Mohawk	50	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼
Osceola	125	60	60	60	60
Royal	25	123	123	123	123
Parrott	100	39¼	40	39¼	39¼
Quincy Mining	200	135	135	135	135
Union Pacific	50	53¼	53¼	53¼	53¼
United States Oil	50	15	15	15	15
Westinghouse Elec	110	44¼	45¼	44¼	45¼
Do pfd	25	64¼	64¼	64¼	64¼

BONDS.

$1000 C-W M 5s	102¾	$2000 K C Ft S-M 6s	110
2000 Mex 4s	77½		

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 12.—Today's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, is as follows: Available cash balance, $146,215,839; gold coin and bullion, $71,927,813.

IN THE FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

Tendency of Cash and Securities in London, Paris and Berlin.

NEW YORK, June 12.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial and cable telegram says: The markets here were slack today, and slightly hardened during the day. Americans fluctuated within narrow limits on varying rumors about the Northern Pacific dividend. The close was rather weak on New York offers, except for Atchison, Pacific shares and Ohio, Wabash preferred and Pacific Coast, which were scarcer than offered. The continent did nothing, Berlin being closed. Tintos were affected by the strike, and other copper shares were sympathetically off. The bank received £80,000 gold from Egypt and sold £25,000 in French coin, besides £20,000 to South America. A half million was withdrawn from Russia today, which was the market for American securities, after a dull and sluggish opening, showed a slight improvement in China, and the money markets in Berlin and Paris. Bonds were dull and lower. Total sales, par value, $1,090,000.

Money on call easy at 1@2 per cent; last loan, 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487@487¼ for demand and 484¼@485 for sixty days; posted rates, 485½@488¼. Commercial bills, 484@484¼.

Silver certificates, 60@61c. Bar silver, 60c. Mexican dollars, 47½c.

Government bonds easy; State bonds inactive; railroad bonds weak.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	June 12 Closed	June 11
Amn. Sugar	15,400	114¾	114¼	114¾	114¾
Amn. Tobacco	1,500	91	90½	91	90½
Amn. Tinplate	100	21¾	21¼	21¾	21¾
Amn. Cotton Oil	400	38¾	38¾	38¾	...
Amn. Express	114	156	156	155	155
Amn. Smelting	2,000	36⅜	35¼	35¼	37
Do pfd	400	94	90	90	90¾
Am. Steel & Wire	4,600	34¾	33¾	34	34
Do pfd	700	74¾	73¾	73½	76
Atchison	5,600	25⅜	24¾	25	25
Do pfd	12,500	71¾	71	71¾	70¾
Amn. Steel Hoop	300	20¾	20¼	20¼	20½
Anaconda	400	41	40½	41	40½
Amn. Linseed	400	10¾	10¾	10¾	11
Do pfd	200	54½	54	54	53½
Amn. Malting Co.	200	3	3	3	3¼
Do pfd	200	20¾	20¼	20¼	20¾
Am. Car Foundry	200	33¾	33¼	33¼	33¾
Do pfd	200	87¾	85¾	85¾	87¾
Amn. Ice	400	32	31	32	31
Ekiyn. Rap. Tran.	1,400	69¾	68¾	69	69¾
Balto. & Ohio	10,700	72¾	70¾	71¾	72¾
Do pfd	100	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾
Chi. Gt. Western	3,100	11¾	10¾	11¼	11¾
Chi. C. & St. P.	100	114	114	114	114
Do pfd	400	140	140	140	140
Clo. Mid	100	13¼	13¼	13¼	...
Do pfd	100	20	20	20	...
D. L. & W.	100	179	179	179	179
Del. & Hudson	100	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾
Den. & Rio G.	400	17¾	17¼	17¼	17¾
Do pfd	100	69	69	69	69
D. S. S. & A.	100	4	4	4	4
D. S. S. & A. pfd	100	14	14	14	14
E. T., V. & G.	100	20	20	20	20
Erie	2,100	46¾	46	46	46¾
Do 1st pfd	200	71¾	71¾	71¾	73½
Do 2d pfd	100	61¾	61¾	61¾	63½
Federal Steel	12,400	37¾	37¼	37¼	38¾
Do pfd	900	77¾	77¼	77¼	77¾
General Electric	134	60	60	60	60
G. & E. of P. Co.	200	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾
Hocking Valley	400	14¼	13¾	13¾	14¼
Illinois Central	100	117	117	117	117
Lowa Central	100	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
Int. Paper	400	23	22¾	22¾	23
Do pfd	200	67	66¾	67	66¾
Int. Power	500	27¾	27¼	27¼	28
Louis. & Nash.	3,500	77¾	77¼	77¼	77¾
Long Island	100	72	72	72	72
Met. W. E. of Chi.	100	30¾	30¼	30¼	...
Manhattan	1,200	89¾	89	89¼	89¾
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	1,300	32	31¾	32	...
Do pfd	200	120	120	120	...
Met. St. Ry.	1,000	154	153¾	154	154
Mex. Cent. (Ltd.)	100	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾
Missouri Pacific	8,500	52¼	51¾	52	52¼
Mex. National	200	23	22¾	23	23
Minn. & St. L.	200	66¾	66¾	66¾	68¼
Do 1st pfd	200	90¾	94	94	95
Northern Pacific	24,500	73¾	73¼	73¾	73¾
Do pfd	1,000	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾
National Steel	400	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼
Do pfd	1,000	128¾	128¼	128¼	129¾
N. Y. Central	600	134¾	134¼	134¼	134¾
Norfolk & West.	1,700	33¾	33	33	33
North American Co.	100	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
N. Y. Gas & E. L.	1,000	204	204	204	205
N. Y. Air Brake	100	128	128	130	...
N. Y., C. & St. L.	100	11¼	11¼	11¼	...
Do 2d pfd	100	31	31	31	33½
National Tube	200	43¼	43¼	43¼	45¾
Do pfd	200	97¾	97¾	97¾	98¾
People's Gas	6,000	99¾	98¾	99¼	98¾
Penna. R. R.	4,000	123¾	123¾	123¾	123¾
Pacific Mail	600	41	40¾	40¾	41
Pullman	100	181¼	181¼	181¼	...
Pressed Steel Car

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avings Bank.
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PONDENCE SOLICITED.

MAY BEACH LACKS SPEED

HER POOR SHOWING IN A SPRINT PUZZLES THE HARLEM JUDGES.

Headwater, at 15 to 1, Wins the Race, the Mare Finishing in the Ruck—Jockey Ross Called Into the Stand—Manga Captures the Proviso Stakes, the Two Favorites Being Unplaced—All Gold Outruns Vain and The Lady—Results Elsewhere.

The card at Harlem yesterday was good and bad in spots. Two of the fields were small, one having three entries and the other five. This latter, however, the Proviso Stakes for 2-year-olds, furnished an interesting contest.

The unsavory feature of the day was the rather poor showing of May Beach in the fifth race at six furlongs, which included in its list of entries a number of good sprinters. Bangle was among the absentees, and figuring on Lakeside form the public was naturally led to May Beach as the probable winner. She got away fairly well and was in a good position, up third or fourth, to the stretch, but in the final furlong she apparently tired badly, and she was not a contender at the finish. Headwater, a fast horse, quoted at the outside price of 15 to 1, coming away from the bunch at the end and winning easily. May Beach was an even money favorite, but this was also a false price in view of the fact that she had not started in some time. The judges were dissatisfied with her running, and they called her rider, Ross, into the stand. Ross had no satisfactory explanation to make other than that the mare stopped at the end, and inasmuch as she has shown a disposition to run in front the judges were of the opinion finally that her inability to get out into the lead early in the journey was the cause of her defeat. There may be something in that, but probably a more plausible explanation may be found in the theory that the mare may have just needed a race to put her on edge. The distance was accomplished in 1:15½, and that made pretty fast going for May Beach with 112 pounds in the saddle and conceding lumps of weight to other speedy horses.

The 2-year-old stake, which was worth gross $1,800 and net to the winner $1,400, went to the Eastern owner, W. Oliver, who captured the prize with his Cayuga-Medusa filly, Manga. This filly ran a good second at Hawthorne, when on account of the crowd Oliver had not been able to do much with her. The public, however, evidently expected the contest to be between Manga and Lady Vain, and the odds were driving at the end of the quarter, and in the stretch he made desperate efforts to get up, but Manga always had the foot of her and won somewhat handily. Benson Caldwell came fast at the end and earned third money. Farmer Bennett was in the saddle for Lady Vain from the post to the finish, and is no purpose, for he was beaten in the early part of the journey.

Harlem Summaries, June 12.

Weather clear. Track good.

First race, 4½ furlongs, 2-year-olds, maidens, allies:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fin.
5-1	Gov. Griggs, 176 (Donohue)	6	6	2½	2½	2½
4-1	Konwreath, 115 (Caywood)	4	4	4	4	3
15-1	Donna Bella, 115 (W. Kiley)	3	3	3	3	4
4-1	Janice, 105 (Bullman)	5	5	5	5	5

Time, :56 1-5. Lakeland, 151 pounds; Filon d'Or, 148; and Mr. Stoffel, 139, finished as named. Winner, b. m., by Bramble—Lou Dudley. Start good. Won easily.

Second race, ¾ mile, $700 added, 2-year-olds, fillies:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
2-1	Glennelle, 115 (McCue)	1	1	1	1	1
16-5	T. of Candles, 106 (Jenkins)	2	2	2	2	2
4-1	Janice, 105 (Bullman)	3	4	3	3	3

Time, 1:01 3-5. Mary McCoy, 114 pounds; Welsh Girl, 106; The Jade, 104; Screech, 114; Miss Lois, 104; About, 104; Queen Quality, 108; Audacious, 111; and Lizzie A., 105, finished as named. Sporting Duchess, 104 pounds, bolted. Winner, ch. f., by His Highness—Neiglen. Start good. Won easily. Glennelle got away flying.

Third race, 1¼ miles, $1,000 added, 3-year-olds, handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
6-10	James, 118 (Maher)	2	2	2	2½	1½
16-5	Sarmatian, 121 (Henry)	1	1	1	1	2
9-1	Orontas, 113 (Spencer)	3	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:54 2-5. Colonel Roosevelt, 116 pounds, and Lindemere, 106, finished as named. Winner, b. c., by St. James—Belotile. Start good. Won driving. James was much the best, but Maher ran him into several pockets. He hung on when he caught Sarmatian and was driven out. Sarmatian handled his weight well and ran a fine race. Colonel Roosevelt was badly ridden and ran a poor race.

Fourth race, ⅝ mile, 2-year-olds, selling, Hanover Stakes, $1,000 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
2-1	Fake, 107 (Mahe)	1	1	1	1	1
5-2	Lief Prince, 97 (Shaw)	2	2	2	2	2
12-1	Carl Kahler, 101 (McCue)	3	3	3	3	3

Time, :59¾ 4-5. Final, 97 pounds; Maiden, 94; Quiz, 92; Cherries, 94; Dachshund, 102; and Billionaire, 97, finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Dacus—Necromancy. Start fair. Won easily. Maiden showed early speed.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles, $700 added, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
9-5	Dan Rice, 105 (Maher)	6	11	11	11	1
10-1	Post Haste, 105 (McCue)	1	2	2	2	2
6-2	Precursor, 95 (Rausch)	5	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:49 1-5. Dan Cupid, 107 pounds; Robert Metcalf, 90; and Merry Prince, 105, finished as named. Winner, ch. c., by Handspring—Jess. Start good. Won easily.

Sixth race, about ¾ mile, $700 added, mares:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
9-2	Kamara, 95 (Shaw)	5	12	11	11	1
6-1	May Hempstead, 121 (Spencer)	1	9	4	3	2
7-2	Cleora, 108 (Mitchell)	4	4	5	4	3

Time, 1:10 2-5. Andrina, 112 pounds; Miss Hanover, 94; Miriam Claire, 95; Gold Lace, 94; Pine, 103; San Cecilia, 94; Juggler, 94; and Millie Long, 103, finished as named. Lady Lindsay, 103 pounds, bolted. Winner, br. f., by Candleman—Balaklava. At post 16 minutes. Start good. Won driving. Kamara showed the most speed, but was hard ridden at the end to stall off May Hempstead. Miss Hanover and Miriam Claire tired. Cleora, off poorly, made up a lot of ground.

Today's Brooklyn Entries.

First race, about ⅝ mile, handicap—Sanders, 126 pounds; Vulcain, 125; Contestor, 120; Merry Day, 120; Mariner, 116; Wyoming, 114; Lizzie Hewitt, 107; Avenius, 107; Danforth, 98; His Royal Highness, 94; Ben Ledi, 81.

Second race, 1¼ miles, handicap—Irgo, 126 pounds; Lotharlo, 101; Charentus, 101; Guldon, 97; Knight of the Garter, 92; Latson, 90; Tinge, 87.

Third race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds, purse $10,000, 2-year-olds—Prince Charles, 125 pounds; Tommy Atkins, 125; Handwork, 116; Blues, 116; Crescent, 115; Bedeck, 115; Prince Pepper, 115; Humboldt, 115; The Puritan, 115; Bellario, 115; Yorkshire Boy, 115.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, 2-year-olds, selling, the Falcon Stakes, $1,000 added—First Whip, 109 pounds; Redpath, 103; The Rush, 103; Hammock, 103; Ceylon, 101; Post Haste, 101; Prestidigitator, 98; Magic Light, 96.

Fifth race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds, maidens—Hinsdale, 112 pounds; Russian, 112; Cressan, 112; Strategist, 112; Gautama, 112; Caliear, 112; Rolling Boer, 112; The Elephant, 112; Hollow, 112; Philos, 112; Fleetwing, 109; King's Favorite, ch. h., by Hanover—King Cup, 109; San Luis, 109; Ada Beaton, 109.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles, selling—Autumn, 110 pounds; Tulane, 108; Oliver Mc, 105; Dan Rice, 105; Dolgarry, 105; Parky Star, 105; Precursor, 98; Dunblane, 95; Magic Light, 90.

ADVANCE GUARD WINS EASILY.

Captures the Canadian Derby at Fort Erie.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 12.—Advance Guard, Carruthers & Shields' gallant Great Tom colt, which was one of the stars of the San Francisco season, captured the Canadian Derby at Fort Erie this afternoon. It was a lively race, but Advance Guard was much the best colt in it. Radford, the New York importation, although a maiden, was held favorite, and of the others Lamo Globe was most fancied. Lewis and Lamo Globe off in front, and staid there until near the end. In the stretch Taral gave Advance Guard his head, and won handily, not extended. It was a popular victory, as Advance Guard was a favorite and favorite on the Canadian circuit last summer. Of the favorites Ethel Wheat alone demonstrated her superiority in marketing, and the track was good, the weather fine, the attendance 8,000.

First race, ¾ mile, for 3-year-olds and up—Royal Sterling, 2 to 1, won; Erwin, 2 to 1, second; Alice Farley, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:16¼.

Second race, ⅝ mile, 2-year-olds, selling—Gay Dally, 5 to 1, won; Flatterer, 8 to 1, second; The Copper, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:04.

Third race, 1-16 miles—Free Lance, 6 to 1, won; Chopin, 7 to 1, second; Topmast, 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:48.

Fourth race, the Canadian Derby, 1¼ miles, value $2,000—Advance Guard, 127 pounds (Taral), 2 to 1 and 4 to 5, won by two lengths; Lamo Globe, 112 (H. Lee), 4 to 1, second; Lamo, 112 (Ellis), 15 to 1, third. Time, 2:08¾. John Halsey, Alfred Vargrave, and Sidney also ran.

Fifth race, ⅝ mile—Ethel Wheat, 1 to 3, won; Award, 12 to 1, second; Maltese Cross, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:03.

Sixth race, steeplechase, short course, handicap—Charley O., 6 to 5, won; Slasher, 12 to 1, second. Time, 3:31.

Results at Latonia.

Cincinnati, O., June 12.—June Gayle had an easy time of it winning the Harold Stakes for 2-year-old colts at Latonia today. After the scratches were made in there were four youngsters left to contest for the prize, and June Gayle was installed favorite at 11 to 5. The start was only a fair one, and June Gayle was off next to last. At the quarter pole June Gayle shot to the front and was never headed, winning pulled up by six lengths. Long Flo got the place easily from Sam Lyons. Sim W. gave the talent a hard fall in the fifth event by winning handily from the Star of Bethlehem colt by Voorhees—Ethel Sloan. Sim W. was 15 to 1 in the betting. The weather was delightful and the attendance large. Track fast. First summaries:

First race, 4 furlongs, selling—Orris, 9 to 1, won; Kaftan, 15 to 1, second; W. G. Welch, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:02.

Second race, 5 furlongs—The Laundress, 3 to 2, won; Emma C. L., 10 to 1, second; Virginia T., 7 to 5, third. Time, 1:05¼.

Third race, 1 mile and 70 yards, selling—Ethelinda, 13 to 5, won; Gadsden, 10 to 1, second; Ennomia, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:46¾.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs, the Harold Stakes—June Gayle, 11 to 5, won; Long Flo, 13 to 5, second; Sam Lyons, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:20¾.

Fifth race, 4 furlongs—Sim W., 12 to 1, won; The Star of Bethlehem, 3 to 5, second; Foneda, 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:14¾.

Sixth race, 7 furlongs, selling—Strathlight, 7 to 5, won; Surung, 10 to 1, second; Peter Duryea, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:29¾.

Entries:

First race, selling, 6½ furlongs—Opera Girl, Olga J., Scooter, Sightly, Sister Mary, 100; Lord Fraser, Tension, Flora Islip, 102; Fantasy, 104; Mark Hanna, Douster swivel, 105; Covington Ky., 107.

Second race, 4½ furlongs—Auchendrayne, Lizette S., Mattie Bain, Mrs. Grannan, Eaggespee, Great Scott, Miss Tracey, Empress Eugenie, Maggie Young, Purse Lady, 107 pounds; Lady Brambie, Telephone Girl, 112.

Third race, 1 mile, selling—Sarilla, Marion Lynch, 86 pounds; Sadie Burnam, 88; Prince Willakin, 90; Dissolute, Etta Stevens, Louisville Belle, 101; Richardson, 103; Viola Parsons, 105; Atlantus, 107.

Fourth race, handicap, 1 mile—Enghurst, 100 pounds; Belle O'Brien, 103; Vestry, 104; Sailor Boy, 107; Lord Zeni, 113; The Star of Bethlehem, 115.

Fifth race, ⅝ mile—John Drake, Benckart, Joe Vail, 100; Irving Mayor, 102; Xanthos, John R. Allen, 103; Faraday Jr., Porter B., Tadema, 105; Dropsella, 111.

Sixth race, selling, 6½ furlongs—Full Dress, 102 pounds; Rotha, Kilt, The Geezer, 105; Prince of Wales, 106; Northumberland, Fair Deceiver, Little Billy, 107; Daddy H., 108; Missouri, 110.

Results at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 12.—Four favorites took down brackets at the fair grounds today. The weather was ideal, the crowd fairly large, the track fast, and the betting spirited. Summaries:

First race, selling, 1 1-16 miles—Celtic Bard, 5 to 1, won; Haviland, 6 to 1, second; Zasel, 7 to 2, third. Time, 1:49¼.

Second race, 2-year-olds, 5 furlongs—Joe Frey, 9 to 10, won; Isobel, 5 to 1, second; Wild Pirate, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:01¾.

Third race, selling, 2-year-olds, 5 furlongs—Small Jack, 11 to 5, won; Golden Harvest, 10 to 1, second; Zack Ford, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:03.

Fourth race, 7 furlongs—Triaditza, 9 to 20, won; Van Hoorebeke, 8 to 1, second; Guide Rock, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:28.

Fifth race, selling, 6½ furlongs—Lord Neville, 9 to 2, won; Theory, 3 to 1, second; Judge Wardell, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:22.

Sixth race, selling, 6½ furlongs—Skillman, 2 to 1, won; Zanetto, 5 to 1, second; Eulalie, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:22.

Tomorrow's entries:

First race, 6½ furlongs, selling—Iron Chancellor, 110 pounds; Meeting, 114; Harrie Floyd, Eight Bells, Troubeam, 107; Benn Ham, Mascagni, 109.

Second race, 1¼ miles, selling—Raminy, 111 pounds; Judge Steadman, 108; Dynamis, 89; Lansing, Sallie Lamar, Russalla, 106; Terra Incognita, 104; Baffled, Larua, 87; Sun God, Bright Night, Joe Doughty, 109.

Third race, ¾ mile, handicap—Bummer, 108 pounds; Kindred, 95; Tom Collins, 105; Aunt Mary, Annie Snap, 90.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, selling—Tickful, 89 pounds; Russell R., 91; Crocket, Myth, 105; My Hope, 114.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, selling—Meddlesome Miss, 90 pounds; Joe, Canrobert, 92; Glen Lake, 95; Florabird, 101; El Caney, 103; Connie Lee, 109.

Sixth race, ⅝ mile, purse—Mintaro, Billy Patterson, Frenchie, 98; Danger Line, 101; Miss Zara, Amoroso, Tennis Girl, Enjoy, 109; Ampere, 106.

Sloans Lands the Ascot Stakes.

LONDON, June 12.—Royal Ascot opened auspiciously today with superb weather. The attendance was large. The Prince of Wales, the Duke of York, and the Duke of Cambridge and party are occupying Ascot Heath House, within easy reach of the course. The Ascot Stakes was won by Lord Carnarvon's bay colt, Baldur, by Sheen, out of Sunadise, ridden by "Tod" Sloan. Lord Durham's Osbech was second and Lord Rosebery's Tom Cringle was third. Eleven horses ran. Baden led to the straight and then gave way to Osbech, whom Baldur caught close to home, and the latter won a good race by a neck. The betting was 4 to 1 each against Baldur and Osbech. Morgan, the American jockey, made his début in this country. He had the mount on Charina, but did not secure a place.

Notes of the Tracks.

All Gold won his mile in 1:43⅖. He was worked out a mile and a quarter in 2:10¾.

The American Derby candidate, Yellow Tail, is expected at Washington Park today.

Starter Dick Dwyer has received an offer to start at the Windsor meeting. It is probable after the Washington Park meeting Mr. Dwyer and Mr. Holtman will alternate at Windsor, each wielding the flag on the off two weeks when not engaged here.

"Boro-Formalin" (Elmer & Amend), antiseptic dressing for burns, sores, cuts, bruises, or any similar accident or affliction.

HARD LUCK FOR CHICAGO.

HITS BETTER THAN NEW YORK, BUT CANNOT SCORE.

Swartwood's Bad Decision Has Much to Do with the Defeat—Orphans Make Nine Clean Hits, but They Are Too Scattered to Earn Runs—Downall Comes in the Sixth Inning, When Bowerman Is Called Safe on a Foul Hit—Notes of the Game.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Philadelphia	26	15	.634	Chicago	20	22	.476
Brooklyn	24	17	.600	Boston	18	22	.474
Pittsburg	23	22	.511	New York	16	23	.410
St. Louis	20	21	.488	Cincinnati	16	24	.400

Yesterday's Games.

New York, 4; Chicago, 0.
Philadelphia, 5; St. Louis, 3.
Brooklyn, 6; Cincinnati, 4.
Boston, 3; Pittsburg, 1.

Games Today.

Chicago at New York.
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Pittsburg at Boston.

CHICAGO LOSES ANOTHER GAME.

Despite Callahan's Good Pitching the Giants Secure Victory.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

New York, June 12.—[Special.]—Everybody is willing to kick a ball club when it starts down, so today the despised New Yorks put on extra heavy soled brogans and proceeded to administer a pedal accelerator to Loftus' crowd.

Edward Swartwood, who quite frequently has been kicked at, aided matters with the unkindest kick of all, which shocked everybody but Freedman. Loftus' men tried to kick, but their shoes were spiked. Because of these things Chicago suffered not only defeat but the added disgrace of a shutout.

Chicago made nine good, solid hits, two sacrifices, drew two bases on balls, got the equivalent of a two-base hit by Van Haltren's muff, yet made never a run. Luck and a decision by Swartwood prevented run-getting. The Giants made five hits, two of them lucky, yet made four. An error and a frightful decision by Swartwood were responsible for those runs. A decision started the trouble, and therefore was responsible for all that followed.

It came in the sixth inning, when Swartwood made his mistake. Bowerman was the first batter up, and with two strike called, he attempted to bunt. The ball struck inside the plate, rebounded, struck the batter, who knocked it back into fair grounds. Callahan, seeing the ball strike Bowerman, stopped and started back to his position, not seeing Swartwood leaning away toward first and Ganzel, diving, knocked down the ball, but could not recover in time to retire Bowerman. The emergency called for a single to left. Merles came charging forward, grabbed up the sphere, and hurled it to the plate. Had Bowerman been forced out there would have been thrown out ten feet, but in failing third Carrick fell down and on struggling to his feet was unable to get back to the bag, who was nervously fumbling, could throw. With the bases filled Selbach rapped a fast bounder to Corcoran, who, in his anxiety to make a double play, played the ball awkwardly and made a muff of it, and Davis' fly to Ryan sent Smith home with the second run.

Carrick opened the eighth with a hit and Ryan and Corcoran let Smith's little fly fall between them. A hit by Selbach and Davis' fly to Ryan sent home two more tallies.

All this while Chicago had been fighting hard for runs, Hutchinson and McCormick following Corcoran's sacrifice, which was nearly a hit, with nothing in the second. Childs singled in the first and Corcoran, who, in his anxiety to make a double, tangible result. The fifth promised well. Childs and Mertes cracked out hits, but just as Childs started Callahan essayed to steal third and was caught in spite of Hickman's awkwardness. Then followed a wild pitch and Childs drew his base on balls to the effect, for in the pinch Ryan struck out.

Ganzel singled in the sixth and Callahan and Childs did in the seventh without aiding the cause, but the crowning touch of tough luck and misery was reserved for the eighth. Green opened this inning with a long drive which Van Haltren muffed after a long run, letting Green second, and when Ganzel drew a base Chicago's cup nearly full. Then McCormick sacrificed and Clingman came up to avenge all Chicago's grievances. He smote the ball a mighty rap and it went out over Doyle's head like a quick jump, grabbed in the ball, and shot it down to the plate in second. Ganzel stayed back, reaching the base before the ball reached Doyle, but Swartwood called him out, killing Chicago's waning hope. Clemming discouraged, Loftus' men let New York make two more runs without an effort, and sadly paraded homeward. Score:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	BH	TB	PO	A	E	SB	BB	BE	LB
Mertes, lf	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Childs, 2b	4	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ryan, cf	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green, rf	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ganzel, 1b	4	0	1	1	12	0	0	0	0	0	0
McCormick, 3b	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Clingman, ss	3	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0
Donohue, c	3	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0
Callahan, p	4	0	2	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	0	5	6	25	8	0	0	0	0	1

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	BH	TB	PO	A	E	SB	BB	BE	LB
Smith, rf	4	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gleason, 2b	4	0	1	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0
Selbach, lf	3	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Davis, 1b	4	0	1	1	12	0	0	0	0	0	0
Doyle, c	4	0	0	0	12	4	0	0	0	0	0
Van Haltren, cf	3	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
Hickman, 3b	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Bowerman, c	3	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carrick, p	3	2	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	4	5	5	27	14	1	1	0	2	4

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hits	0	2	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Hits	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

Attendance—1,100. Two-base hit—McCormick. Sacrifice hits—Clingman, McCormick. Double play—Doyle, Gleason and Selbach. Struck out—Carrick, Hickman, Ryan, Donahue. Wild pitch—Carrick. Umpire—Swartwood. Time of game—1:57.

Notes of the Game.

The team arrived in New York at 7 o'clock this morning by boat.

Ryan had three opportunities to hit home runs, but Griffith, Garvin, and several other times went to the White-McGovern fight tonight.

Sixteen Giants faced Callahan in the first five innings. The only man who reached first was Selbach, who was hit.

Bowerman acknowledged that he knocked the ball in his furore at the start of the sixth inning, and it is probable Swartwood did not see the play at all.

CHAMPIONS WIN OUT ON GAMENESS.

Pound Out a Victory in the Ninth Against Cincinnati.

Brooklyn, N. Y., June 12.—Irwin's home run, with Bridle on second, tied the score in the ninth today, but Keeler's triple and Jennings' single returned the Brooklyns winners in their half. It was a pitchers' battle, in which Kitson had the advantage of steady support. Score:

Cincinnati.	R	B	P	A	E	Brooklyn.	R	B	P	A	E
Barrett, cf	0	0	2	0	0	Jones, cf	0	0	4	0	0
Corcoran, ss	0	1	3	1	1	Keeler, rf	1	2	3	0	0
Beckley, 1b	0	0	9	0	0	Jennings, lf	0	1	1	0	0
McBride, rf	0	2	1	0	0	McAleer, cf	0	0	2	0	0
Crawford, lf	1	1	4	0	0	Dahlen, ss	0	0	2	0	0
Irwin, 2b	1	1	0	2	0	Cross, 3b	0	0	0	2	0
Steinfeldt, 3b	0	1	1	4	0	Ryan, 2b	0	0	3	3	0
Wood, c	0	1	4	1	0	McGuire, c	0	0	5	1	0
Scott, p	0	0	0	1	0	Kitson, p	0	0	1	1	0
Totals	4	6	24	9	2	Totals	1	3	27	12	1

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	—4
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Three-base hit—Keeler. Two-base hit—Crawford. Struck out—By Kitson, 2; by Scott, 4. Stolen bases—Steinfeldt, Wood. Sheckard, Daly. Bases on balls—By Kitson, 3. Double play—Jennings-Dahlen; Dahlen-Jennings. Wild pitch—Scott. Time—1:40. Umpire—O'Day. Attendance—800.

Philadelphia, 6; St. Louis, 5.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 12.—It looked to be a victory for St. Louis until the seventh inning today, when Philadelphia took a brace at the bat. The latter made two doubles and two singles, with a wild throw by Tebeau, gave them five runs and the game. Score:

St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E	Philadelphia.	R	B	P	A	E
Burkett, lf	1	1	1	0	0	Thomas, cf	2	2	1	0	0
Beckley, 1b	0	2	9	0	0	Slagle, lf	0	1	2	0	0
Keister, 2b	2	3	1	2	0	Delehanty, 1b	1	2	8	0	1
Donlin, rf	0	0	1	0	0	Flick, rf	0	0	2	0	0
McGann, c	1	0	10	0	0	McFarland, c	1	2	5	0	0
Dillard, 3b	0	1	2	4	0	Childs, 2b	0	0	2	3	0
Tebeau, ss	0	0	4	3	2	Dolan, 3b	0	0	0	3	0
Criger, c	0	0	3	0	0	Jones, ss	0	0	3	2	0
Jones, p	0	0	0	3	0	Donohue, p	1	1	1	1	0
*Demont	0	1	0	0	0						
Totals	5	8	24	15	3	Totals	6	9	27	12	2

*Batted for Jones in ninth.

St. Louis	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—5	
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	—6	

Two-base hits—Heidrick, Keister, Delehanty. Sacrifice hit—Slagle. Double plays—Delehanty; Dillard-Keister-Beckley. First base—Off Jones, 4; off Donohue, 1. Struck out—By Jones, 2; by Donohue, 2. Balk—Jones. Passed ball—Criger. Umpire—McDonald. Time—1:50.

Boston, 3; Pittsburg, 1.

Boston, Mass., June 12.—Neither Boston nor Pittsburg could bat with any effect today, but the balls proved costly; Pittsburg's run and two of Boston's being scored by men who went by grace of the pitcher. Star catches by Hamilton and Long were features. Score:

Boston.	R	B	P	A	E	Pittsburg.	R	B	P	A	E
Hamilton, cf	1	1	2	0	0	Cooley, lf	0	1	0	0	0
Collins, 3b	0	0	0	1	0	Ritchey, 2b	0	0	1	2	0
Barry, rf	0	0	1	0	0	Beaumont, cf	0	2	1	0	0
Stahl, lf	0	1	0	0	0	Wagner, ss	0	1	0	4	0
Long, ss	0	0	1	2	0	Willis, 1b	0	0	9	0	0
Dressen, 2b	1	1	2	0	0	O'Brien, rf	0	0	2	0	0
Lowe, 2b	0	0	2	4	0	Ely, ss	0	0	1	2	0
Sullivan, c	1	1	7	0	0	O'Connor, c	0	0	3	0	0
Dineen, p	0	0	1	0	0	Chesbro, p	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	3	4	27	14	2	Totals	1	5	24	10	1

Boston	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	*—3		
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1		

Home run—Sullivan. Stolen bases—Hamilton, Williams. Double plays—Long-Lowe-Barry, Cooley (unassisted). Sacrifice hit—Lowe. First base on balls—Off Dineen, 3; off Chesbro, 4. Struck out—By Dineen, 2; by Chesbro, 1. Passed ball—Sullivan. Time—1:40. Umpire—Emslie.

WIN A CLOSE GAME FROM DETROIT.

White Stockings Profit by Cantillon's Doubtful Decision.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Indianapolis	28	12	.700	Minneapolis	24	25	.511
Chicago	25	17	.595	Kansas City	23	25	.479
Milwaukee	25	20	.556	Buffalo	21	26	.404
Cleveland	23	20	.535	Detroit	13	30	.302

Yesterday's Games.

Chicago, 6; Detroit, 5.
Milwaukee, 6; Indianapolis, 2.
Buffalo, 4; Minneapolis, 0.
Cleveland, 9; Kansas City, 6.

Comiskey's men made it four straight from Detroit yesterday, and have now won six straight games. The score was 6 to 5, and was made by the hardest hitting seen on the field in a long while. Neither Denzer nor Yeager was in good form. Their delivery was comparatively simple, and the batsmen had little trouble in

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MARRIED man, as cashier, collector, or general office work; experienced, and good references; start at $12 a week. Address S 562, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, 8 years' experience credit, auditing, and traffic work with railroads and corporations; references and bond. Address S 444, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MARRIED MAN as bookkeeper; experienced, competent; German-American; excellent references. Address S 410, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS soda clerk; understand all mixing of fancy drinks; 4 years' reference in last place. Address S 440, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS cashier, bookkeeper, or credit man; good references. Address S 421, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, 20 years of age; 3 years' experience in general office work. Address S 455, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—TO WORK EVENINGS; experienced drug and soda dispenser. Address S 602, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED bookkeeper; city references. S 515, Tribune.

Salesmen. Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SWEDISH SALESman, 15 years' experience in dry goods and clothing, 4 years through Indiana; reliable references; city or country; permanent, good salary; sign writer. Address E H 817, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIenced traveler, with reliable house, for Western territory. Address S 452, Tribune office.

Boys.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG BOY OF 16 years wants some office work. S 426, Tribune.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED — ELECTRICIAN IN charge of electric power and lighting plant has time to look after one or two more good plants; am a thorough electrical mechanic, used to installing and operating all kinds of electrical machinery; can put your plant in first-class condition and insure economical operation; managers or superintendents interested please address S 571, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—CUSTOM CUTTER AT present employed by one of the largest houses in the country would make change; best of references and must be confidential. Address S 466, Tribune office.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED BAker and pastry cook; first-class in both branches; hotel or restaurant; moderate wages; single. Address S 504, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—WORK OF ANY kind; work in a shirt or door factory; also outside carpenter work. 3125 Shields-av.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED ENsineer; first-class references. 374 Orleans-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY CHEF; HOTEL OR resort. Address, stating wages, S 448, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY CYLINDER FEEDer; will work reasonable. S 414, Tribune office.

House Servants.

SITUATIONS WANTED—HOUSEWORK, MAN and wife; colored. 3121 Dearborn-st.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COACHMAN; A1 horseman in any way of driving, taking care of horses, harnesses, and carriages; telephone 869 North, 132 N. Clark-st. MATHEWS.

SITUATION WANTED—NEW ADDRESS, 2446 Indiana-av. The best of domestics, all nationalities, at the old reliable Dunlap registry. MRS. JONES, proprietor. Tel. S. 227. Est. 10 years.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG COLORED men as coachman; best of city reference. Address S 505, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SINGLE, SOBER, reliable, and competent coachman with city reference; city or country. Address S 429, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—MAN TO DRIVE WAGon in city; also pack goods for shipment; work cheap. Address S 453, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — AS COACHMAN OR man-about-place; city ref. furnished. Address S 406, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN, EXPERIenced in general work; single, sober, reliable; refs. Address S 401, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER and general office man; rapid and accurate; reasonable salary. Address S 564, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER and office man; 4 yrs.' experience. Address S 434, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT STEnographer and office man; 3 years' experience. Address S 522, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED — TO DIRECTORS OF building & loan association, by person employed as secretary of a reliable building association will accept a position as secretary of another association; will reduce expense and management of both associations to as low a figure as possible; association must be financially sound and worthy confidence of the public; highest references, long experience, and surety bond. Address confidentially S 438, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN 24 YEARS of age; desires work in wholesale house; will work 2 or 5 hours daily; salary no object. Address E V 443, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—JANITOR; MARRIED, no children; all-round man; South Side preferred. J. A. SPRIGGS; colored; references. 911 Monroe-st., rear.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A HUSTLING AND energetic young man; has had good business ability; has good knowledge of the cloak line. Address S 445, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—UNIVERSITY GRADUate student for summer occupation; excellent tutor; science, mathematics. Address T 219, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG SWEDISH man; 3 years' reference; best of reference. Address S 427, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A SPECIAL POLICEman or watchman; best reference from last place. COOK, 3504 State-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BRIGHT YOUNG man as collector; can furnish bond. Address S 411, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—I WANT TO REPREsent some good house in Des Moines, Ia. Address S 423, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COLORED MAN as janitor in flat building; no children; reference. 4139 MICHIGAN-av., Dearborn.

SITUATION WANTED—JANITOR; NORTH Side, competency and ref. 46 St. Michael-ct., front.

SITUATION WANTED — GENERAL WORK fists, fancy painting, etc.; references. Address S 202, Tribune office.

BICYCLES AND BICYCLE GOODS.

WILL YOU ACCEPT
A HIGH GRADE STANDARD 1900 BICYCLE
GENERAL COMMISSION
for your services in talking up, advertising, taking orders among your friends and acquaintances for the wheel
THE "LOFTIS" and THE "METROPOLE."
The most up-to-date wheels built. Three nickel crowns, nickel joints and head, one-piece crank, best of material.
Prices $22.50 and $30.00, cash or easy terms.
Great bargains in second-hand wheels.
Send for a catalogue and price list of the wheel. Call and see us. Open evenings and Sundays until 2 p. m.
LOFTIS BROS. & CO.,
Columbus Memorial Building, 304 State-st.
West Side branch, 357 W. Madison-st.

CLOSING OUT—1,000 UNREDEEMED LADIES' and gents' wheels; all renown makes; stored with us for storage (SCORE PARED), to be sold at once, regardless of manufacturers' actual cost, at wholesale or retail; stripped or complete; other new wheels $12 up; NOTE few of our bargains: The Waters Special, regular $45 wheel, for $20; the American, regular $35 wheel, for $18; Adiaks Bicycles, the mild ascending star, regular $40 wheel, second hand wheels at your own price. Enterprise Bicycle Storage Co., 3003 Cottage Grove-av.; office second floor. Open daily until 10 p. m. Sunday noon. ESTAB. 1891.

$16.75	$16.75	$16.75
	any wheel in the house.	
$11.75	$11.75	$11.75

CALUMET CYCLE CO., 118 Michigan-st., 5th floor

GREATEST BICYCLE BARGAINS IN AMERIca, the 1900 Crescent, at exactly old place. BROWN-LEWIS CO., 226 Wash'n.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS—
The North Chicago City Railway Company hereby notifies the holders of its first mortgage bonds which mature July 1st, 1900, that it is prepared to extend the term of the indebtedness of said bonds for twenty-seven years at four per centum (4%), by issuing new coupon securities, dated July 1st, 1900, and secured by the same mortgage as the present bonds.
Holders of the original issue are granted the privilege of exchanging their old bonds for the new bonds issued July 1st, 1900, by paying a premium therefor of three per centum (3%) or $30 (thirty dollars) per bond; or the First National Bank of Chicago is prepared to take up these bonds any time between June 15 and July 1st, at par and accrued interest up to July 1st, 1900.
Full particulars concerning said new bonds and exchange agreement may be obtained at the First National Bank of Chicago.
MARSHALL B. ORDE, Secretary and Treasurer.

MACHINERY.

FOR SALE—SHAFTING, HANGERS, PULleys, supplies, and all kinds of new and second-hand machinery. Write for catalogue No. 80. Chicago House Wrecking Co., W. 35th and Iron-sts. Telephone, Yards 827, 853, and 942.

STEAM ROAD ROLLER FOR SALE—ONE TEN-ton O. S. Kelly steam road roller; used but a part of three seasons; excellent condition; cheap for cash. A. N. FITZSIMMONS, 1531 Monadnock Block, Chicago.

FOR SALE—A NUMBER OF 60-IN. X18-FT. tubular boilers, in good condition, for immediate delivery. ARMOUR & CO., Chicago.

PARADOX MACHINERY CO. OFFERS ALL machinery, tools, belting for sale; best terms or takes one or all. 161 E. Division-st.

TYPEWRITERS.

129 MADISON. 129 MADISON. 129 MADISON.
129 MADISON. 129 MADISON.
E. S. WEBSTER COMPANY.
TEL. MAIN 2026. 129 MADISON.

$3 PER MONTH RENTAL — REMINGTONS, Smith Premiers, Olivers, etc. Ribbons and oak stands free. MACHINES SOLD HALF PRICE. A. B. LITTLE, 161 La Salle-st. Tel. Main 3288.

FOR SALE—NO. 2 AND NO. 6 REMINGTON, very cheap. Room 70, 159 La Salle-st.

ROOFING.

ESTABLISHED 1880. TEL. MAIN 3620—GRAVEL roofing, city and suburbs. WM. MURDOCH & CO., 167 Dearborn-st., Room 715.

THREE LEAKS REPAIRED, ANY ROOF, $2.50. Diamond Roofing Co., 167 Dearborn-st. Tel. M. 4625

STAMPS, COINS, PICTURES, ETC.

STAMPS FOR COLLECTORS' ALBUMS, SUPplies; price list free. F. WOLHEIFER, 75 State.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG WOMAN AS bookkeeper; 4 years' experience as head bookkeeper; highest recommendations from former employer; will work one week without any salary, at end of week salary to be agreed upon. Address R 226, Tribune office.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED — HOUSEWORK OR cook; will go out of city. Call Tuesday and Wednesday, 55 N. Oakley.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS cook; no washing; best city references; city or country. Address S 430, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY FIRST-CLASS highly recommended cook; no rough work. 330 Hudson-av., 2d flat.

SITUATION WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY; first-class laundress. 2456 Wentworth-av., top flat.

SITUATION WANTED—FOR HOUSEWORK IN small family; city or country. Call at 435 W. Van Buren.

SITUATION WANTED—WORK BY DAY OR week by good laundress. $6 35th-st. basement floor.

SITUATION WANTED—GIRL WANTS HOUSEwork in private family. 2505 Michigan-av., Flat 4.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RELIABLE WOMan as cook; no objection to country; no postal. 1825 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AMERICAN GIRL, second work in first-class family in Evanston; references. Address 630 Davis-st., Evanston.

SITUATION WANTED — WOMAN WANTS washing or cleaning by the day. Address 209 21st-st.

SITUATION WANTED—GERMAN GIRL, COOK, private family; no letters. 907 W. 13th-st.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXCELLENT cook; good manager. A., 255 S. May-st.

SITUATION WANTED—WILLING WOMAN, day work. MARTIN, 3149 S. Halsted-st.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—LADIES' TAILOR; high grade repair and alteration work; reasonable; waists 75c; walking skirts $3. ARMER, 3035 Cottage Grove.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GERMAN LADY, highly recommended, speaking French and English, as housekeeper. C. D., Virginia Hotel.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE GERman lady; perfect housekeeper; city or country; no washing; Germans answer. S 470, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSEKEEPER, care of flat, or cook in private family by colored lady. 3212 Dearborn-st., 1st flat.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MIDDLE-AGED INfant's nurse; had long experience; good reference. Call 486 27th-st., 1st floor.

SITUATION WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED LADY will take charge of small baby; no objection to leaving city. Address S 441, Tribune office.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED — COOKS, LAUNdresses, second girls, waitresses, nurses, housekeepers, butlers, coachmen, married couples, chambermaids, porters, bookkeeper, city, country. Telephone 869 North, 132 N. Clark-st. MATHEWS.

SITUATION WANTED—NEW ADDRESS, 2446 Indiana-av. The best of domestics, all nationalities, at the old reliable Dunlap registry. MRS. JONES, proprietor. Tel. S. 227. Est. 10 years. No branch offices.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY TWO NORWEGIAN girls, cook and housework; first class. Also girl for general housework. MRS. BROWN, 88 S. Paulina-st., cor. Madison.

SITUATIONS WANTED—SCANDINAVIAN AND German girls; city or country, second and general housework girls; city or country. 12 South Center-av. MRS. BURG.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BEST OF SERVANTS, all capacities, with ref. Woman's Exchange, 3310 Cottage Grove.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED nurse, one or two children. 423 N. Clark-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—12 GERMAN 5 Swedish housework girls. Call 347 E. North-av.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER, bright young lady; first-class position; reasonable salary to begin with; some exp. Address S 405, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY STENOGRAPHer; good writer and speller; accurate; reasonable salary. Address S 563, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL AS stenographer and assistant bookkeeper; small salary to commence. Address S 467, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT AND experienced young lady stenographer; $9; Rem. Address S 546, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY STEnographer; graduate Shorthandmuseum; knowledge of bookkeeping; willing to work. S 457, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY WISHES position as stenographer, willing to begin with small salary; ref. given. S 458, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY FIRST-CLASS stenographer; 4 years' experience. Remington operator; ref. Address S 404, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED LADY stenographer, having machine, job work; will call at office. Address S 694 W. Madison-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ENERGETIC, ACcurate lady stenographer; owns Smith-Premier machine; city ref.; salary, $9. S 408, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY NEAT, ACCURATE lady stenographer; city ref.; salary $4. Address S 400, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER; BEginner. Address S 417, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY STENOG.; rapid, accurate; salary $12; ref. S 447, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GERMAN LADY, highly recommended, speaking French and English, used to travel, wants a position. C. H., Virginia Hotel.

SITUATION WANTED—REFINED LADY OF neat appearance solicits the help of some physician or dentist to obtain for her position as reception lady. Address S 459, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY REFINED, AMIable, well-educated young lady, as companion to lady or children; good reader and generally useful. Address R 336, Tribune office.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

BALANCE OF HIGH-GRADE FURNITURE without a scratch, used less than five months; must be sold this week, including velvet and Brussels rugs, 3 elegant parlor suits, leather couch, leather Turkish rockers, massive extension table, with leather-seat chairs, Davenport, Roman chair, lady's desk, 2 pianos, mantel mirrors, odd parlor pieces, fancy tables, curtains, portieres. Estey upright piano, burl walnut case; must be seen to be appreciated; leaving city. 3168 South Park-av.

AUCTION—AUCTION—
FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 10 A. M., 1,000 sample chiffoliers, gas, electric, and combination; all new and modern; open now for inspection; sale place, 1420 WABASH-AV.
WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN, Auctioneers.

MAJESTIC STEEL RANGES EXCEL EVERY other in economy of fuel, durability, and satisfactory results; full line at Majestic Depot, 111 Orr & Lockett Hardware Co., 71 and 73 Randolph-st.

SOUTH SIDE COMMISSION HOUSE, 3311 TO 3319 State-st.—A complete stock of household goods and carpets always on hand at lowest prices; cash or easy payments.

GENUINE MONROE PORCELAIN LINED REfrigerators; have no zinc; prevent vegetable chambers; always clean. J. RETTERER, 167 Lake-st.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR FURNIture, carpets, household goods. 3021 Cottage Grove-av.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR FURNITURE, carpets, and feather beds. 3511 Cottage Grove.

WANTED—FURNITURE, CARPETS; WE PAY cash; send postal; will call. 182 N. Clark-st.

CASH PAID FURNITURE, HOTELS, HOUSES, flats, etc. WARD, 1243 Madison-st.

$37.50 TAKES $55 HIGH CLOSET GARLAND range; a bargain. 315 W. Randolph.

OLD MIRRORS RESILVERED—TEL. M. 719, OR send postal; will call. Neuhauser, 226 Wash'n.

INSTRUCTION.

SUMMER SCHOOL
For those wishing to take a business or shorthand course or to review grade or high school studies; term begins July 9; call or write for particulars.
CHICAGO ATHENÆUM,
18 to 26 Van Buren-st.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Ferdinand W. Peck, H. H. Kohlsaat,
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Alexander H. Revell, John A. Roche,
Wm. Penn Nixon.
CHARLES R. BARRETT, Superintendent.

SHORTHAND IS EASY IF YOU LEARN THE right kind in the right way at the right place; Kimball's School, 115 Adams, teaches shorthand for private use in one month; book $1; day, evening, and mail. Hundreds of graduates.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES,
AUDITORIUM TOWER, CHICAGO, ILL.
OPEN ALL SUMMER. TRIAL LESSON FREE.
Students may begin at any time. Send for circulars

PENMANSHIP, ARITH., GRAMMAR, LITERAture, letter writing; private course, $5. Bennett Inst., 435 Athenæum Bldg., 26 Van Buren.

METROPOLITAN CONSERVATORY AND School of Public Performance, 512 Fine Arts Bldg., 203 Michigan-av.—25 per term and upward.

DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL ALL YEAR—3 MOS. nights, $10. Jones Bus. College, 100 Washington.

GRAHAM'S SHORTHAND COLLEGE—1529 Masonic Temple. Day and evening classes all year.

MARY M. SHEDD, TEACHER OF SINGING; voices tested free. 9003 Ashland Block.

DRAMATIC ART, ELOCUTION, ORATORY, PENcing. LESTER SHAFFNER, 81 S. Clark-st., R. 24.

DANCING SCHOOLS.

BALLROOM—CLASS OR PRIVATE. GLIDE waltz and two-step. Bennett Inst., 26 Van Buren.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

WE TEACH THE ENTIRE DRESS-CUTTING and dressmaking trade, including ladies' tailoring; students make any number of garments for themselves or friends while learning; non-residents boarded free. MOODY TAILOR SYSTEM CO., 2230 and 2238 Wabash-av.

LADIES—LEARN MILLINERY, DRESSMAKing, and ladies' tailoring; new style perfect-fitting shirt waist or skirt patterns cut to order, 50c; special: call this week. McDowell School, 78 State.

S. T. TAYLOR SCHOOL OF DRESS CUTTING—Ladies' tailoring taught; patterns cut to measure; take elevator. Palais Royal, 157 State-st.

CHICAGO TAILORING INSTITUTE, 209 STATE-st., teaches scientific garment cutting, ladies' tailoring by expert men tailors; patterns cut.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPER—MUST BE ABLE TO BOND with Fidelity company and furnish first-class refs.; one with option of [illegible] experienced preferred. Address, stating age, refs., and experience, F V 349, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER — ABOUT 25, IN LARGE wholesale house; must be rapid and accurate; mention age, reference, and salary expected. Address S 468, Tribune office.

CORRESPONDENT—FIRST-CLASS, IN BIcycle dept. of large mail order house; must have experience in selling direct to the consumer; state age, references, and salary expected. Addrss F N 619, Tribune office.

MAN—WHO CAN LOAN $500 AND EMPLOYER $500 on good security, can secure steady position; $15 per week to begin with; office work. Address S 404, Tribune office.

MAN—YOUNG, 16 TO 20, TO ASSIST ASSISTant bookkeeper and generally help in small office and carriage repository on West Side. Address S 424, Tribune office.

MAN—FOR OFFICE WORK; MUST BE QUICK at figures and good penman. Apply to Supt., The Fair.

SALESMEN—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED in dry goods and notions; references. Taylor D. G. Co., Lake and Western-av.

YOUNG MEN—ABOUT 25 YEARS OF AGE, TO work in wholesale house of city and on the road; must have experience and have A1 references; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address F N 624, Tribune office.

Salesmen. Solicitors, Etc.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR AMBITIOUS MEN.

A life insurance company has adopted a new system of compensation and offers to men of ability and character a satisfactory income at once, with an opportunity to build up a competency for the future; a few good men in our free school will teach you the business. Address F J 906, Tribune office.

BAKING POWDER SALESMAN—ACTIVE, experienced, for city; commission and salary. E. T. KENNEDY, sixth floor, 141 S. Clinton-st.

DRUMMER—SIDE LINE FOR STATIONERS. REED, 315 Dearborn-st.

EXPERIENCED DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING salesman, who also can do trimming; Scandinavian preferred. Address [illegible] SENTHAL & CO., Manistique, Mich.

EXPERIENCED GROCERY SPECIALTY MAN for city and outside; salary or commission. Address H 115, Tribune office.

FIRST-CLASS, HUSTLING SALESMEN—MAKing small towns in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, and Wisconsin, and acquainted with premium advertising, to take ours as side line; splendid inducements to right parties. Address, stating experience and references, T 843, Tribune office.

GENERAL SALESMEN—TO FOR OUR RETAIL department; income moderate till the intricacies of the business are mastered and fully acquired; steady; 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. J. P. ROBINSON, 524 Rand-McNally Bldg.

"HOW TO CONTROL SELF" GOING LIKE wild fire; book salesmen making $10 a day; sells without talk; particulars free. Zemo Pub. Co., 134 Monroe-st., Chicago.

INSTALLMENT MEN—GOOD TO SELL OUR cameras; city or country; $25 down, 25c per week. Metropolitan Camera Co., 57 Wells-st.

LIFE INSURANCE PRODUCERS—AFTER YOU have had the propositions of other companies laid before you and rejected, call and see what we have to offer. 401, 100 Washington-st.

MAN—WHO UNDERSTANDS MANTEL AND tile line as salesman; one who will work hard for moderate salary; must give reference; no drinker need apply. WELSH & HOLBROOK, 1 and 3 Wabash-av.

MAN—EXPERIENCED IN SELLING STATE rights; patented article; universally useful and desirable. H. L. NORTON, 202 Fisher Bldg.

SALESMAN—EGGS; EXPERIENCED MAN, acquainted with the leading bakeries, cracker and pie manufacturers in Chicago; one who knows consumers of eggs choice and absolutely pure eggs; in condensed form—4 dozen eggs to pound. We remove shells, excel with the natural eggs' natural flavor and nutritive qualities; no waste; no shells; no breaking. Every egg guaranteed to be in newly laid egg (which it is) can be used. "Pureggs" is a new article, for years needed by every baker, manufacturer, and progressive to the largest, most successful manufacturers in the United States; for plant in Chicago. St. Louis is now ready to contract and deliver at summer egg prices for fall and winter deliveries. Pureggs Co., Address F S, TIMBERLAKE, Room 515, Grand Pacific Hotel, Chicago.

SALESMAN—TO SELL PEARL BUTTONS AND pearl novelties, from manufacturer to the jobbing and large retail trade; territory, St. Louis, and large near by cities; commission 10 per cent; no other expenses to be paid; none but experienced need apply. Pearl Buttons, 704 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN—FIRST-CLASS MAN FOR WISconsin and Minnesota, having a well established trade, by long-established high-grade roaster; coffee; good chances for the right man; give full particulars. O'Donohue Coffee and Spice Co., New York.

SALESMAN—TRAVELING, FOR WESTERN territory, silverware line; must be young man of first-class ability and a hustler; give references, past employers, salary expected. Address F 346, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—A WHOLESALE DRUG, FULLY posted in drugs, druggists' all-around sundries, a general all-around man; full particulars as to experience, salary, etc; for city house salesman. Address S 451, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—STRICTLY A NO. TEA SPEcialty salesman; limit for first-class man; give references and salary expected. F J 920, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—WELL DRESSED, OF PLEASING personality, thoroughly capable; give details as to age, experience, and other qualifications; salary and commission. Address F J 919, Tribune.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED TO SELL BOOK papers to printers and publishers; city trade. Address S 259, Tribune office.

SALESMAN WANTED—TO SELL EMBALMING fluid for cash in city; liberal inducements to right party. 306 Colony Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.

SALESMAN—MERCHANT BUSINESS REGord"; new system of keeping results of business; quick seller. 1440 Unity Bldg.

SALESMAN—GOOD SPECIALTY MAN TO SELL soap; opportunity to grow; references. Address R 116, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—PHYSICIANS, FOR ELECTRO-medical appliances; evenings only; state age and experience. Address F 679, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED MEN IN VICINITY young man; state age, experience, references, and salary wanted. Address T 456, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—FIRST-CLASS MAN TO SELL A specialty; salary and commission; references. Address F J 507, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TWO GOOD MEN, WORK IN VIcinity of 40th and Cottage Grove-av; experienced salesmen preferred. J 506, Tribune.

SALESMEN—FOR ALL LINES OF BUSINESS in Illinois and Indiana; for different styles, newest, latest patterns, just the things customers want; 25 to 50 per cent commission; many men earning $75 to $125 every week; no order business; everything new offered; write promptly, with references as to your line and make from $75 to $125 every week; guaranteed best side line proposition; without responsibility on commissions paid on acceptance of orders. American Novelty Co., Cincinnati, O.

SALESMEN—ANY ONE CAN MAKE MONEY selling goods that the people want. Home Grinder is a practical emery wheel attached to any sewing machine in 3 seconds; does all kinds of sharpening for family; a child can operate it; every home needs one; write for circulars and agents' prices. TRENHOLM & PALMER CO., 1441 Broadway, New York.

SALESMEN—EXPERIENCED BOOK AND INsurance—to travel in Illinois and Indiana for a leading New York concern; we have the best and fastest selling proposition on the market, and a good man can easily average $50 weekly; only successful men need apply. GERARD T. KELLY, Manager Western Dept., 1508 Fisher Bldg.

SALESMEN—CALLING ON COUNTRY TRADE, to sell calendars as a side line; our line is the best that is known; 25 per cent commission; some making as high as $100 per week; established 1884; reliable house. Address R 717, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—WE HAVE TWO GOOD, OLD ESestablished territories for which we want first-class salesmen, except in the latter; energy and ability to sell the necessary to capable, efficient parties; state age and experience in full. Address S 472, Tribune office.

SALESMEN — THREE GOOD, HUSTLING salesmen for Indiana and Michigan; must be intelligent, well dressed, and best people; salary and commission; yearly contract; worth $2,500 per year; to right man; references required. Address F J 116, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—TEAS AND COFFEES—WE ARE preparing for four or five first-class men; none but the stantial business need answer; state references. H. 42 S. Water-st.

SALESMEN — IN EVERY COUNTY, BY IMporting house to sell teas and coffee to consumers; good commission and trade. The German-American Co., importers and grocers, 536 and 538 Wells-st.

SALESMEN—BY AN OLD ESTABLISHED CHIcago tea, cigar, and spice jobbing house, a few more salesmen wanted; one of experience, average sales, salary expected. Address C X 661, Tribune office.

SALESMEN — TAILORING, SALESMEN IN every county in the U. S. to take orders for strictly high-grade tailoring; liberal arrangements to parties furnishing A1 references. The Chicago Tailoring Co., 167 Madison-st., Temple Bldg., Chicago.

SALESMEN — GOOD, HUSTLING SALESMEN—WELL DRESSED, OF PLEASING personality, thoroughly capable; give details as to age, experience, and other qualifications; salary and commission. Address F J 919, Tribune.

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BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY, r Illinois Central, also 43d-st. Address S 544, Tribune office.

NO FINER ROOMS, BETTER rd can be found; outside rooms, and the lake.

AV.—WOULD BOARD COUple; no other boarders; nicely select table.

2D FLOOR, D—FURNISHED room, en suite; home comforts; private family.

AV.—FURNISHED FRONT d; corner house; large lawn.

BEAUTIFUL FRONT ROOM, ; lavatory; also single rooms.

AV.; 2D FLAT—WELL FURcellent table, pleasant home.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS; good table; reasonable rates.

AV.—ROOMS, MDRN.; BOARD; home cooking; pleasant locat'n.

—LARGE, BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, tached house; references.

S—FRONT ALCOVE ROOMS; walking distance; best table bd.

— HANDSOME DETACHED board for refined people.

BLVD.—A LARGE FRONT family; board optional.

COR. OAKLAND—FRONT for two; lavatory.

BLVD.—REFINED HOME; DEwith board.

AV. — PLEASANT FRONT board; walk dis.; running water.

West Side.

BLVD.—TWO LARGE CONwith excellent board; near el-

North Side.

LEGANTLY FURNISHED SINrooms; running water; excellent istance; rates very reasonable.

AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM; water; best board; reasonable.

N-AV.—BOARD IN PRIVATE Elevated; reasonable; refs.

-ST.—ROOMS. FIRST-CLASS rates; walking distance.

Hotels.

8325-35 MONROE-AV.—FINT Woodlawn; 15 min. to city press trains; 1 block from L station; fine restaurant in connection; piano; rooms, $10-$25 per week. Mgr. Thone Oak 1102.

ND, 53D-ST. AND LAKE-AV.— city; steam heat, electric light, ; cuisine and accommodations hone Oak 192.

CK, 435-441 WASHINGTON- s family and transient hotel; nt rooms; superior table and acces modern conveniences. Tel. 1157.

E, 390 WASHINGTON-BLVD. commodations; special rates for

T, 2124 MICHIGAN-BLVD. and three; handsome; private; 1038 South. W. F. ORCUTT.

EL, RUSH AND OHIO-STS.— E AND EN SUITE; CAFE IN RICES MODERATE.

Summer Resorts.

OTEL AND COTTAGES, DEVonsin, will open June 15. For klaus, address McCUTCHEN, Kirkland, Wis.

NT, SPRING LAKE, MICH., people all the comforts of a re lake frontage; fine views, and

ARD WANTED.

ROOM, GOOD BOARD, FOR child 3 years old; private family between 43d and 90th-st. Adlibune office.

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RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

ELY FURNISHED ROOMS; housekeeping; corner house; uiences; reasonable. 2801 Indi-

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MONROE-AV., 3D FLAT—bedroom for one or two gentlevate family. Ref. required.

MS—THE LAFAYETTE, 10, 12, son-st., 1 block south of the Audistance.

GREENWOOD-AV., LARGE, convenient to I. C. and surface

42D-ST., NR. GRAND-BLVD., d, with use of kitchen, $5 per s rooms, $3.

T ROOM AND ALCOVE, VERY side rooms; $1.75 week; break- 210 Prairie-av., 2d floor.

GANT, FURNISHED PARLOR; 1 room. 2469 Wabash-av. Flat 1.

GANTLY FUR. ROOMS, SINgers. 3120 Indiana-av. Taggart.

OR UNFURN. ROOMS, LIGHT $1.50 to $3. 3512 Michigan-av.

ERN FIRST-CLASS ROOMS IN 1764 Chamberlain-st.

LOOR, SOUTH FRONT, FUR- Bowen-av., bet. Ellis and Lake.

RNISHED FRONT ROOMS, ; modern. 28 44th-pl. POLLING.

PRAIRIE-AV. ELEGANT, ptivate family; $1.50 and up.

WINDOW ROOM, $10 MONTH; Flat.

West Side.

ASHINGTON-BLVD., 2 LARGE, finest West Side; gentlemen.

GDEN-AV., FLAT, NICELY rooms.

SHLAND-AV. — FINE HOME- e "L," fronting Union Pk. See.

North Side.

GENTLEMEN ONLY—LARGE nished front alcove room; also t and cold running water; porcoln-av. cable. Apply after 6 o'

EARBORN-AV., THE RUGIA— oming-house, nicely furnished; le; electric light; private bath; boarding.

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TO RENT—BARN AND LOFT, WATER IN barn; $5 per mo. 3512 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—WE HAVE A LARGE NUMBER OF select stores, lofts, buildings, and offices to rent. Call or send for list.

CAMPBELL INVESTMENT CO., 208 La Salle-st. 7 phones, all 681 Express.

TO RENT — BUILDINGS, STORES AND floors in all parts of the city. Send for list. THE FITCH-KENSTEIN, 104 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—COMPETE LIST OF BUILDINGS, stores, flats and lofts; houses in down-town district. S. LOUDENBACK & CO., 95 Dearborn.

WANTED—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

WANTED—TO RENT—CELLAR, CENTRALLY located, by retail wholesale wine business. Address B R 422, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—APARTMT. AND OTHER buildings carefully managed. E. ORRIS HART & CO., 95 Dearborn-st. Tel. Cent. 2449.

WANTED—TO RENT—FLACE SUITABLE FOR poultry; convenient to city. S 435, Tribune.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

DR. KINGSTON HANNA—
GRADUATE OF EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND.
Has connected with any other down-town office.
78 STATE-ST., ROOM 32, THIRD FLOOR.
Practices limited EXCLUSIVELY to all diseases and complications of women, which are treated by me PERSONALLY by improved and scientific methods. Elegant and strictly private home for ladies remaining under my care. Special attention given to CONFINEMENTS. Also tumors, displacements, chronic inflammation successfully cured WITHOUT the use of the knife. Letters receive my personal attention. Confidential consultation free. Hou. 9 to 6; Sundays, 10 to 1.

BERTHA CZARA, PRIVATE HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN.
Strictly private; best medical service before and during confinement; all female diseases treated by expert specialist; infants for adoption. Confidential and correspondence sacredly confidential. Office, 78 STATE-ST. ROOM 32, THIRD FLOOR. Room 6, opp. Palmer House.

MRS. TANNE TAKES LADIES BEFORE AND during confinement; elegant private home for ladies in delicate circumstances; best medical attendance; lady physician in attendance; infants for adoption; 30 years' experience. 2509 Wabash-av.

STATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY, 70 E. MADISON-ST. Advice free; cures by blood poison, nervousness, and all diseases of men. NO CURE, NO PAY. Hours, 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10-12.

STRICTLY PRIVATE.
Home for ladies before and during confinement; regular physician in attendance. 276 W. Adams-st.

DR. L. H. NAHIN—PHONE CENTRAL 2206. 106 STATE-ST., 3D FLOOR.
Skilful, scientific treatment diseases of women. Relief guaranteed in the most complicated cases.

HOME SANITARIUM, 555 JACKSON-BLVD.—EXclusive physician or midwife attend. as desired. Office hour, 10 to 11. Phone Main 1111.

DR. EMMA HELLEWIG, 331 WELLS-ST. Physician, Berlin, Paris; female diseases; private; success guaranteed. Tel. N. 1046.

ADOLPHUS SCHULZ, 493 N. CLARK-ST.—ELEgant private home for ladies in delicate condition; personal attention given all cases.

DR. O. S. STEWARD, 84 ADAMS-ST.—LADIES' physician. Hours, 9 to 4. Sundays, 10 to 8.

DR. H. KUMPFER, 2700 INDIANA-AV. Private confinement cases.

LADIES TREATED FOR $5 BY DR. BRINEY at 162 State-st., Room 1. Consultation free.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

BROWN, 480 S. STATE-ST., PAYS HIGHEST price for ladies' and gents' cast-off clothing, also boots and seal garments, etc.; mail orders attended to; evening dresses a specialty.

$5.—Don't sell your goods until you have my offer. I positively pay more than any dealer. Send postal to 480 South State-st.

BELL MAKES SPECIALTY LADIES' children's clothing; pays highest price for cast-off garments. 91 Blue Island-av.

H. OHN CLARK-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST price for gentlemen's cast-off clothing.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—CHOICE MODERN FLAT BLDG., near the "L," renting for $6,250 per yr.; price $60,000; might take some clear vacant, or old improved, as part pay.
WATSON & HARTLETT, 169 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL FACTORY BUILDINGS at bargain in and near Chicago, with good railroad facilities. Address S 475, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—DOCKS, WAREHOUSE, MFG. sites, and steam derrick, at Chicago, or real. WALLACE BROS., Detroit, Mich.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—CHOICE INVESTMENT—
KENWOOD APARTMENT BLDG.
PRICE $65,000; NET $5,400, OR 8%.
LEASED FOR $10,700 YR.
Every apartment leased for 1 and 2 years to tenants of the highest financial standing. Rents payable in advance.
WILL NET $700 MONTH CLEAR ABOVE ALL EXPENSES AND TAXES.
Located in the best part of Kenwood. CUT STONE, PRESSED BRICK, AND STEEL CONSTRUCTION. Elegant interior arrangement, finished throughout in hard woods; one of the finest apartment properties in Chicago. Owner will consider well located vacant or a modern residence and cash.
J. W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE — THIRTY NEW RESIDENCES erected by the Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine, through its resident director, W. G. Hamilton, on 34th-st., near Cottage Grove-av., fronting Groveland and Woodland Parks; 10 to 13 rooms; everything most modern; cabinet finish in hardwood, consisting of oak, and tile fireplaces; two elegant bathrooms; best open nickel plumbing; gas and electricity throughout; everything modern and first-class; full width lots; 20 on years' time.
INTEREST 4 PER CENT.
Residences open every day up to 5 p. m. Office at buildings. Inquire
D. G. HAMILTON,
100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAIN—
ELEGANT NEW RESIDENCE,
PRICE $17,500.
Massive gray Bedford stone front; spacious stone porch, supported by stone columns; interior beautifully finished in polished woods — sawed oak, cypress, birch, etc.; steam heat; lot 30x200 ft. deep; house set back to 40 ft. bldg. line, inclosed with high iron fence; fine homes on both sides; one of the best blocks in Kenwood.
W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—4206 GRAND-BLVD. 3-STORY stone front modern residence; fine interior cabinet finish in cherry and oak; all rooms beautifully decorated; hardwood floors throughout, electric light, and steam heat; two-story pressed brick stable in rear; open for inspection.
HART & FRANK,
128 and 130 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BOWEN-AV., NEAR 37. LAWrence; 2-story frame house on 25-foot lot; cost $4,000; will sell for $4,000.
McKEY & POAGUE, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—22X150, JEFFERSON-AV., NEAR 54th-st., $97.50 ft. corner, 42x150, fronting Washington Park, $4,000. W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvards or in Kenwood district go to MATSON HILL, 414 Home Insurance Building.

FOR SALE—MY 50 FEET ON KENMORE-AV., north of N. W. El. terminal; only $55 per foot. Address F J 979, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—COR. HALSTED AND 57TH—BEST left on the block; 4 stores; don't miss it.
H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—100 FT. ON LEXINGTON-AV., north of 52d; only $100 ft.; worth $200.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—FINE RESIDENCE, 2244 Calumet-av. Inquire 501 Chamber of Commerce.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A FINE 3-FLAT BLDG., 6-7 ROOMS each, on Jackson-blvd., near Ashland; or will exchange equity of $8,000 for a nice home west of Ashland-av.; would prefer home on Jackson, 340 Monroe-av.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAIN—1086 W. MADIson-st., value $9,000; will sell for $5,000; part time; pays 5 per cent on $9,000.
WALTER T. DWIGHT & CO., 161 W. Madison-st.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—ABSOLUTE BARGAINS IN FORE-closed lots and houses in Ravenswood, Cragin, and Summerdale. The time to buy is when everything seems dead. Will build to suit on payment of $200 cash. Money to loan.
THOMAS J. MOONEY & CO., 95 Dearborn.
S. e. cor. Lawrence and N. Robey. Open evenings and Sundays.

FOR SALE—BRICK CHURCH AND LOT 20X109 feet, on Locust-st., between Franklin and Orleans, near Northwestern L.; make offer.
E. A. CUMMINGS & CO.,
S. W. Cor. Washington and Dearborn-sts.

FOR SALE—2-FLAT BRICK, NORTH SIDE, lot 50x173; worth $8,000; incumbrance $4,000, 3½ years; take $3,000 for equity; 5c fare. R. S. M., 305 Giddings-st.

NORTHWEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN MY NEW SUBDIVISION at Armitage and N. 40th-avs.; 184 lots at low prices and easy terms.
Four magnificent corners at Armitage and N. 40th-avs., 40th-ct. and N. 41st-av.; either of these suitable for drug store; Armitage-av. cars pass every five minutes; adapted for flats.
MIRAM COOMBS, 100 Washington-st. Tel. M. 187.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—50X125, ON N. 50TH-CT., NEAR Indiana-st.; perfect title; price $1,100; 4 blocks S. e. c. of 52d-st. station on Lake-st. L.; 140 74x125, corner of N. 48th-av. and Dunning-ps.; suitable for a roadhouse; price $1,400. J. ATKIN, 44 N. 50th-ct.

FOR SALE—$830 BUYS ELEGANT BUILDING lot in Austin corner, 50x120; sewer and water are paid; cost $1,500; must sell; only $400 cash, $10 a month. Call at once, as this is a great bargain.
OSCAR F. NAGEL, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—FINE NINE-ROOM AND ATTIC house with 100-ft. lot, full of shade trees, at the beautiful little suburb of Clyde on the C., B. and Q. R. R. Must sell at once for cash or approved. Apply to
T. C. BOND, 18, 92 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—$2,000 BUYS 2 ACRES, 18 26-FT. lots, fronting Morgan, Carpenter, 100th-sts., Washington Heights. GILBERT, 160 Washington.

FOR SALE—I AM LEAVING COUNTRY PERmanently and must sacrifice Berwyn lot. F. F. Short, owner, Room 801, 167 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT 9-ROOM HOUSE, JEFferson Park; 1 block from depot; $3,000.
HAMMEL & LANG, 82, 96 5th-av.

FOR SALE—4 CHOICE, CLEAR LOTS, BEST part Melrose Park, half value. Address F N 625, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—HOMES AT PALOS PARK—1-ACRE lots on wooded hills, plateaus, $200; $10 cash, bal. monthly; fare 13c. Monson & Co., 144 La Salle-st.

ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE—80 ACRES OF HIGH rolling land, once in timber, 2 miles from suburban depot, 23 miles from Chicago Courthouse; price $68 per acre; adjoining land sold at $150 per acre.
CAMPBELL INVESTMENT CO., COMPANY, 431, 108 La Salle-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—65 ACRES EAST SHORE, BASS Lake, Mason Co., Michigan; new house, 9 rooms, good barn; fine apple orchard, and other fruits; famous trout fishing; 20 acres rich bottom land, 15 acres pasture; fine beach for bathing; fine summer resort or home; only $1,000; cash or cross call in and showing well. GILBERT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—25,000 ACRES, VALUABLE COAL and timber land in Ky., for sale cheap. MOFFETT CO., 1009 Tribune bldg.

FOR SALE—10 ACRES, ADJOINING SOUTH Haven, well fruited; house, 10 rooms, barn, etc. F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED — EASTERN MANUFACTURER wants factory in or near Chicago, containing 20,000 square feet, 75 to 100 horse-power; will employ 75 to 100 people the year round. What have you to offer? Full particulars or no attention. Address Box 18, 125 Michigan-av., Chicago.

WANTED—OWNERS CALL THAT WISH TO turn unproductive, vacant lots, acres, or poorly improved property into income earners. We have a number of such and can give fine trade.
H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

WANTED—BRING YOUR REAL ESTATE troubles to me and I will straighten out the most troublesome ones. J. MONTGOMERY, 132 La Salle-st.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS MODERN 12 OR 16 flat for fine clear vacant up to $40,000; assume.
H. H. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

WANTED—VACANT BARGAINS NEAR N. W. R. R.; money on hand for investment. Call or ring us up, 3128 Main. H. H. CHRISTIAN & CO.

WANTED—CLEAR VACANT ON SO. SIDE FOR $7,000 house, clear, and $2,000 cash. C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—NORTH OR NORTHWEST CLEAR vacant for two clear houses, $30,000; rental $1,500. H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle.

WANTED—SMALL FARM, GOOD SOIL, SHORE west Michigan, and pay part in good clear Chicago vacant. Address F N. 621, Tribune office.

WANTED — BRICK RESIDENCE NEAR GARfield Park for clear vacant on approval.
HABERER & DELFOSSE, 95 Washington-st.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

FOR TRADE—AN ELEGANT 10-FLAT BLDG., near Oakland station I. C. road; electric elevator and modern in every respect; rental $7,080 per year; for equity want something on which $20,000 can be borrowed.
L. M. SMITH & BRO.,
Phone Oak. 501. 3947 Cottage Grove-av.

PARK MANOR LOT, EQUITY, $750; WILL sell or exchange for furniture, worth $150; all improvements in street; can pass property. Alley L one block away.
OWNER, 2230 Wabash-av.

FOR EXCHANGE—640 ACRES CHOICE FARMing land in Wisconsin; 120 feet in North Evanston; 60 feet on Melrose and W. 42d-st.; all clear. Want 2 or 3 flat building.
JOHN M. SECRIST, 125 La Salle-st.

EXCHANGE—THIS IS FINE; DO NOT MISS IT. best 12-flat building in South Side; near 47th L station; rented $5,500; consider clear vacant or acres for $30,000 equity.
H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—NORTH SHORE VACANT clear frontage, corner, on Sheridan road, imp'd street, east of R. R., near Lakeside Station, for residence or flats, clear, worth $12,000.
Campbell Investment Co., 108 La Salle-st.

WANT CLEAR IMPROVED FOR CHOICE clear vacant on Humboldt-blvd. and Milw.-av. REGELIN, JENSON & CO., 119 La Salle.

BRING YOUR REAL ESTATE TROUBLES TO me and I will straighten out the most troublesome ones. J. MONTGOMERY, 132 La Salle-st.

TO EXCHANGE—$8,000 GOOD CLEAR CHIcago vacant for west Michigan farm. Address F N 822, Tribune office.

$40,000 APARTMENT BLDG. ON HARRISON-st.; clear, for clear vac. or acres. S 170, Tribune.

EQUITY IN 4 TWO-FLAT BLDGS. ON PARK-av., for clear vacant. Address S 168, Tribune.

WANT MODERN UPRIGHT PIANO FOR choice, clear real estate. S 431, Tribune.

MINES AND MINING.

WE HAVE INSIDE INFORMATION WITH REgard to the best copper-gold stock now on the market; something just out and dirt cheap. The Cardenick Promotion Co., Denver, Colo.; highest references.

TO LEASE AND WANTED TO LEASE.

WANTED—TO LEASE—VACANT LOTS FOR erection of greenhouses and for flower garden or near Chicago. S 606, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO PROPERTY at 5 and 5½ per cent, without commissions, attorney's fees, or charges for papers.
SPECIAL FUND to loan in any amount with privilege of prepaying all or any part of principal at any time and stopping interest.
Payments are NOT REQUIRED, but ARE PERMITTED.
ROSE & COMPANY, 108 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBurban real estate, repayable in monthly payments.
Amount of payment made to suit borrower; every payment reduces the amount of interest; payments can be made in advance, interest ceases the day of payment.
J. W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON VACANT OR IMPROVED real estate, repayable in any amount.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE GOLD 1ST MORTGAGES—
$500 to $20,000.
Let me give you this advice, whether you deal through me or not, that you buy mortgages that are newly made, that run to a trust co., and that the titles are guaranteed by a title insurance co.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO.,
Bank floor, 92 La Salle-st.

6 PER CENT MONEY—
On choice real estate.
TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS
With privilege of prepayment.
Prompt inspection.
J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO.,
55 Dearborn-st., Main Floor.

REAL ESTATE LOANS, WITH SPECIAL privilege of paying $1 or more at any time, WITHOUT COMMISSION.
Immediate inspection.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO.,
Bank floor, 92 La Salle-st.

TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS
ON IMPROVED AND VACANT PROPERTY.
BUILDING LOANS.
PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO.,
164 DEARBORN-ST.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT lowest current rates
ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.

R. RANDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange

MONEY TO LOAN
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY
From 4 to 6 PER CENT.
according to security. No delay.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIcago real estate at current rates; no delay.
GOOD MONEY ON SALE.
CONNELL & McCLUER, 107 Dearborn-st.
View office, 1808 Clark-st., near Roscoe.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE, 4, 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fees; privilege to pay part or all before maturity and stop interest thereon. ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 95 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—1ST MTG., $27,500, 5½ PER CENT. 5 years; also $20,000 and $17,000.
WILL H. MOORE,
Equitable Building.

PEOPLE'S BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIAtion, 99 Randolph-st.—Money to loan at 6% interest; no commission. JOSEPH G. PETERS, President. CHARLES KNEER, Secretary.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
83 and 85 Dearborn-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

INVESTORS—ATTENTION! WE HAVE BEST city or country, in some cases can double money. See us now.
LITTLE & CO., 405, 67 Clark-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications; lowest rates.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

$200,000 TO LOAN—$5000 TO $5,000.
South Side loans made in twenty-four hours.
J. ELLIOTT JENNINGS & CO.,
100 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE; funds on hand.
McLANE & GUNN, 100 Washington-st.

WILL LOAN $500 AND UPWARDS AT 5 TO 6 PER CENT. SEE ME.
W. ZANDER & CO., 155 LA SALLE-ST.

WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 DEARBORN-ST., have funds to loan at current rates, in sums to suit; no commissions.

$1,000 TO LOAN ON CHICAGO VACANT OR improved real estate, at 6 per cent; will divide. Address F L 371, Tribune office.

WESTERN STATE BANK—
Wells and Washington-sts.
Loans made on Chicago real estate.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest current rates; no delay; no loans upon securities.

$1,000, $2,000, $5,000, $10,000, $50,000 and $2,000,000; first gold mortgages.
HABERER & DELFOSSE, 95 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN — ON ACRES, LOTS, AND improved property in any amount.
E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON VACANT OR IMPROVED property; BUILDING LOANS MADE.
CALLAGHAN & VAN BUREN, 148 La Salle-st.

E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., S. W. CORNER DEARborn and Washington-sts. Loans at lowest rates on Chicago real estate.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN Chicago at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., Dearborn and Madison-sts.

MONEY TO LOAN, SUMS OF $200 AND UPwards, on improved and choice vacant; lowest rates. HOMER W. HEDGES & CO., 160 Washington.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY OR SUBURBAN property; also on Wisconsin, Illinois, and Iowa farms.
O. F. GIBBS & CO., 125 La Salle-st.

INTEREST RATES 4½ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice loans; also large lots for investment.
KOZMINSKI & YONDORF, bankers, 78 Dearborn.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—PAYable currency.
FENNIMAN, SMITH & CO., 170 Dearborn-st.

HART & FRANK, 128 AND 130 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest market rates. No delay.

MONEY LOANED AT LOWEST RATES; BUILDING loans at lowest rates. WM. D. KERR & CO., 85 Washington-st.

MONEY LOANED AT LOWEST RATES.
HENRY A. KNOTT & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

TO LOAN—5 AND 6 PER CENT. ANY SUM, ON improved or vacant; building loans; quick action.
EDWIN WYNN & CO., 132 La Salle-st.

4½ TO 6 PER CENT LOANS MADE, WITH PREpayment privileges. 5 to 6 per cent.
HOLTON, SEELYE & MOONEY, 204 Dearborn-st.

LOANS AT 5 AND 6 PER CENT ON VACANT and improved. MADLUNG, BIDMANN & McCORTNEY, 1 Chamber of Commerce Building.

WANTED—$500 TO $2,000 FOR LOANS ON 2D mtges and good vacant. S 449, Tribune.

OWNERS OF MONEY, WE HAVE GOOD APplications waiting. See us. S 124, Tribune office.

FINANCIAL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. TEL. HARRISON 597.
LOUIS WEBER & CO.,
241-243 LA SALLE-ST.,
113-115 E. HARRISON-ST.

—MONEY ON YOUR NOTE—
WE MAKE LOANS TO
Any one holding a salaried position on their personal note, without indorser, signer, or collateral, at just one-half the rate of interest usually asked by loan companies. We claim to be the largest and most legitimate concern in this line of business.

IF YOU ARE A SALARIED EMPLOYE HOLDing a permanent position we will loan you $25 upward to $500 on your own name, without mortgage, indorser, or security of any kind, at about one-half the rate usually charged.
THE LINCOLN CREDIT CO.,
145 La Salle-st., Suite 409.

IF YOU ARE A DESERVING SALARIED PERson and want money, do not go to a loan office or pawnbroker's, but come to us. We are particularly pleased to deal with a responsible professional man, or private party, who will give you better terms, more generous treatment, and allow you to pay when you are able; confidential. Address G K 46, Tribune office.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED.
Loans at 6 per cent per annum. Give age and loan values than companies.
RICHARD HERRICK, 171 La Salle-st., R. 813.

$20 UPWARD LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE without security; everything strictly private; no publicity; lowest rates; easy payments.
Office hours, 218 LA SALLE-ST. SUITE 906.
Open until 7 p. m. Telephone Main 4564.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED; LOANS ON same 6% interest; endowment, tontine, and distributed policies discounted at 6%; real estate loans. 6% int. JOHN V. FOX, 108 Dearborn-st.

LOANS TO HIGH-CLASS SALARIED PEOPLE only, no indorser or mortgage required. BEST TERMS.
GEO. C. BREWER & CO., 84 Adams-st., OPPOSITE THE FAIR.

LOANS MADE ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, jewelry, seal skins, etc., 3 per cent this month.
ROOM 75 HARTFORD BUILDING, 140 DEARBORN-ST., CORNER OF MADISON.

LOANS TO SALARIED PEOPLE—
Low rates. No publicity.
Security. Easy payments.
NO COLLATERALS. 1424 Unity Bldg.

NOTICE—I WILL LOAN ALL HONEST WORKing people on furniture, papers free, and all the time you keep your money. Call and see me.
R. KUHARDSON, 142 La Salle-st., Otis Block.

SALARY LOANS.
DON'T GO TO PUBLIC LOAN OFFICE
Come to PRIVATE INDIVIDUAL.
Payments to suit.
LOANS 219, 145 La Salle, or call on Madison.

WE ARE LOANING MONEY TO HONEST SALaried people without security; reasonable rates; everything entirely confidential. American Credit Co., 502 84 La Salle-st.

SALARIED PEOPLE—MONEY LOANED ON your salary; payments at lowest rates; strictly confidential. O 100 Washington-st., Room 901.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE AND mercantile firms without security; special indorsements. TOLMAN, 1622 Masonic Temple.

BANK OF CHICAGO, 225 DEARBORN-ST.—A general banking business; 4 per cent on time deposits; no charge on deposit accounts.

MISS FRANCES ADDON, 142 LA SALLE-ST., ROOM 2—Private loans to school teachers only.

LOANS TO HONEST SALARIED PEOPLE AT 1/2 the usual rate. R. 16, 86 Washington-st.

SALARY LOANS WITHOUT SECURITY; PRIvate individual; easy payments. G A 72, Tribune.

LAWYERS.

LAWYER GIVES FREE CONSULTATION; costs advanced; prompt and confidential service; banking for total cost $40. R. 820, 123 La Salle.

BANKRUPTCY SUITS, FEE $25; ADVICE free. established 1884; confidential, quiet service. GOODRICH, 124 Dearborn-st.

BOATS AND YACHTS.

BOATS FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN AT 178 WAbash-av.; a fine lot of rowing and sailing, cat rigs and canoes; made by M. Cuson.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

MONEY TODAY. MONEY TODAY.

DO YOU WANT MONEY? IF SO CALL ON ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER. 100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901. Between Clark and Dearborn-sts.

You can borrow any amount you want on EASY TERMS. AT LOWEST RATES ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, ETC., WITHOUT REMOVAL.

ALSO TO SALARIED PEOPLE WITHOUT MORTGAGE.

Payments arranged to suit convenience of borrower; partial payments can be made at any time, reducing interest accordingly.
No charges taken out in advance. You get the full amount of the loan in cash.
You can deal with me quickly, privately, satisfactorily, and confidentially.
It will be to your advantage to call at my office before borrowing elsewhere.

ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER. 100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901. TELEPHONE CENTRAL 2721.

CHICAGO SECURITY AND CREDIT CO., FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDG., 164 Dearborn-st., Fifth Floor, Corner Monroe st.

Loans in any amount, large or small, on household goods, horses, wagons, warehouse receipts, etc., at lowest rates.
Responsible people desiring loans on securities mentioned will find that we can promptly serve them in a business-like way without notoriety or publicity.
Full information as to rates, terms, etc., cheerfully given upon application, or write and we will call.

Advances to RESPONSIBLE SALARIED people without mortgage.

CHICAGO SECURITY AND CREDIT CO., 512 First National Bank Bldg., 164 Dearborn-st.

LIBERAL ADVANCES, WITHOUT DELAY, ON
FURNITURE,
PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS,
CARRIAGES, ETC.
OR ON PERSONAL PROPERTY OF ANY KIND, WITHOUT REMOVAL.
LOWEST AND MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
FAIR AND HONORABLE TREATMENT.
AT THE OFFICES OF
FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
134 MONROE-ST., FIFTH FLOOR.
CORNER CLARK.

201 W. 63D-ST., COR. WENTWORTH-AV., ENGLEWOOD.

BEFORE BORROWING, CALL AND SEE US AND YOU WILL FIND IT GREATLY TO YOUR ADVANTAGE.

ENGLEWOOD OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

WE WILL LOAN YOU ANY AMOUNT OF MONEY ON HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS OR ANY VALUABLE SECURITY. THE PROPERTY TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED IN YOUR POSSESSION; YOU CAN GET THE MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION AND WITH NO PUBLICITY; LOANS CAN BE PAID BACK IN SMALL INSTALLMENTS THAT SUIT THE BORROWER, AND EACH PAYMENT SO MADE WILL LESSEN THE COST OF THE LOAN. PLEASE REMEMBER WE MAKE NO INQUIRIES OF YOUR NEIGHBOR OR EMPLOYER.
MAIN OFFICE
OF THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.
115 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 208 AND 210.
WEST SIDE BRANCH OFFICE, 161 W. MADISON-ST., HAYMARKET THEATER BUILDING, ROOM 2.

RELIANCE LOAN CO.,
100 Washington-st., Room 504.
Title and Trust Building.

SOUTH SIDE OFFICE—
110 W. 47th-st., corner State-st.

WEST SIDE OFFICE—
167 W. Madison-st., Room 2, corner Ogden-av.
Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons. Property left in your own possession. Our South and West side offices are open evenings until 9 o'clock to accommodate people living on South and West Sides. Lowest rates in city.

MONEY LOANED PRIVATELY ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WITHOUT REMOVAL, AT LOWEST RATES.
IF YOU WANT MONEY AND A FRIEND, TOO, CALL ON US. LIVE AND LET LIVE IS MY MOTTO. TIME AND PAYMENT, TO SUIT BORROWER.
A. H. WILLIAMS
69 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 28.

LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.—IN sums of $25 to $500 at lowest rates. You have money for the INTEREST only, allowing the goods to remain in your possession. NO INquiry made among your neighbors; your affairs strictly CONFIDENTIAL. No delay on formalities. Payments can be made at any time to suit yourself. A. FRENCH, 123 La Salle-st., Room 3.

SOUTH SIDE LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, etc. I am a private party, loaning my own money, at low rates; loans paid up at any time; every thing confidential. Office open evenings.
ALFRED W. HOPKINS, 525-30 W. 63d-st.

WE LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD GOODS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, PIANOS, and other collaterals, at
3% 3% 3% 3% 3%
SUITE 309, 134 MONROE-ST., COR. CLARK.

CHEAPEST RATE IN CITY—
LOANS ON HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS, FARMS.
HOPKINS,
167 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 304.
BRANCH OFFICE, 555 LINCOLN-AV.

LOANS MADE UPON FURNITURE, PIANOS, horses, wagons, etc., also to salaried people on plain note; our motto is low rates, courteous treatment, and strictest privacy to all; payments arranged to suit your convenience. Model Loan Co., 308 Inter Ocean Bldg., 130 Dearborn-st.

THE RAILWAY EMPLOYES' SUPPLY CO., R. 501, 95 Dearborn-st., Loans to salaried people; also household supplies furnished on time and easy payments at cash prices.

LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, LIFE POLicies, salaried loans, and other securities, and by low rates and easy payments. If in your interest see us before making a lo

NEWS OF THE RAILWAYS.

WORKING ON A PLAN FOR DIVISION OF TRAFFIC.

Special Committee Appointed by the Presidents to Report in This City on June 19—Officials Say the Proposed Arrangement Cannot Be Called a Pool—Statements of Earnings Show Gains Over 1899 and 1898—B. and O.'s Showing—Transportation Notes.

Efforts to bring about the formation of freight and passenger pools by the Western roads have not yet been abandoned. The special committee appointed by the Presidents' meeting in New York last week is working assiduously on the proposition of a plan providing for a division of traffic which will not meet with the objections made to the report submitted to the New York meeting. The new committee will report to a meeting of Presidents and executive officers to be held in this city on June 19.

The report submitted to the New York meeting, it is understood, recommended the formation of a money pool similar to the one in effect for the last year on flour from St. Paul and Minneapolis to the Atlantic seaboard. This pool went to pieces about a month ago.

No further attempt will be made, it is said, to form a money pool until one can be organized legally. The plan to be submitted by the new special committee will provide for a division of traffic. Railroad officials claim such an arrangement cannot be called a pool and that it would not constitute a violation of the interstate commerce law, as that law prohibits the maintenance of money pools only.

Many railroads have reported for May, and total earnings of all the United States roads included are $45,451,795, a gain of 9.5 per cent over last year and 10 per cent over 1898. Roads reporting embrace 90,000 miles—nearly one-half of the total mileage in the country—and many leading systems. Traffic last year was remarkably heavy, and the increase in earnings this year reflects greater improvement.

Earnings of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad system for May and for the eleven months ended May 31 were as follows:

	1900.	1899.	Increase.
Net	$ 1,004,506	$ 410,714	$ 593,792
For 11 months—			
Net	11,279,516	6,065,494	5,214,022
Baltimore and Ohio S. W. for May—			
Net	134,258	*154,595	*20,336
For 11 months—			
Net	1,981,810	1,716,272	265,538
Total system for May—			
Net	1,158,764	565,308	573,456
For 11 months—			
Net	18,261,326	7,781,736	5,479,590

*Decrease.

Earnings of the Chicago Great Western for the first week of June were $122,356, an increase of $5,190. Chicago and Eastern Illinois earnings for the first week of June were $36,800, an increase of $355. Milwaukee and St. Paul earnings for the first week of June were $709,746, a decrease of $49,225.

INSURANCE AFFAIRS.

The Erie Fire Insurance company of Buffalo has withdrawn from Kentucky and Missouri, and is understood to be contemplating reinsuring its business, amounting to $300,000 annually in eleven States, in the near future. Heavy losses are given as the reason for the change in business methods. The net surplus in 1896 amounted to $322,260, and in 1899 to $154,450. The company was organized in 1874 as a mutual, but in 1893 was placed on a stock basis with a capital of $200,000. Joseph M. Kartz is President and J. C. Bertrand is Secretary. The Chicago agents of the company are H. J. Strait & Co.

The Metropolitan Accident company of Chicago is arranging to absorb the Northwestern Benevolent Association of Duluth, Minn., a fraternal society of 12,000 members carrying on health insurance on the assessment plan. A meeting of the members of the association will be held in Duluth on Thursday to ratify the plan of amalgamation. The Metropolitan will make no change in the rates, benefits, or policies of the Northwestern members and will give them the advantages of becoming part of a company with a capital and surplus of $200,000.

The Committee of Twenty-seven of the National Board of Fire Underwriters has issued a call for a general meeting of fire insurance companies, to be held in the rooms of the New York Board of Fire Underwriters on June 21. The subjects embraced in the report styled the "agreement of 1900" are as follows: States, commissions, brokerages, large cities, general and special agencies, agents and their restrictions, observance of tariff rates, schedule policies, reinsurance, and credits.

Minnesota insurance brokers are required to pay an annual license of $10, but a number are reported as having failed to do so. State Insurance Commissioner O'Shaughnessy has issued a warning to delinquents that they are liable to fines ranging from $25 to $500.

Delavan, Wis., June 12.—[Special.]—The Illinois State Board of Underwriters met today at Highland Park, Delavan Lake, for its annual business meeting. The first session was held this forenoon, the principal features being the address by the President, R. N. Jessup of Fairfield, who reviewed the work of the board for the preceding year and recommended that the question of monthly meetings be brought up for discussion; also the address by the Secretary and Treasurer, C. P. Persch of Chicago, who gave a financial report of the organization.

A leading feature of the afternoon session was an address by Franklin H. Wentworth of Chicago. The speaker scored the trusts and monopolies roundly, showing the evil effects of the present monopolistic tendencies of capital upon the insurance business, showing that the insurance business was not monopolistic, but competitive. He was decidedly pessimistic regarding the present prosperity. Tomorrow morning the question of reorganization of the board will be taken up. Among prominent Chicago underwriters present are J. H. Lanehan, Western manager of the Phoenix of Brooklyn; John Marshall, manager of the Fireman's Fund; John P. Hubbell, manager of the Greenwich; Howard Gray, manager of the Hanover, also Thomas E. Gallagher of Cincinnati, manager of the Ætna, and R. D. Morgan of Columbus, O., manager of the farm department of the Home. The meeting closes tomorrow.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Superior and Circuit Court Judgments.

Judge Kavanagh—198459—Joseph Touchen vs. City of Chicago; on findg., $350.

Judge Smith—[illegible]—James Kinnare vs. Alfred Mohr and John Mohr & Sons; on findg., $50; satisfied.

Judge Neely—196030—Edward T. Mason et al. vs. Lawson A. and Allie M. Bilbert and Lucy L. Kaiser; by defl., $741.

Decrees.

Judge Stein—9532—Moses vs. Moses; dec.—3164—Veser vs. Mueller; def. dec.—3326—Oak Park B. and L. A. vs. Roth; dec. sale.

Judge Chetlain—30617—Burke vs. Burke; dec. div.—4405—Aristell vs. Borda; dec.—4781—Merrill vs. Merrill; dec. div.—4509—Aldrich vs. Aldrich; dec. div.—4520—Anderson vs. Anderson; dec. div.—4708—Ashley vs. Ashley; dec. div.—4531—Secretary of Society of Equity; dec. div.—4619—McDowell vs. McDowell; dec. div.—4329—Herkner vs. Herkner; dec. div.—304864—Kaufman vs. Dooly; dec. sale.

Judge Bishop—10718—Baumgardt vs. Baumgardt; dec. div.

Judge Tuthill—3123—Beebe vs. Gorman; dec. sale.—3124—Clark vs. Gorman; dec. sale.—3183—Gale vs. Gorman; dec. sale.—3185—Chandler vs. Gorman; dec. sale.

Judge Clifford—12047—Bresee vs. Jennings; dec. sale.

Judge Dunne—12224—Middaugh vs. Middaugh; dec.—12163—Scott vs. Scott; dec.—11465—Am. Trading Co. vs. Raymond; dec.—11579—Albany P. W. P. Co. vs. Barnett; dec.—11725—Pike vs. Raymond; dec. div.

Judge Haney—3349—O'Brien vs. O'Brien; dec. div.—12345—Douglas vs. Leonard; dec.—7696—Chandler vs. Gribler; dec. sale.

Judge Gibbons—12139—Cornell vs. Cornell; dec. div.—12362—Dearborn vs. Dearborn; dec. div.—12336—Abraham vs. Graham; dec. div.—12100—May vs. Johnson; dec. sale.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

3827—W. F. Kirkman; liabilities, $19,300; no assets; Wolf, Rose & Kirkman, attorneys.

3828—Abraham Weinberger; liabilities, $1,000; no assets; Benjamin Levering, attorney.

3829—Bernard C. Lannen; liabilities, $1,800; no assets; Cannon & Poage, attorneys.

3830—Robert Walker; liabilities, $300; no assets; Allen & Blake, attorneys.

3831—Earl H. Davenport; liabilities, $170; no assets; Clark & Clark, attorneys.

Court Calls for Today.

Judge Gibbons—No court.

Judge Kavanagh—Trial call, 10525, 10604, 2315, 3459, 583, 3860, 3348 on trial.

Judge Tuley—Law trial call, 6906, 6802, 6440, 6478, 6027, 6066, 6065, 5704, 6825, 6836, 6869, 6880, 6901, 6890 on trial.

Judge Haney—2763 on trial.

Judge Chetlain—Trial call, 10557, 2597, 535, 3661 on hearing.

Judge Prendergast—Trial call, 8021, 192822, 1701, 4642, 2301, 2080, 2181, 640, 4550, 4810, 8801, 4751, 10482, 4588, 4583, 4605, 4910, 4911, 4914, 4919, 4920, 4921, 4922, 4923, 4926, 5405, 1694 on trial.

Judge Clifford—Trial call, 10209, 10243, 10297, 10307, 10423, 10462, 10485, 10606, 10625, 10677, 10774, 6807, 3866 on trial.

Judge Kersten—Trial call, 22295, 8408, 10349, 16383, 16411, 16607, 16622, 6540, 16597, 16628, 16670, 16697, 16706, 16830, 16876, 16909, 16907, 17010, 17042, 17119.

Judge Smith—Chancery trial call, 9611, 11260, 11269.

Judge Holdom—Trial call, 5143, 6747, 7057, 7065, 7066, 7067, 3116, 3147, 3421, 1765, 1894, 7295, 7474, 7475, 7476, 7477, 7478, 6831, 3866 on trial.

Judge Tuthill—Juvenile Court.

Judge Chetlain—Trial call, 5003, 5404, 2270, 4635, 4636, 4637, 4638, 4639, 4640, 4643, 4962, 4963, 5080, 5084, 5085 on trial.

Judge Prendergast—Trial call, 192920, 12280, 9749, 9750, 9751, 5070.

Judge Baker—Trial call, 4406, 24, 3474, 2360, 2361.

Judge Wheeler—Probate Court—10 a. m.—Motions, 10:30 a. m.—Estate of Hiram Oswald; estate of Louisa A. Podgett; estate of Doctor S. Place; estate of Richard Prendergast; estate of Fred W. Reed; estate of Caroline Rubo; estate of Geo. A. Springer; estate of Charles Smole; estate of Annie Thiele; estate of Calvin D. Toner; estate of James Tucker; estate of Ruben Ludlam. At 2:15 p. m.—Estate of Nathaniel L. Young; estate of Laura Cories; estate of Louis B. Stangher, estate of Martin Ryan.

Judge Burke—Chancery trial call 6503, 10844, 11508, 17622. On hearing, 166004.

Judge Ball—Criminal Court, Branch No. 2—Quasi-criminal calendar.

Judge Waterman—Criminal Court, Branch No. 3—Motions.

Judge Hutchinson—Criminal Court, Branch No. 4—3729, 3742, 3763, 3760, 3808, 3807, 3806, 3729.

Judge Baker—Criminal Court, Branch No. 6—3735, 3747, 3765, 3780, 3796, 3819, 3878, 3879, 3880.

Judge Brentano—Criminal Court, Branch No. 8—960 on trial.

Judges Woods, Grosscup, and Bunn—United States Circuit Court of Appeals—873.

Judge Kohlsaat—United States Circuit Court—282 on trial. 24941, 24727, 23863.

Judge Carter—City Special Assessment Calendar No. 7—First 20 cases. Legal objections only, 23000.

Judge Bishop—No announcement.

Appellate Court, Third District.

Springfield, Ill., June 12.—[Special.]—Proceedings in the Appellant Court, Third District, May term, today, were as follows:

Fenwell vs. McGavic; reversed and remanded pro forma under rule 28.

Sharon vs. Sharon; continued to November term.

Gillespie et al. vs. Green County Savings and Loan Association; continued to November term.

Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad vs. Hazelwood; motion by appellee for leave to file additional briefs instanter allowed.

People, ex rel. vs. Lanham, executor, etc.; motion by appellant for leave to file reply briefs as of June 2 allowed.

Boudinot vs. Winter, administrator; motion by appellee for an allowance of damages taken with the case.

Taken on call—3, 38, 71, 85, 86, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96.

Court adjourned until 9 a. m., Friday, June 15.

CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.

"The Silk Store," 111 to 115 State Street.

Derby Millinery Opening

June 13th and 14th,

Today and Tomorrow.

Grand showing of the swellest Millinery styles by the most noted foreign and American designers brought out especially for that fashionable event—the Derby.

Stevens' styles in all their superior elegance. Paris hats from the celebrated milliners and the choicest of the New York creations displayed here in the most beautiful effects. A grand collection, including the choicest styles that have just been brought out in Paris and London.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

A Very SPECIAL Offering of

Kimono at $6.90

Made of Crepe Mollet, half wool and half silk, printed in beautiful designs and colorings. Kimonos edged with wide band of Habutai Silk, delightfully blended.

Details are as follows:

8¾ yds. Crepe Mollet at 75c yard	$6.56
2 yds. Habutai at 65c yard	1.30
Total, findings and making omitted	$7.86

We offer these (made in our own workrooms) at the remarkable price of $6.90.

Of course there was a heavy loss taken by the man who had the cloth.

Aprons and Caps

For MISTRESS & MAID.

Our June sale brings an exceptionally large stock and special, very low prices. Thousands of dainty things to choose from—all specially priced.

White Lawn Aprons, in 14 different pretty styles, at, each— 25c

White Lawn Aprons, plain and embroidery trimmed, medium and extra width, 30c to $10.50.

White Lawn Aprons, bibbed and shoulder bretelles, 50c, 65c, 75c, 80c to $10.50.

Small Aprons, with bib and shoulder straps, 90c, $1.00 to $3.35.

Women's Sewing and Work Aprons, large pocket, 85c to $1.00.

Women's Aprons, small, medium and large size, 40c and up.

Gingham Aprons, 25c, 30c and 45c; with bibs, in light and dark colors, 45c to $1.45; high neck and long sleeves 90c.

Half Sleeves of white lawn and black sateen, 25c and 30c.

Maid and Waitresses' Caps, 5c, 8c, 12c to 65c.

Lawn Bow Caps, 9c, 12c, 15c to 85c.

Nurses' Caps, 20c, 35c to 65c.

Dusting Caps, white and colors, 25c.

Night Caps, 45c, 50c and $1.75.

Breakfast and Dress Caps and Caps for elderly women, a very large assortment at moderate prices.

Special sizes of Aprons made to order

Sale of Women's $1.00 Gowns.

12 excellent styles in Women's Cambric and Muslin Gowns—well-made, daintily trimmed, liberally proportioned and desirable in every way. This is our annual offering of the best values our great purchasing power can secure to sell for $1.00.

Dainty White Skirts.

We have never sold so many as this season—probably because of the remarkable goodness and variety of our styles.

Umbrella Skirts, ruffle with tucks and embroidered edge, $1.25.

Cambric Skirts, umbrella style, with hemstitched tucks and ruffle of embroidery, $1.75.

Cambric Umbrella Skirts, with two rows of Torchon insertion and edge, dust ruffle, $1.95.

"A Perfect Food"

"Preserves Health"

"Prolongs Life"

BAKER'S BREAKFAST COCOA

"Known the world over. . . . Received the highest indorsements from the medical practitioner, the nurse, and the intelligent housekeeper and caterer."—*Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette.*

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.

Trade-Mark on Every Package

DORCHESTER, MASS.

Established 1780.

5.50

Reduced from $9.00

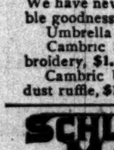
HANDSOME ROCKERS.

This library or parlor piece is rich in its simplicity—no cheap ornamentation spoils the beauty of its ornate lines nor poor workmanship mars its construction. It is finished in beautiful golden oak, polished by hand, and the seat is in saddle shape. Also with this surplus stock we secured the 50 odd sample rockers in various finishes—will be sold at 33⅓ per cent reduction.

REVELL & CO.

ADAMS-ST. & WABASH-AV.

SCHLESINGER & MAYER



Ladies' new gauze drawers with lawn or embroidery ruffles, are models of comfort.

"The Arnold"

Cool, Light, Elastic and Absorbent, they seem to be what every woman has been looking for these perspiring days. Price 60 cents and upward.

HAIR

DRESSING, Manicuring, Chiropody, Facial Massage, Electrolysis, Ladies' Turkish Baths. West Side Training School.

E. BURNHAM, 71& 73 State

PROPOSALS FOR MILITARY SUPPLIES.—Office Chief Quartermaster's Office, Chicago, Ill., June 9, 1900.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this office until 10 o'clock a. m., June 19, 1900, for furnishing and delivering cots and extra covers and end sticks for cots at the Depot of the Quartermaster's Department at Chicago, Ill., and legging and shoe laces at the Depots of the Quartermaster's Department at either Chicago, Boston, or Philadelphia. All articles must conform to standard samples and specifications. Government reserves right to reject or accept any of all proposals or any part thereof. Preference given to articles of domestic production or manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including in the price of foreign productions and manufactures the duty thereon) being equal. Blanks for proposals and particulars will be furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed, "Proposals for Military Supplies," and addressed to COLONEL J. G. C. LEE, Chief Quartermaster.

BISHOP HATS.

Never surpassed, seldom equaled. $3.00 and $4.00.

A. BISHOP & CO., 136 State-st.

Furs stored and insured against fire and moths at a nominal cost.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

Furs repaired and remodeled during the summer months at a saving of 25%.

Dr. Jaeger's sanitary underwear: Recommended the world over by all celebrated physicians; absorbs the perspiration, prevents physical ills, and promotes health.

Great sale makers' sample shoes.

A sale surpassing in bargain importance any similar sale that has ever taken place in Chicago—an occasion when you buy makers' genuine samples at actually less than half the cost of production—shoes that are slightly soiled from handling and being carried around in sample trunks. Now at a fraction real value. **Sale takes place in basement.**

Makers' sample oxfords 95c

Makers' sample shoes 1.45

95c for makers' sample shoes, black vici kid and tan Oxfords, with kid and patent leather tips and flexible soles—stylish, serviceable hot weather footwear at a popular price.

1.45 for makers' sample shoes and Oxfords high-grade footwear—black and tans—button and lace—vesting tops and all leather—for street and dress wear—made on the popular lasts of the day.

1.95 for makers' sample shoes and other equally high-class summer footwear—vici and willow calf—in black and tans—button and lace; also bicycle boots with light and heavy soles—newest and best shapes—stylish and dependable.

Tailor-made suits: unlined skirts.

10.00 for silk lined tailor-made suits.

Peremptory clearing sale—all the odd lots and broken sizes marked down unmindful of the cost or former selling price. The always watched and waited for sensational June clearing sale, when every suit without reserve is priced for quick selling.

Every garment is of the very latest style — swell collarless Etons, unlined suits and suits with new inverted plaited backs and fronts.

$10 for $18 suits. $20 for $35 suits.

$15 for $22 suits. $25 for $45 suits.

Sale unlined skirts 4.75.

Unlined skirts — made of fine brilliantine with plaits in front and inverted plaited back—colors blue and black, good value at 4.75

Unlined skirts—black and gray cheviot unlined skirts—light and cool for hot weather wear—extremely stylish—special value for today—just the thing to wear with shirt waists— 6.75

Unlined black taffeta skirts—handsomely made, with the new inverted back—fan-flaring flounce—trimmed with five rows of ruching—one of the most popular and stylish skirts introduced this season—at $10

White and colored shirt waists, 50c.

White lawn shirt waists—daintily trimmed with fine embroidery, tucks, and hemstitching—plain or tucked French back—regular shirt waist cuffs—white linen collar—a popular, exclusive Mandel creation—equal to custom-made shirt waists— 1.00

Percale, madras and lawn shirt waists—exclusive novelties in handsome blues, reds, navies, pinks, lavenders and fancy combinations—French backs—tucked backs—embroidery trimmed fronts—pique stock collars—with ties to match—pretty figures and stripes, 1.95

White lawn shirt waists trimmed with rows of insertion and lace—dress sleeves—French tucked back—very fine quality—neatly made—extra good values at 1.25

Madras and percale shirt waists in handsome stripes and figures, dainty, pretty blues, pinks, lavenders, oxbloods and all the newest patterns and colors—well made waists— 50c

White lawn shirt waists—front and back elaborately trimmed with rows of embroidery insertion and tucks—latest style French back—also allover embroidered white waists, dress sleeves, 25 styles— 1.75

Basement: White lawn waists—dainty white lawn shirt waists down front—French backs—pretty stripes—none made to sell for less than $1.00 and $1.50—at 50c

THOMSON'S "Glove-Fitting" CORSETS

require no "breaking in." The seams fit so accurately over the lines of the body that you do not realize you have changed the old corset for the new.

Turn them over and see how they're made.

All seams run around the body.

This picture shows Our Ventilating Corset

(Trade Mark registered), made of imported netting, stripped with coutil, and trimmed with lace and baby ribbon. $1.00 a pair at all dealers. Light as a feather, yet strong as the strongest. Handsome illustrated catalogue mailed free.

GEO. C. BATCHELLER & CO., 345 Broadway, N.Y.

It's Not So Warm

At least it does not seem so when there is

HIRES Rootbeer

on hand. It keeps your blood cool and your temper even. A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons. Write for list of premiums offered free for labels.

CHARLES E. HIRES CO., Malvern, Pa.

AT 178 WABASH-AV.

This morning at 10 o'clock opening sale

Nice Lot Household Goods, 150 Carpets and Rugs,

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, ETC.

WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO., 178 WABASH-AV.

THE TRIBUNE PRINTS ALL THE NEWS.

Burlington Route

SPECIAL TOURIST TICKETS

Will be sold on frequent dates during the summer at these rates:

To DENVER	- - - - - -	and Return,	$31.50
" COLORADO SPRINGS		" "	31.50
" PUEBLO	- - - - - -	" "	31.50
" GLENWOOD SPRINGS		" "	43.50
" SALT LAKE CITY	- -	" "	44.50
" DEADWOOD	- - - - -	" "	33.85

Also to many other tourist points. Ask for circular giving particulars, and for our beautiful 72-page book "Colorado."

Ticket Office, 211 Clark Street. Telephone, Main 3831.

WESTERN SALVAGE WRECKING AGENCY

SAMUEL GANS, Manager.

Tomorrow at 10 a. m.

We will sell at

PUBLIC AUCTION

for account Fire Underwriters, at our Salesrooms, 207 and 209 Madison-st., The entire salvage of the Chicago-Rockford Hosiery Co., KENOSHA, WIS., consisting of

$150,000 Worth of Hosiery,

in original packages. This stock is in excellent condition and is the largest sale of its kind ever held in the West, and should interest the entire trade.

NOW ON EXHIBITION.

SAMUEL GANS, Manager.

CHICAGO, ILL., JUNE 12, 1900.—SEALED proposals, in triplicate, will be received here and at offices of quartermasters at posts named, until 11 a. m., central time, July 12, 1900, for furnishing oats, corn, and bran during fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, at Forts Brady and Wayne, Mich.; Columbus Barracks, O.; Fort Sheridan and Chicago, Ill., and Fort Thomas, Ky. Proposals for other points will be entertained. U. S. reserves right to reject or accept any or all proposals or any part thereof. Blank proposals and particulars furnished on application here, or to quartermasters of posts named. Envelopes containing proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Oats, Corn, and Bran," addressed to undersigned, or quartermasters of posts named.

J. G. C. LEE, Chief Quartermaster.

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The high standard of quality achieved in the brewing of

BLATZ BEERS

☆THE STAR MILWAUKEE☆

accounts for the high favor in which *these brands are held.*

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE (Non-intoxicant)

Invaluable Summer Tonic. All Druggists.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE, CHICAGO BRANCH, CORNER UNION AND ERIE STS.

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